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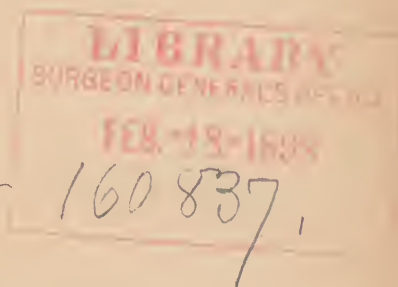
A
MATERIA MEDICA

OF
DIFFERENTIAL POTENCY,

BY
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RAHWAY, N. J.

CONTENTS.

INTRODUCTORY,	11
ACONITUM,	21
ÆTHUSA,	24
AMMONIUM CARBONICUM,	25
AMMONIUM MURIATICUM,	27
ANTIMONIUM CRUDUM,	29
ANTIMONIUM TARTARICUM,	32
APIS MELLIFICA,	34
ARGENTUM NITRICUM,	38
ARNICA MONTANA,	40
ARSENICUM ALBUM,	44
ARUM TRYPHILLUM,	49
AURUM METALLICUM,	50
BAPTISIA TINCTORIA,	51
BARYTA CARBONICA,	52
BELLADONNA,	55
BORAX,	65
BROMIUM,	66
BRYONIA ALBA,	68
CACTUS GRANDIFLORUS,	72
CALCAREA CARBONICA,	74
CAMPHORA,	79
CANNABIS SATIVA,	81
CANTHARIS,	82
CAPSICUM ANNUUM,	85
CARBO VEGETABILIS,	86
CAULOPHYLLUM,	89
CAUSTICUM,	90
CHAMOMILLA,	93
CINCHONA,	97
CIMICIFUGA,	101
CINA,	103
COCCULUS INDICA,	105

COFFEA CRUDA,	108
COLCHICUM AUTUMNALE,	109
COLOCYNTHIS,	111
CONIUM MACULATUM,	113
CREASOTUM,	117
CROCUS SATIVA,	119
CUPRUM,	121
DIGITALIS,	122
DULCAMARA,	126
FERRUM,	128
GELSEMIUM,	130
GRAPHITES,	133
HELLEBORUS,	136
HEPAR SULPHUR CALCAREUM,	138
HYOSCYAMUS,	141
IGNATIA AMARA,	144
IODIUM,	148
IPECACUANHA,	151
KALI BICHROMICUM,	153
KALI CARBONICUM,	157
LOBELIA INFLATA,	160
LYCOPodium,	161
MERCURIUS VIVUS,	165
NATRUM MURIATICUM,	170
NUX VOMICA,	174
OPIUM,	179
PHOSPHORUS,	182
PHYTOLACCA DECANDRIA,	186
PODOPHYLLUM,	188
PULSATILLA,	190
RHUS TOXICODENDRON,	194
RUTA GRAVELENS;	198
SABINA,	200
SANGUINARIA CANADENSIS,	201
SECALE CORNUTUM,	204
STRAMONIUM,	207
VERATRUM ALBUM,	210
VERATRUM VIRIDE,	213

PREFACE.

The Materia Medica of Differential Potency is the outcome of a study of the action of the various remedies of the Homœopathic Materia Medica made for the purpose of determining the existence of a law or guide for the selection *à priori* of the attenuation which would secure such mode of remedial action of the drug as was desired. The conclusion arrived at, with the indications for the potency based upon such law as given in the following pages, is offered as a contribution to the vexed question of the dose. As a step toward the settlement of that question, the writer desires the co-operation of the reader in verifying and correcting the indications here given by the results obtained by clinical test, and all such aid will be gratefully acknowledged.

Aside from the potential indexing, the writer has no claim of originality of matter or of style to make, the symptomatology of the different drugs being compiled from the various standard Materia Medicas, although the aim has been to present the characteristic and indicative symptoms of each drug as fully as was necessary to present a complete picture of its medicinal action. The drugs analyzed are those which followed naturally upon the line taken, and will be found to include all the more important of the homœopathic medicines, although the reader may miss here and there a favorite remedy.

575 Classon avenue, Brooklyn, Oct. 1, 1883.

A
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PART I.

INTRODUCTION.

A thorough comprehension of the action of the remedies comprising the materia medica is essential to the successful application of any therapeutic law. In view of this fact it is especially unfortunate that in the compilation of the homœopathic materia medica the natural grouping and sequence of the vital phenomena as observed in the provings of the drugs should have been ignored and an unscientific and arbitrary system adopted; so that instead of a picture or series of pictures, illustrative of the action of the remedy, we have only a disjointed array of symptoms, apparently set down at random, in which are lost their mutual relation and dependence, and which, conveying no definite impression to the mind, are exceedingly difficult to fix in the memory. Were the materia medica limited to a few remedies only, it would be possible with labor and infinite patience to rebuild from the disconnected fragments, by selection and rearrangement, a fair image of the action of the drug. That this is what we actually do with many of our more important remedies is apparent to every practitioner, but even under the most favorable circumstances the amount of knowledge so assimilated is infinitesimal in comparison with what remains unabsorbed; and when in a doubtful or difficult case we turn to the materia medica for help in seeking the

similinum, its defective arrangement is strikingly manifest. Nor is this all, for even when we have decided upon the appropriate remedy, the question of the dose, or of the potency best adapted to secure the medicinal effect desired, remains to be considered; for, it is obvious that the action of a drug will differ, and differ not only in force but in the character of the action as well, in accordance with the potency used.

The occasional failure of the plainly indicated remedy to effect a cure has doubtless at one time or another vexed the mind of almost every homœopathic physician, and caused a doubt as to the universal applicability of the homœopathic law of cure to arise. Including so much that is seemingly contradictory, and from the nature of the phenomena involved—the change of vital action induced by the presence of the drug—necessarily obscure, there is no other branch of medical science which presents so many difficulties to the student as the homœopathic materia medica. Accepting the apparent paradox which is encountered at the outset: on the one hand, that of the less being more powerful than the greater, and the dilution of an apparently inert substance in crude state, developing through trituration and dilution a force potent for the cure of disease: and on the other with a dual force inherent in matter which enables the one drug, given in one and the same dose, and under apparently similar circumstances to cure the most opposite and antagonistic conditions, there yet remains many difficulties of almost equal obscurity. Prominent among these is the rationalé of the action of the attenuated remedy—the why and wherefore of its curative action—the explanation usually given, that of a hypothetical reaction of the system to an irritation roused by the presence of the drug, and which has been formulated into the law, “That to every action there is an equal and opposite reaction,” being manifestly unequal to explain many of the phenomena observed; for, if the remedial action of a medicine lies in the reaction of the system instead of in the direct action of the drug, such reaction should be equal to the primary action and follow upon the administration of the crude drug equally with the third, sixth, or higher attenuation, and the lower the

potency the more efficacious it should be in inducing such reaction, while it is a well observed fact that with many remedies, the lower potencies are inert or nearly so, and that the degree to which potentization has been carried is an important factor in determining the result. Neither (upon the preceding hypothesis) could those substances which are inert or nearly so in the crude state, develop such powerful action in the attenuation. Nor is the action of aconite in the reduction of fever, and of inflammatory conditions, or of cinchona in giving tone to the system after debilitating losses, in accordance, but rather in direct contradiction, with such theory; and upon the same ground the action of *natrum muriaticum* in antagonizing the poisoning of malaria would argue a similarity between the action of salt and of malaria, which is absurd; neither would *natrum muriaticum* in the attenuation induce a reaction in the presence of the large amount of salt taken daily with the food.

A more rational explanation is that which concedes to the remedy, beside the chemical and mechanical force it holds in common with similar substances—its generic force—such as the narcotic-stimulant force which exists in common with belladonna, *hyoscyamus* and *stramonium*; and also an individual, intrinsic or specific force—the force, power or potency which gives to the substance its individuality and distinctiveness from any and all other forms of matter, and which differentiates belladonna from *hyoscyamus*, *stramonium* and all similar drugs. It is evident from the presence of these diverse forces in the drug that its action will vary, as the one or the other mode of force predominates, and that the result will vary in proportion to the quantity of the drug given, or in the words of Professor Roberts Bartholow “Qualitative results are largely influenced and determined by the quantity administered.” The general or generic action in large doses overshadowing and obscuring the specific or individual action of the remedy. Accepting this theory the objections heretofore made are obviated, and we can see that the attenuating of a drug can change the character of its action in proportion to such attenuation or setting free of its latent or intrinsic force, and that a substance inert or nearly so in its crude state may, by

the disintegration of its particles, become a potent remedy, powerful in proportion, within certain limits, to the degree to which such disintegration extends, and that we have in the lower or higher attenuations of medicine differing, and in some instances opposite, forces.*

From the presence of these diverse and apparently contradictory forces, and the results produced by their action, springs the "confusion worse confounded," which is found in the practical application of the homœopathic law to the curing of disease and the warfare waging among homœopathic physicians over the question as to what amount of the drug constitutes the most effectual dose. The silence of the materia medica upon this point, leaving it largely to the experience or habit of the physician as to the use of any particular attenuation and its application to certain symptoms, while the relation existing between the potency and the character of the effect produced, is fixed and unvarying. From the vagueness and uncertainty existing upon this point it follows that the drug picture framed in the mind of a physician using only the lower attenuation is incomplete and partial, lacking the action of the high potency, and it naturally follows that when he uses the higher attenuations for a condition for which he has been accustomed to use the low, the result is unsatisfactory, and he consequently doubts its efficacy; and this is equally true of those using the higher dilutions. Convinced of the efficacy of the high potencies only, their advocate pushes his attenuation into the misty realm of the hundred thousandths and invokes the aid of a dynamic spirit; and the defender of the low, believing his the only true faith, sinks to the crude drug with material dose, and bases his belief upon the working of a physiological force; the truth lying between the two extremes, and the high and the low

* Since the above was written, I have found the following observation in Hale's New Remedies, which I give as the expression of that distinguished author as bearing upon this point: "I believe all drugs capable of causing secondary symptoms have a similar *modus operandi* (that is, producing in a small dose the opposite effect to that caused by a large one.) And in no case is there such a thing as a simple reaction of the vital principle against the drug, but that primary and secondary action are both positive medicinal effects." (Therapeutics of the New Remedies, pp. 774.)

being equally effective in their proper sphere. So that one of the chief problems in homœopathic therapeutics to-day may be stated thus: What, in a given case of disease, are the indications for the potency? and to answer this, the various symptoms, primary, secondary, direct, reflex, pathogenetic and clinical, must be separated and classified, a work possible only at the cost of infinite labor and patience. As the distinction between the action of the potencies is apparently as well defined as the law of cure upon which the homœopathic system of medicine is based, the question of the dose may be partially at least removed from the arena of discussion, and becomes the subject of a distinctive law.

The following cases, duplicates of which might "the line stretch out to the crack of doom," are quoted as illustrative of the effect of the potency upon the cure of diseased conditions:

CASE I.—Mrs. E. F., age 22 years. Sanguine nervous temperament. Had feeling of prostration, with palpitation of the heart coming on after breakfast, during the first warm days of the spring. Under bromine³ the ailment was relieved to recur the following spring. Bromine³ had now no effect, nor had bryonia or various other remedies which were tried. As bromine seemed the indicated remedy, a change was made to a higher potency with immediate relief of the disease.

CASE II.—B. F., age 24 years. Nervous bilious temperament. After drinking a sherry cobbler (which probably contained some deleterious substance) in the afternoon, was taken about 3 A.M. with a suffocative attack, which was promptly relieved by kali carb., high attenuation. This relief was temporary only, however, and the attacks continued at uncertain intervals, sometimes occurring every night, sometimes not for several nights. As a matter of experiment some nights no medicine was taken, when the attack passed off in from two to three hours. On others, kali carb.³ was taken, when the attack continued as when no medicine was taken. When the higher attenuations were used, the attack was over in from fifteen to twenty minutes.

CASE III.—E. W. was taken with severe inflammation of

the tonsils and pharynx, with indications for mercurius. Mercurius in the higher attenuation was given, but the pain and inflammation continuing to grow worse, a change was made to the third potency, with almost immediate relief and rapid cure of the disease.

CASE IV.—L. W., age 5 years, while away from home, was seized with a convulsion. Her father, a layman of considerable knowledge of homœopathic medicine, gave her bell. and cham. No more convulsions occurred, but an irritation of the brain remaining, I saw her in the morning and gave bell. and gels. The symptoms, as then and afterwards shown, were crossness, irritability with slight heat about the head, and sleeplessness. During the day the child would be cross and peevish, wanting to be held or carried. As evening came on she would grow worse, worrying and crying until about 4 A.M., when she would sleep for an hour or two and then awake to repeat the action of the previous day. Various remedies were tried, including helleb., hyos., stram., cham., bell. and gels., from the mother tincture up. This condition continuing for a week without change, a consultation was had, and bell. and gels., in one-half minim doses of the fluid extract in water, decided upon. In about three hours from commencing these remedies the child dropped into a quiet sleep, sleeping all night, and awoke in the morning well, and so remained.

The question naturally arising in connection with the preceding cases, as to why the remedy should act in one potency and not in another, and why when thus failing to act it should require in some cases a change to a higher attenuation, in others to a lower, was a most perplexing one, until the study of the action and effects of cinchona as given in Pereira's Materia Medica, accidentally afforded a clue to the unraveling of the puzzle. Cinchona being there set down as curative of certain conditions, as, periodical and intermittent diseases, continued fever, inflammatory diseases of certain kinds, maladies characterized by atony and debility, *convalescence after fever, hæmorrhages, profuse suppuration, &c.*, the latter being a characteristic indication for its administration in the Homœopathic Materia Medica; and also as producing certain other

conditions, as gastro-enteric irritation, excitement of the vascular system, disorder of the cerebro-spinal function, of which it was also curative in the attenuation. Following the clue thus incidentally found, and in the light thrown upon the subject by a comparison of the various drugs and the description given by homœopathic and allopathic authors, the conclusion was drawn that the symptoms indicating a remedy might be grouped into two general classes. Those resulting from the action of the medicine, the pathogenetic symptoms, such as the thirst of *natrum muriaticum*, or the nausea and vomiting of *ipêcac*, which were curable by the vital or individual action of the remedy; and those which were clinical or empirical and curable by the drug action, as the fever symptoms of *aconite*, or the atonic symptoms of *china*. The action of *aconite* in the reduction of fever being the direct or drug action and not homœopathic, or in virtue of the law *similia similibus curantur*, a careful study of *aconite*, in the various recorded cases of poisoning, or of provings of that drug, failing to show the development of the inflammations or inflammatory fever for which *aconite* is specific; thus, Dr. Veith Meyer says, "Even in the post-mortem examinations of those poisoned by *aconite*, as far as now known, as well as in the experiments upon animals, no positive and decisive indications have been observed that any true inflammatory product has ever followed the administration of *aconite*." Pereira further says, "We observe no genuine traces of inflammation in the bodies of those who have fallen victims to this poison." Jahr also cites, "Fevers, inflammatory, and with local inflammation, violent dry heat, burning dryness of the skin, etc.;" the well known symptoms of *aconite* as clinical, not pathogenetic. Nor are the symptoms as given by Jahr as indicating *natrum muriaticum* in malarial diseases set down as pathogenetic, nor many of the characteristic indications of other remedies, and thus the list of symptoms in which the medicine is curative by virtue of its direct malarial action, and not in virtue of its secondary or homœopathic action, might be indefinitely extended.

A comparison of cases reported cured, with the attenuations used, were as far as accessible studied, to see how far such de-

duction would be sustained by the results obtained in practice. These being found in general to be corroborative of such a classification, were used as a basis for the distinction between the actions of a remedy; and by means of the data so obtained, the arrangement and indications for the potencies, as given in the following pages, were compiled. The basis being that the pathogenetic or drug symptoms are most readily relieved by the attenuated remedy, and the clinical or empirical by the lower attenuations or minimum dose of the drug. In virtue of the diverse action possessed by the remedy, the general indication is for the third potency, as capable of producing either the material or the vital action of the remedy, and when the effect desired is not secured, to go higher or lower, according to the indications given.

The criticism may be made against the existence of a law of potency as here indicated, that the symptoms set down as direct are often cured by the high potencies, and the indirect by the lower. This is unquestionably true, but an explanation of this may be found in the presence of sufficient of the drug force, even in the higher attenuations of a powerful remedy, when specifically indicated, to affect a susceptible organization, and in the secondary or specific action, which sometimes follows the administration of the crude drug. The effect of small but frequently repeated doses, in producing the physiological action of a medicine is recognized by many writers of the allopathic school, notably Ringer, Bartholow, Piffard and others; and many of their modern preparations are made in accordance with this view. Thus Dr. Rex, in writing of the effect of small but frequently repeated doses, says: "I can obtain, with a grain or less of calomel, with a grain or less of aloin, and with a grain or less of podophyllin, divided respectively into the tenth, twentieth or fortieth of a grain, all that I desire in most cases, and in a more satisfactory manner than in the usual form. I usually give two parvules of calomel ($\frac{1}{10}$ of a grain each) every hour, until six or seven doses are taken, and the result is the same as with ten grains, without the embarrassing effect. I give four or five parvules of aloin ($\frac{1}{20}$ of a grain each); the result is the same as four or five

cathartic pills; also with podophyllin ($\frac{1}{40}$ of a grain each), they will relieve habitual constipation and derangement of the liver and digestive organs, if given one, two or three times a day.

This is not homœopathy, it is true; but it is nevertheless confirmatory of the power of small but repeated doses of a drug to produce its physiological effect, and of which it is the privilege of the homœopathic physician to avail himself. If one-tenth of a grain of calomel, or one grain of the first decimal potency, one-twentieth of a grain of aloin, or $\frac{1}{2}$ a grain of the first decimal, and one-fortieth of a grain of podophyllin, or one-fourth of a grain of the first decimal attenuation when thus given on general principles, is capable of developing the drug effect, why should not the specifically indicated remedy develop the same action, even when given in the higher potency?

As presented in the following pages, the indexing of the symptoms according to their potential indications was commenced by the writer for guidance in the selection of the appropriate remedy (appropriate not only in its symptomatology but also in the attenuation) his intention being to analyze a few of the leading remedies with a view of testing the value of such a distinction by practical clinical experience. But as the work progressed, at the request of several friends in the profession with whom the subject was discussed, the scope was enlarged to include the larger number of the prominent remedies, and to classify them a little more definitely for purpose of publication. With this end in view each remedy has been carefully analyzed in the light thrown by different writers of all schools, and the indications given are the accumulated experience of many observers. Among the authors thus studied are Pereira, Wood, Ringer, Bartholow, Phillips, Hering, Hemple, Hale, Hughes, Ruddock, Lilienthal, Jahr, as well as many others of all shades of opinion. In the course of such investigation the various remedies studied were found to group themselves into four classes, consisting,

- I. Of those which are most effective in the lower potencies, and in which the indications for the higher attenuations are wanting, of which class camphor may stand as the type.

2. Those in which the higher attenuations are the most powerful and in which the lower are inert or nearly so; of which lycopodium may be taken as the representative.

3. Those in which, while the action of both the high and the low attenuation are on the same plane, the choice of the potency will be governed by the location and character of the disease, of which arsenicum may be regarded as the representative.

4. Those in which the action of the high and low dilutions are opposite, of which class cinchona is the type.

Upon the choice of the potency in the last two classes of remedies, the more importance depends, and upon these the greatest stress has been laid.

It is possible that many of the indications given will be found to conflict with the opinions and practice of many physicians, and that the objection may be urged that much that will be found herein is not homœopathic. This objection, if by homœopathic is meant the use of the remedy in the higher attenuation only, is undoubtedly true, but if we accept as within the scope of homœopathic practice the curing of disease by the minimum dose of the medicines which are curative by virtue of a direct and specific action upon the structure or tissue of the body affected by disease, then such objection is baseless. In either case the only aim of the writer has been to present the truth as it appears to him, and to show the silver as well as the golden side of the shield.

In placing the indication for the potency at the end of a symptom, or group of symptoms, stress has been placed upon the lower attenuation only, which is indicated by the *, leaving those in which the higher are more efficacious unmarked. Doubtless as our knowledge becomes more exact, not only the general character, but the particular potency of the symptom may be indicated. A slight modification of the grouping of the symptoms of the various remedies has been made, as it seemed more expedient to combine under a single heading the various symptoms relating to the same system or group of organs than to subdivide as to the particular locality or organ affected.

PART II.

ACONITUM.

The curative action of aconite in the lower attenuations will be found in general to be exercised upon diseases characterized by inflammatory states, with high temperature and sthenic reaction; and not in adynamic states or continued fevers. Inflammatory conditions, especially those of the respiratory organs, and acute inflammations of all the organs and tissues. The early stages of simple inflammatory fevers, inflammations of serous membranes, pleuritis, pneumonia, tonsillitis, acute rheumatism, erysipelas, etc. Diseases of the heart, cerebral congestion, apoplexy. In the commencement of Bright's disease. Asthma, following coryza in children. Catarrh and Bronchitis of measles. Acute nasal catarrh. Severe colds, with chilliness, aching in the limbs, hot, dry skin, and frequent quick pulse. Irritable throat cough. Chicken-pox. Amenorrhœa, from fright or cold. Climacteric disorders. Diarrhœa from cold. Dysentery. Hæmorrhages of bright red blood. Gonorrhœa, chordee, and infantile convulsions.

In the higher attenuations aconite is a nervous stimulant, increasing the nervous force by direct action upon the ganglia, and is adapted to the disturbance of the brain and nervous system, dry cough, asthma of Millar, numb and tingling pains, cateleptic attacks, and depressed states of the nervous system.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Fear and anxiety of mind, with great nervous excitability. Restlessness, fear of death, predicts the day he will die. Fitful mood, changing from one thing to another; sings, whistles, laughs and weeps. Gets desperate and declares he cannot bear his pains. Delirium, especially at night.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo, on raising the head; congestion to head with great heat and redness of the face.* Fullness and weight in the head, with sensation as if the brain would start out through the eyes.* Burning headache, as if from boiling water. Hot, throbbing carotids.* Headache with nausea and vomiting. Hair feels as if standing on end. Cataleptic attacks, neuralgia of recent origin.* Nervous tremors in feeble women.

Eyes and Ears.—Acute ophthalmia.* Aversion to light.* Hard, red swelling of the eyelids.* Optical illusions. Inflammation of the eyes from the presence of foreign bodies.* Dimness of vision. Roaring in the ears. Acuteness of hearing.

Face.—Swollen, hot, and red face.* On rising the red face becomes pale.* Face pale and red alternately. Redness of one cheek and paleness of the other. Side of the face on which he lies perspires.

Digestive System.—Toothache from cold in a raw air, with throbbing pains.* Congestive toothache and faceache, especially in young girls. Lips dry and black. Dryness of the mouth and tongue. Fœtid breath,* trembling speech, numbness and tingling of the tongue, stinging in the throat when swallowing. Bitter taste of every thing except water. Unquenchable thirst. Intense thirst, drinking often but in small quantities. Bitter bilious vomiting, with cold perspiration. Vomiting of worms in children. Acute indigestion; hard, aching, burning pains, violent nausea.* Dyspepsia relieved by eating or drinking, returning one or two hours afterwards. Inflammation of the stomach.* Violent pains in the stomach after eating or drinking.* Acute hepatitis.* Pressure in the region of the liver. Inflammation of the bowels, with sharp, shooting pains in the whole abdomen, which is very tender to the touch.* Inflammation of the hernial stricture, with bilious vomiting.* Frequent scanty stool, with tenesmus. Green, watery stools, liked chopped spinach. White stools, with dark red urine.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Scanty, red, hot urine, without sediment.* Retention of the urine, with stitches in the kidneys. Piercing, pinching pains in the glans penis when urinating.

Gonorrhœa in the inflammatory stage.* Chordee.* Menses too profuse and too protracted, especially in young plethoric women. Suppression of the menses from fright or cold. Too scanty or suppressed lochia. Rigidity of the os uteri. Frenzy on the appearance of the menses. Gonorrhœa, burning pains, inability to urinate.* Hæmorrhage from the urethra.* Agonizing distress from sudden suppression of the discharge.

Respiratory System.—Hæmorrhage of bright red blood from the nose.* Acuteness of smell. Inflammation of the throat, with high fever, dark redness of the parts, and burning, stinging pains.* Inflammation of the larynx and bronchia.* Cough from tickling in the larynx, with stitches in the chest and back. First stage of croup with dry cough, and loud breathing during inspiration. Every inspiration ends with a hoarse hacking cough. The child grasps at the throat with every coughing fit. Shortness of breath, when sleeping or rising up. Paroxysms of suffocation with anxiety. Pleurisy, or pneumonia, with great heat, much thirst, dry cough and nervous excitement.* Stitches through the sides and chest, when breathing and coughing.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Painfulness of all the joints. Acute rheumatism.* Weakness in the thigh, with inability to walk, pain as if crushed. Numbness and lameness in the left thigh. Unsteadiness of the knees, they totter and give way when walking. Partial paralysis, with numb, tingling sensation. Numbness and weakness of the left arm.

Fever.—Palpitation of the heart, with great anguish. Full, hard, frequent pulse.* Chill and synochal fever, with dry hot skin, violent thirst, red face, shortness of breath and great nervous excitability.* Sensation as if the blood were frozen in the veins. Sweat over the whole body. Hot hands and cold feet. Cold feet up to the ankles.

Sleep.—Sleeplessness, with restless tossing about.

Generalities.—Adapted to sanguine, plethoric persons. Acute inflammations and inflammatory fevers.* Congestions to the head, heart, lungs, etc.* Local inflammations of serous membranes.* Hæmorrhages of bright red blood.* Acute rheumatism.* Acute nasal catarrh.* Asthma following coryza in

children.* Catarrh and bronchitis of measles. Croup.* Asthma of Millar. Complaints from exposure to dry cold west winds. Bad effect from getting wet, or from fright. Excessive sensibility to the least touch. Pains of a numb or tingling character. Chronic heart diseases worse in the fall or spring. Catalepsy. Measles, febrile symptoms from the commencement.* Neuralgia, vascular excitement, restlessness from anxiety with palpitation.* Asiatic cholera in first invasion, to restore pulse and arouse vital reaction. In collapse coming on rapidly with deadly chill. In simple cholera, green passages with bilious vomiting, intense thirst and great restlessness.

ÆTHUSA CYNAPIUM.

The indications for the use of this remedy are derived mostly from provings and action of the higher attenuations and point to the medium and high dilutions as most successful in practice, a large number of the reported cases have been cured with the sixth potency. My own experience has been favorable with the high potency.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Great anguish. Delirium, with illusions of sight, imagines seeing cats and dogs, desire to jump out of the window. Patient lies stretched out in an unconscious state.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo, with sleepiness and headache as if in a vice. Stitches and pulsations in the head, relieved by passing wind. Spasms with sopor and delirium. Epileptic spasms, clenched thumbs, red face, eyes turned down, pupils dilated and fixed, jaws hard locked, foam at the mouth.

Eyes and Ears.—Eyes glistening and protruded, staring and inanimate. Pupils dilated and insensible. Objects appear large. Violent itching in the ears. Stitches in the right ear. Ears feel obstructed. Sensation as of something hot flowing from the ear. Hissing in the ears, relieved by inserting the finger.

Face.—Tearing in malar bone. Spasmodic rigidity of the lower jaw. Face pale, altered and collapsed. Expression of anxiety with linea nasalis.

Digestive System.—Aphthæ all over the mouth and pustules in the throat. Tongue feels too long. Stinging in the throat, between the acts of deglutition. Taste bitter, or of cheese, or onions. Regurgitation of the food an hour after eating. Violent vomiting in children. Vomiting of white froth, of curdled milk, of green mucus, or bloody substances, with diarrhœa. Sensation of something turning about in the stomach, followed by burning. Coldness of the abdomen, abdomen sensitive to touch. Black, bluish swelling of the abdomen. Sensation as from boiling water around the umbilicus. Diarrhœa of curdled milk. Green, bilious or bloody evacuations, loose stool, preceded by cutting in the abdomen.

Respiratory System.—Desire to sneeze, but unable to accomplish it. Stoppage of the nose early in the morning. Copious secretions of dry nasal mucus. Paralysis of the organs of speech.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Sensation in the small of the back as if it were in a vice,

Sleep.—Drowsiness, languor, weariness and great weakness.

Generalities.—General inactivity of the circulation. Cholera infantum; stools watery, greenish, without smell; violent vomiting of coagulated milk, after stool child dozes, with now and then plaintive cries.

AMMONIUM CARBONICUM.

In the lower potencies the carbonate of ammonia is stimulant, excitant, diaphoretic, anti-spasmodic and expectorant, and is adapted to low conditions and debilitated subjects, to malignant diseases, as typhus fever, glanders, malignant scarlet fever, measles, or erysipelas, and to malignant throat symptoms.

In the higher attenuations it is adapted to feverish, spasmodic conditions, scurvy, and scorbutic affections and profuse secretions.

SPECIAL INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Ill humor. Loss of memory. Aversion to water, cannot bear to touch it. Makes mistakes in writing or speaking. Anguish, as if he had committed a crime.

Brain and Nervous System.—Chronic headache. Headaches aggravated by closing the teeth. Sensation of looseness in the brain, feels as if it falls, on leaning. Sensation of oppressive fullness in the forehead, and pain as if the contents would issue through the forehead.

Digestive System.—Pressing the teeth firmly together sends shocks through the head, eyes, ears, and nose. Mouth filled with vesicles and ulcerated depressions. Tongue swollen stiff and very sensitive to cold air and drink. Toothache during menstruation. Nausea and vomiting after each meal. Sourish and metallic taste of the food. Constant eructations. Frequent heartburn. Rabid hunger. Satiated after having eaten a little. Soreness of the stomach after eating. Sudden painful contraction of the bowels. Colic before and after stool. Constipation; hard knotty stool. Discharge of blood during and after stool. Diarrhœa of fæces and slime, with tenesmus.* Hæmorrhoids, with burning pain worse during menstruation. Itching of the anus.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Frequent urging to urination. Frequent copious emissions of urine at night. Involuntary emissions of urine during sleep. Pains in the bladder. Reddish urine as if mixed with blood. Ammoniacal smell of the urine. Vehement desire for coition, with feeble erection. Colic and pain in the sacrum during the menses. Swelling, itching and burning of the pudendum. Dysmenorrhœa, with fever and dark blood of ammoniacal odor. Blood from the rectum before and during menstruation. Scanty menses with frontal headache. Leucorrhœa, burning, acrid, and watery, with ammoniacal odor.

Respiratory System.—Stoppage of the nose in children, with starting from sleep, rattling of phlegm in bronchia and trachea.* Bleeding from the nose when washing the face. Dryness of the nose. Glanders.* Scraping in the throat. Pain on swallowing as from a foreign body in the throat. Malignant throat symptoms, with tendency to putrescence.* Burning, smarting and itching in the throat. Hoarseness, with coryza, worse from talking. Dry cough at night from tickling in the larynx.* Cough with dyspnœa, or stitches in the small of the back.*

Cough about three or four o'clock in the morning.* Incessant cough as from down in the larynx.* Profuse expectoration and low condition.* Difficult expulsion of mucus in old persons.* Capillary bronchitis.* Bronchitis and broncho-pneumonia of children. Dilation of the bronchia. Copious mucopurulent secretion.* Advanced cases of pneumonia.* Impending paralysis of the lungs.* Dyspnoea, with palpitation of the heart.*

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Heaviness and loss of strength in the right arm. Spasm of the arm, drawing it backward. Arms and fingers feel dead and stiff. Sprained feeling in the wrist. Cramps in the calves and feet. Sensation as if bruised in the whole body. Curvature of the bones.*

Skin.—Skin peels off easily, leaving sore spots.* Redness of the upper part of the body as from scarlatina.

Fever.—Frequent chilliness, more in the evening. Pulse hard and frequent. Sweats early in the morning. Typhus fever, with symptoms of general decomposition and marasmus, foul breath and foul discharges.* Typhoid fever, scarlet fever, or measles, with general prostration and typhoid symptoms.*

Sleep.—Uneasy, unrefreshing sleep, with tossing about. Frequent starting from sleep in affright.

Generalities.—Burning, or sensation of coldness in the eyes. Cataract. Affections of the right side. Drawings and tensions as from shortness of the muscles. Pain as from dislocations, or from sub-cutaneous ulcerations. Menstrual colic. Complaints during menstruation. Nightmare every night. Violent starting in sleep. Skin very sensitive to cold. Swelling of the glands of the neck and arm pits. Ammonium carbonate is adapted to weak, nervous persons of lymphatic temperament. Low conditions and debilitated subjects.*

AMMONIUM MURIATICUM.

In the lower attenuation ammonium muriaticum is adapted to profuse discharges from the mucous membranes, acute catarrh, colliquative diarrhoea. Phthisis pulmonalis, Balanitis and Leucorrhoea, Myalgia, Ovarian neuralgia, Heptalgia, Sciatica, Orchitis and Dysmenorrhoea.

In the higher attenuations, to chilliness, sweat, cough from tickling in the larynx. Tonsillitis and Constipation.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Brain and Nervous System.—Giddiness and fullness of the head; the head feels as if too heavy.

Eyes and Ears.—Burning of the eyes, especially of the canthi. Yellow spots before the eyes when sewing. Mist before the eyes. *Muscae volitantes*. Hardness of hearing with tingling and buzzing in the ears. Stitches in the ears. Pus from the ears.

Face.—Shooting pains in the face, worse in the evening. Complexion very pale. Dry, cracked lips. The lips burn like fire. Excoriation of the lip.

Digestive System.—Tearing toothache, mostly in the evening. Vesicles on the tongue which burn like fire. Thirst in the evening. Bitter eructations. Frequent hiccough, with stitches in the chest. Attacks of nausea. Gnawing pains in the stomach. Distention of the abdomen, with pinching pains. Constipation, hard crumbling stool. Hard stool with discharge of tough glairy mucus. Frequent loose stools during the day. Pain about the navel before stool. Painful feeling in the inguinal region; so weak, painful and sore, that the patient keeps the hand on it when walking. Diarrhœa, of green, slimy stools.*

Urinary and Sexual System.—Diminished urine.* Bright yellow urine. Clay like deposit.* Menses too early and too profuse, often painful.* Vomiting and diarrhœa during the menses. Menses more profuse in bed, better during the day. Leucorrhœa like the white of egg. Neuralgia of the ovaries.*

Respiratory System.—Ulceration of the margins of the nose. Profuse, watery discharge, with stoppage of the nose, hoarseness and burning in the larynx.* Hoarseness and burning in the tongue. Swelling and inflammation of both tonsils, can neither talk, swallow or open the mouth; tendency to gangrenous ulceration.* Frequent hawking and expectoration of small clots of mucus. Dry cough from tickling in the throat, worse at night, with stitches in the chest. Pulmonary catarrh with

constant hacking. Heat in the chest, followed by sweat at night. Stitches in the scapulæ, when breathing. Sensation as if a morsel of food had lodged in the larynx. Incipient phthisis with profuse expectoration of glairy or purulent mucus.*

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Pain in the small of the back, as if the parts were bruised or broken. Stiffness in the neck and sacrum. Feeling of icy coldness between the shoulder blades. Myalgia from over work, aching, dragging pains in the back and legs, worse in the morning and during movement.* Sciatica, worse when sitting.* Tension in the joints as though the muscles were shortened. Heaviness and rigidity of the arm. Shooting and tearing pains in the tips of the fingers and toes. Paralytic weakness of the limbs with dizziness.

Skin and Glands.—Excessive itching over the whole body. Eruption and herpes on the face. Skin peels off the fingers. Blisters on the fingers. Throbbing pain in the glands of the neck.

Fever.—Chilliness mostly in the evening. Frequent flushes of heat with subsequent sweat. Copious sweat early in the morning.

Sleep.—Sleeplessness after midnight from pain in the abdomen or small of the back. Anxious dreams.

Generalities.—Red, bloated face, flushes of heat and perspiration. Many groups of symptoms are accompanied with cough, eructations with anxiety and weakness as if paralyzed. Sore feeling in various parts. Stiffness in the morning relieved by walking in the open air. Lax, bloated individuals, who are indolent or sluggish. Body too large, legs too thin.

ANTIMONIUM CRUDUM.

The more prominent indications for the use of the crude antimony, are for the higher attenuations, in which form it is curative in gastric derangements, diarrhœa, marasmus and chlorosis. Eruptions and unhealthy conditions of the skin.

In the lower potencies it is adapted to syphilitic bone pains in the head. Syphilitic nodes on the skull and Hypertrophy of the peri-cranium.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Anxiety. Ill humor. Disposition to suicide. Ecstasy and exalted love. Sentimental mood. Conduct like that of an insane person. Child cannot bear to be touched or looked at. Aversion to washing.

Brain and Nervous System.—Congestion to the head with epistaxis. Headache with nausea and profound gastric disturbance, loss of appetite, diarrhœa, and depressed vital reaction. Pain in the bones of the head, from syphilitic infection.* Headache from bathing. Convulsive movements of the head.

Eyes and Ears.—Redness and inflammation of the eyelids, with itching. Styes on left eyelid. Smoky darkness before the eyes. Arthritic affections of the eyes. Painful roaring in the ears. Deafness as from something lying over the ear.

Face.—Eruptions on the face, red, burning and suppurating. Painful eruption on the face with yellow crust. Painful cracking of the corners of the mouth. Dryness of the lips.

Digestive System.—Toothache in hollow teeth, worse at night, also after eating and from cold water. Profuse bleeding of the gums. Violent pytalism from the nose and mouth. Blisters on the tongue. Thick milky white coating on the tongue. Violent thirst, with dryness of the lips. Gulping up of a fluid, tasting of the ingesta. Bitter eructations, like bile. Gastric derangement from overloading the stomach. Violent nausea. Terrible vomiting which it seems as if nothing can stop. Vomiting of slime and bile. Violent vomiting and diarrhœa. Cramp like pain in the pit of the stomach, from indigestion. Saburral state, foul taste, foul risings from the stomach, and fœtid flatulence. Nausea after free vomiting. Aversion to food. Stools too large in size, difficult to expel. Sensation as if a copious stool would take place, but only flatus is passed and finally a hard stool. Alternate constipation and diarrhœa, especially in old persons. Watery diarrhœa with cutting pains in the bowels. Diarrhœa of pregnant women. Diarrhœa of cachectic individuals, foul discharges, impaired appetite, white tongue.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Frequent discharge of urine

at night, with burning in the urethra and pain in the small of the back. Discharge of acrid water from the vagina.

Respiratory System.—Dryness of the nose. Coldness of the nose when inspiring. Sore, cracked, and crusty nostrils and corners of the mouth. Dry or fluent coryza with sore, crusty nostrils. Loss of voice from loss of muscular power, worse from heat, better from resting. Dry cough, with burning in the chest.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Hot and red swelling of the fore-arm. Numbness of the legs and feet, after sitting. Rheumatic inflammation of the muscles, with contraction and curvature of the limbs. Hot, red swelling of the parts affected. Arthritic affections with swelling and nodosities.

Skin.—Pustules with yellow or brown scurfs. Blotches and vesicles, as from stings of insects, especially on the face and joints. Nettle rash, white blotches with red areola. Malformation of the skin. Horny excrescences. Eruptions. Subcutaneous dropsies. Hard corns and corn like excrescences on the fingers and toes. Eczema impetiginodes, on the face or genitals. Impetigo, chronic form, smooth soft warts, on neck, hands or arms. Elephantiasis, foul smelling, pus secreting sores, with gastric derangement.

Fever.—Pulse very irregular, chilliness preponderates even in a warm room. Intermittent fever, with great sadness and woful mood; desire to sleep; no thirst. Heat especially during the night with cold feet. Perspiration when awakening in the morning.

Sleep.—Sleepy during the day, and sleeps well at night.

Generalities.—Especially adapted to aged persons. Unhealthy skin with digestive derangement, tendency to sores. Marasmus from derangement of digestion. Papulous, herpetic, vesicular and tuberculoid eruptions with gastric derangement and deficient vital reaction. Disposition to grow fat. When symptoms reappear they change locality, or go from one side of the body to the other. Dropsical affections. Excessive hæmorrhages. Fistulous ulcers.

ANTIMONIUM TARTARICUM.

The tartrate of antimony in the lower potencies is a depressant, lowering the force and rapidity of the circulation with specific action on the mucous membrane of the respiratory tract and is adapted to the treatment of pneumonia, bronchitis, dyspnoea, cough, tonsillitis, pleurisy, puerperal peritonitis, mastitis, acute catarrh of children, typhus or typhoid fever, with delirium, delirium tremens, mania, chorea and convulsions.

In the higher attenuations it is a nervous stimulant and adapted to disease dependent upon nervous depression and to gastric derangement. Nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, gastrodynia, prostration, coldness, attacks of fainting, paralysis of the lungs, rheumatic pains, cutaneous diseases and small-pox.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Despair. Hopelessness. Weeping, uneasiness. Stupefaction and suppression of all the sensory functions.

Brain and Nervous System.—Dullness and stupefaction of the head, with tensive sensation, drowsy and weary feeling. Tensive stupefying headache, with pressure from without inwards. Intermittent tearing pains in one side of the head. Trembling of the head, during every motion of the body. Delirium tremens from beer.* Hydrocephalus from spontaneous suppression of variola.* Spasmodic movements and convulsive twitchings about the arms and hands.* Death like rigidity and convulsive distortion of the body. Convulsive twitching of muscles.* Chorea.*

Eyes and Ears.—Obscuration of sight with flickering before the eyes. Weariness of the eyes, so that they close.

Face.—Paleness of the face, with blue lips, blue margins around the eyes, pointed nose and wretched look. Twitching in the face. Spasmodic closing of the jaws. Parched, scaly, cracked and excoriated lips.

Digestive System.—Dryness of the mouth. Red tongue with raised papillæ. Mucous membrane inflamed with small pustules. Desire for acids or fruits. Empty belching or with taste of rotten eggs. Constant nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Straining to vomit, with sweat on forehead. Violent spasmodic vomiting. Vomiting of mucus or bile. Empty or putrid eructations. Vomiting followed by drowsiness, languor, and weariness. Violent pains in the stomach. Inflammation of the stomach. Throbbing in stomach and abdomen. Nervous irritation of the stomach, with pinching pains. Whitish rice water vomit, with similar diarrhœa. Pressing as from stones in the abdomen. Cutting flatulent colic, worse on bending double. Watery stool, preceded by colic. Slimy papescent mucous stools.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Painful urging with scanty, often bloody, urine. Pustules on the genital organs.

Respiratory System.—Acute nasal catarrh, particularly in children.* Sneezing and fluent coryza, with chilliness, deficient taste and smell.* Inflammation of the pharynx with small pustules. Dyspnœa, causing an erect position, relieved by expectoration.* Catarrh and bronchitis of measles.* Bronchitic asthma of old people and children.* Suffocative attacks. Much mucus in the chest. Suffocative cough, with loose lumpy expectoration.* Bronchitis of fever, of infants, and of old persons.* Capillary bronchitis, lumpy expectoration.* Impending paralysis of the lungs. The chest seems full of mucus, when coughing, but very little is raised. Bronchorrhœa; mucous lumpy expectoration, muscular debility.* Apnœa from cold, bronchial râles.* Moist cough with profuse easy expectoration, and vomiting. Catarrhal croup, loose cough, difficult expectoration.* Spasmodic dysphagia. Cough with suffocative attacks. Rattling hollow cough with vomiting. Mucous cough with expectoration at night.* Whooping cough, child cries before coughing. Rattling of mucus in the chest. Bronchial catarrh, difficult expectoration.* Catarrhal inflammation of mucous membranes, lungs, skin, etc. Chronic laryngitis, expectoration copious and easy. Pleuritis, profuse expectoration, cough, rattling mucus, much febrile action. Velvety feeling in the chest.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Pain in the shoulder as if sprained. Pain as if sprained and bruised feeling in the limbs. Tension in the bend of the knee.

Skin.—Pustules of the size of peas, filled with pus, with red areola, forming a scab and leaving a scar. Variola. Pustules which seemed filled with shot. Impetigo, lingering form. Mentagra. Tinea capitis, from or with gastric derangement. Ecthyma-eczema, red areola around vesicles, which are chiefly about the nose, eyes, ears, neck and shoulders, rattling cough and nausea.

Fever.—Palpitation of the heart, without anxiety. Pulse full, hard, quick, or trembling. Least exertion quickens pulse. Coldness predominates. Long lasting chills, clammy sweats. Intermittent fever, with lethargy. Soporose intermittent, with long lasting sweat. Typhoid pneumonia; dyspnœa with danger of suffocation, loose mucous cough, wakefulness and delirium.* Yellow fever; with nausea, vomiting, sensation of sinking at the stomach, prostration, profuse perspiration and drowsiness. Cholera; with vomiting and diarrhœa, cramps and burning at the stomach, cramps in the calves, collapse of the pulse, prostration and coldness of the skin.

Sleep.—Great drowsiness, lethargy and stupor. Constant yawning and stretching. Jerking and twitching during sleep.

Generalities.—Attacks of fainting. Internal trembling. Rheumatic pain with sweat, which does not relieve. Affected parts perspire most. Inflammation of internal organs. Gastric and bilious complaints. Paralysis of the lungs.* Child must be carried, cries if touched. Aphthæ, and vomiting of milk after nursing. Catarrhal croup; with aphonia, hoarseness, dyspnœa, coldness of the body, bluish face, cold clammy perspiration, impending paralysis of the lungs.* Whooping cough; choking and vomiting of phlegm, croupy symptoms, diarrhœa and great exhaustion.

APIS MELLIFICA.

For the use of apis in the lower dilutions the indications are few, most cases of cures reported, having been made with the higher attenuations. In the lower potencies it would appear to be adapted to dropsy, albuminuria or diseases of the kidneys with scanty secretion of urine. Amenorrhœa, dysmenorrhœa, cutaneous affections, erysipelas and scarlatina.

In the higher attenuations it is curative in dropsies and kidney diseases with excessive secretion of urine, chronic hydrocephalus, acute hydrocephalus, cerebro-spinal meningitis, diarrhoea and typhoid fever.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Irritable disposition, nothing satisfies, everything is wrong. Inability to fix the thoughts on any subject. Fear of some approaching disaster, or of not being able to breathe again. Awkwardness. Delirium after suppressed scarlet eruptions.

Brain and Nervous Symptoms.—Vertigo; with nausea and headache. Chronic headache in nervous subjects; violent pain in the forehead and temples, at times involving the eyes, with vertigo, nausea and vomiting. Headache; worse in bed and when rising; better from pressing the head firmly with the hands. Acute hydrocephalus; with sudden shrill cries, boring of the head into the pillows. Chronic hydrocephalus after scarlet fever, copious perspiration smelling of musk. Brain feels very tired. Cerebro-spinal meningitis; intense pain, worse from lying down; desire to sleep, but unable to from nervousness and restlessness; sudden prostration; burning, stinging pains.

Eyes.—Inflammation of the eyes, with intolerance of light, and increased secretion. Styes on the left eyelid. Smoky darkness before the eyes. Œdematous swelling of the lower eyelids. First stage of ectropium, when swelling is very great. Photophobia, with intense swelling of the cornea.

Face.—Burning and stinging in the face. Erysipelas.* Œdema. Puffy swelling of the face. Swelling of the upper lip. Itching, burning eruptions on the face.

Digestive System.—Dry, swollen and inflamed tongue with inability to swallow. Acute Œdema of the tongue. Violent pain in the stomach, which is sensitive to the slightest touch. Inflammation of the stomach with vomiting. Sensation in the abdomen as if something would break if much effort was made to void a stool. Great soreness and sensitiveness of the abdomen. Dropsy with thirstlessness. Peritonitis; sudden par-

oxysms of sharp, stinging, burning pains; great tenderness; prostration; fear of death; and œdema of the limbs. Greenish yellow, slimy, watery, painless diarrhœa, worse in the morning. Involuntary stool, as though the anus stood open. Loose yellow stool with great prostration. Constipation; bloody stools without pain. Dysentery, with bruised feeling of the intestines and tenesmus. Hæmorrhoids, with stinging pains.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Dark colored, scanty urine with strangury. Nephritis; sudden swelling of parts, after scarlatina and during pregnancy. Albuminuria. Incontinence of urine, worse at night and when coughing. Swelling of the testicles. Inflammation of the ovaries, more on the right side, with burning, stinging pains, worse during menstruation. Ovarian dropsy. Dysmenorrhœa; with sharp, plunging or stabbing pains in the uterus or in the head, delirium, tendency to dropsy, and mental depression. Sensation as if the flow would come on, but it does not. Mastitis, with enlargement and burning, stinging pains.

Respiratory System.—Acrid discharge from the nose. Œdema of the throat. Burning, stinging pains in the throat, red and highly inflamed tonsils. Tonsillitis, with burning, stinging pains, dry mouth and throat. Diphtheria; the pseudo membrane assumes at once a dirty, grayish color. Early stage of croupous diphtheria, purple œdematous throat. Ulcerated sore throat; in scarlet fever where the eruption does not come out. Can bear nothing to touch the throat. Dryness of the throat without thirst. Oppression of the chest, desire for the open air. Bronchitis, chronic tendency of the inflammation to recur after exposure to cold or wet. Hoarseness, especially in the morning. Sore bruised feeling in the chest. Rapid painful respiration, worse when lying down. Hydrothorax; with sensation as if he would not be able to breath again. Labored breathing. Cough after sleeping. Hydrothorax, from recent inflammation of serous membranes, absence of thirst and sudden œdema.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Rheumatic stitches in the muscles, worse on motion. Weakness in the back, obliging one to lie down. Sensation of stiffness in the hands and arms.

Skin.—Red spots on the skin with stinging, burning pain. Sore exanthemata, cannot bear touching, or even motion of the skin. Scarlet eruptions. Hives and their sequelæ, especially asthma. Erysipelas, with stinging, burning pains. Smooth white œdema, particularly of the scalp, with tendency to metastasis to the face. Acne rosacea. Carbuncle, with extending erysipelatous swelling. Dropsy without thirst. Acute febrile dropsy from chills. Unabsorbed effusions after serous inflammations. Chicken pox, with excessive itching of the eruption. Prickly heat. Lupus, tubercular form. Lymphangitis, intermittent form in women, with tearing pains. Nodes. Urticaria, with stinging pains, similar to bee stings.

Fever.—Pulse irregular, slow, small, trembling, intermittent. Chilliness from least motion. Intermittent fever, chill about 4 o'clock P. M., worse in a warm room; after the paroxysms deep sleep. Sweat breaks out, dries up, breaks out and dries up again alternately.

Sleep.—Sleep better during the early part of the night. Restlessness, continually changing position. Awakens from sleep with a shrill scream. Sleepy, but unable to sleep from restlessness and nervousness.

Generalities.—Great sensitiveness to touch. Inflammations with burning, stinging pains. Bad effects from scarlet fever and suppressed scarlet eruptions. Scarletina, with rapid swelling, nephritis, œdema of the throat and typhoid symptoms. Great swelling or troublesome itching in variola. Dissecting wounds on hands, throbbing pain along the arm. Erysipelas after wounds or operations. Punctured wounds. Painful turning up of the big toe. Pains relieved by cold water. Typhoid fever, with apathy, unconsciousness and muttering delirium, inability to talk or put out the tongue, which is dry, cracked and covered with vesicles, or ulcerated: dryness of the mouth and throat with difficulty of swallowing: soreness and sensitiveness of the abdomen: constipation or bloody involuntary stools; great weakness and sliding down in bed.

ARGENTUM NITRICUM.

The nitrate of silver may be advantageously used in the lower attenuation for epilepsy, chorea, nervous dyspepsia, chronic gastric catarrh, jaundice from catarrh of the biliary ducts. Cholera infantum after the subsidence of the acute symptoms. White pasty offensive diarrhœa of children. Dysentery of children, and after the more acute symptoms have subsided. Chronic dysentery. Acute dysentery with depressed condition. Diarrhœa of phthisis. Angina pectoris. Whooping cough, and progressive locomotor ataxy.

In the higher attenuations it is adapted to laryngitis, chronic urethritis and ophthalmia.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Patient cannot think, cannot walk, cannot talk, time seems too short. It seems to take hours for what really takes only a few minutes.

Brain and Nervous System.—Headache in the morning, with vertigo, chilliness, relieved by hard pressure. Head feels enlarged. Vertigo from the least bodily or mental exertion.* Chronic headache of literary or business men.* Nervous, faintish, tremulous sensation as if a severe disease were about to attack him. Sensation as if the body, and especially the face and head expanded; he feels as if the bones of the skull separated, with increase of temperature. Convulsions, epileptic attacks, especially from moral causes, impassioned preaching, impulses to do something crowding the mind, or else perfect indifference, apathy.* Erroneous perceptions, as to time or speed.* Convulsions from fright, or during menstruation.* Progressive locomotive ataxy.* True paralysis of the legs.* Disorders of the cerebro-nervous system. Sclerosis.

Eyes and Ears.—Acute ophthalmia, better in the open air. Catarrhal ophthalmia, conjunctiva swollen and injected, with muco-purulent discharge. Opacity of the cornea. Cornea looks opaque and white. Ophthalmia with intense pain. Purulent inflammation of the eye. Dimness and vanishing of the sight. Ringing in the ears and deafness. Whizzing in the ears, with feeling of obstruction and difficulty of hearing.

Face.—Sunken, bluish face. Sickly appearance of the face, aged look. Spasms of the facial muscles.* Chronic inflammation of the spinal cord.*

Digestive System.—Gums swollen, loose, readily bleeding. Mouth and tongue dry and parched. Paroxysm of cramp in the œsophagus, feels as if spasmodically closed; producing a sensation in the stomach as if it would burst. Bitter, metallic, pappy or chalk-like taste. Desire for sugar or acrid cheese. Violent belching. Most of the gastric symptoms are accompanied with belching. Great irritation of the stomach, anxiety in the præcordial region and vomiting.* Violent cardialgia. Inflammation of the stomach, much heart-burn, dull pains in the stomach, with sensitiveness to pressure. Nervous dyspepsia, with excessive irritability of the stomach.* Gastric ulcer, with tendency to chlorosis. Vomiting, with great soreness. Ulcerative, gnawing pain in the left side of the stomach, worse during a deep inspiration and from touching the part. Vomiting and diarrhœa, with colic. Darting pains through the abdomen. Cholera infantum, after the acute symptoms have subsided.* White, pasty and offensive stools in children.* Diarrhœa during dentition.* Frequent evacuations of a greenish, very fœtid mucus, with noisy flatulence. Chronic diarrhœa with putrid discharges, green, flaky, bloody or brown.* Flatulent colic followed by immediate evacuation. Asiatic cholera, with profuse, forcible evacuation of watery stool. Constipation, stool dry and of a firm consistence.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Emission of a few drops of urine after urinating, with sensation as if the interior of the urethra was swollen. Chronic urethritis after acute gonorrhœa. Amenorrhœa, with watery discharge. Want of sexual desire, with shriveling of the sexual organs.

Respiratory System.—Smarting and itching in the nose. Dullness of the sense of smell. A good deal of sneezing. Coryza, with constant chilliness, sickly look, lachrymation, sneezing and violent stupefying headache. Dark redness of the throat. Drawing pain in the right side of the throat, as from an ulcer. Pain as from a splinter in the throat when swallowing. Laryngeal phthisis of long standing. Ulcerated throat of low type,

with fœtid breath and foul mucus, in cachectic persons.* Suffocative cough. Violent, continual irritation, with cough and spitting of blood, and difficult breathing. Asthma from gastric disturbance.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Tensive, squeezing pains in the back. Paralytic heaviness and debility of the lower limbs. Great debility and weariness in the lower limbs, as from fatigue, with sick feeling. Tremulous weakness, with general debility.

Skin.—Discoloration of the skin. Small, itching pimples, bleeding when scratched. Wart-shaped excrescences on the skin.

Fever.—Palpitation of the heart, with nausea. Yawning and chilliness. Feverish, sick feeling, constant weakness and exhaustion. Night sweats.

Sleep.—Sopororous condition. Restless sleep, with stupefaction and headache.

Generalities.—Withered and dried up persons from disease. Debility. Fatigue. Sharp, stinging pains in the stomach, stitching pains in the stomach. Irritation of the nose and anus from worms, emaciation, chilliness and nightly fever.* Poisoned wounds. Black Vomit. Vomiting of second stage of yellow fever.

ARNICA MONTANA.

In the lower attenuations arnica is tonic and stimulant, and is adapted to depressed states of the system with apathy; injuries and their consequences, paralysis of the bladder, rheumatism and rheumatic gout, mania and melancholia.

In the higher potencies it is curative in nausea and vomiting, with disgust for food; diarrhœa and dysentery.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Excessive sensitiveness of the mind. Hypochondriac anxiety. Quarrelsome and peevish. Depression of spirits and absence of mind.* Declines answering questions.* Indifferent and apathetic.* Delirium tremens, with depression.*

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo, with nausea when moving the head. Apoplexy, with extravasation of blood.

Concussion of the brain from a fall or blow.* Apoplexy, with paralysis of the limbs, especially the left side, involuntary discharges and muttering.* Old people with symptoms of shock. Chronic congestion of the brain.* Meningitis from injury.* Hydrocephalus, serous or sanguinary extravasation, dreaming with cries, starting in sleep, heat of the head and coldness of the extremities, boring of the head into pillows. Burning in the brain and coldness of the body. Headache over the eyes, with sensation as if the integuments of the forehead were spasmodically contracted. Aching in the temple, lancinating and drawing pains. Headache as from a nail driven into the temple. Stitches in the head, more in forehead and temple. Convulsions and tetanic spasms from mechanical injuries.*

Eyes and Ears.—Ophthalmia and cataract from injuries.* Pupils contracted, eyes half closed. Staring eyes, faint, dim, and without lustre. Pain in the ears as if bruised. Deafness after injury or shock.

Face.—Dry heat of the face, with coldness of the nose. Pain as from a bruise in the jaw when moving it.

Digestive System.—Chapped lips. Toothache, with swelling of the cheek. Dryness of the mouth, with or without thirst. Biting sensation in the tongue. Foetid breath. Putrid, slimy taste. Deglutition prevented by nausea, as if the food would not go down. Tongue coated white or yellow. Eructations with taste of rotten eggs, or foetid. Feeling of repletion, with aversion to food. Aversion to meat or broth. Empty retching. Pinching, spasmodic griping in the stomach. Vomiting after drinking. Vomiting of blood. Colic, with strangury. Dyspepsia, foul and bitter taste in the mouth, sense of fullness after eating, nausea and bitter eructations. Stitches under the false ribs, arresting breathing. Sharp thrusts through the abdomen. Colic from straining the bowels from lifting.* Flatulence smelling like rotten eggs. Frequent small stools of slime, or mucus, brown, fermented like yeast. After stool must sit down. Dysentery, stools of mucus, blood or pus, with tenesmus. Involuntary stools during sleep. Chronic diarrhœa, with foetid flatulence. Prolapsus ani.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Tenesmus of the neck of the

bladder. Frequent emissions of scanty, yellow, red urine. Involuntary discharge of urine when asleep, or on coughing. Paralysis of the bladder from over-distension.* Bloody urine. Brown urine, with brick-red sediment. Nephritis, when the excretion irritates and wounds the tubules.* Stitches in the urethra. Cannot walk erect on account of a sore, bruised feeling in the uterine region. Bruised parts after labor.* Too long and violent after-pains.* Abortion from a fall or injury.* Amenorrhœa, from over-exertion or cold, symptoms of abdominal plethora.* Prophylactic against after-pains and as a preventive against puerperal fever.* Preventive of milk fever.* Abnormal conditions of the nervous and sanguinous systems at the climacteric.

Respiratory System.—Pain in the nose from above downward, as from a violent fall. Frequent bleeding of the nose.* Epistaxis after an injury or a fall.* Burning in the throat. Frequent sneezing. Dry, short, hacking cough, from tickling in the throat, every morning. Cough at night during sleep. Whooping cough, the expectoration cannot be thrown up, must be swallowed again, child cries before it coughs. Cough in children from crying.* Soreness in the chest from coughing.* Stitches in the chest, with short cough, worse from motion. Hæmatemesis from mechanical injury, blood dark.* Cough, with expectoration of bright red, frothy blood, mixed with coagulated clots and mucus. In sanguinous effusions to aid reabsorption.* Hæmoptysis, abundant blackish bloods with clots, great sadness.* Soreness of the intercostal muscles after exertion, ribs feel bruised.* Dyspnœa, from degeneration of the heart. Pharyngitis, from excessive use of the voice.* Stitch in the side of the chest when walking.* Stitching pain in the chest, with short cough which increases the pain, and continued asthma. Pleuritis, from injury or over-exertion.* Myalgic pleurodynia.* Pain in the region of the heart, as if it were squeezed together.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Pain in the back, as if it were bruised or lame.* Pain in the right scapula, as after a violent shock or fall. Pain as from a sprain in the joints of the chest or back. Tingling in the vertebral column. Broad, sharp

stitches under the axilla. Pain as from a sprain in the wrist and arm. Rheumatic and arthritic pains, with inflammatory or erysipelatous swelling of the affected part.* Jerks and shocks in the body, as from electricity. Painful sensitiveness of all the joints and of the skin on making the slightest motion.* Heaviness in all the limbs, with painful lameness in all the joints on motion, as if bruised.* Painful concussions in all the limbs, when riding or walking. Gout, with fear of being touched.* Rheumatic paralysis.* Chronic rheumatism of the muscles or tendons.* Stiffness in large joints, tearing pain in small cerebral derangement.* Cramps of the calves from fatigue.* Writers' cramp.* Myalgia, pain comes on while eating, immediately, even while swallowing.* Paralysis of the right side, every thing feels too hard.*

Skin.—Sore, excoriated places on the skin; bed sores. Red, blue and yellow spots, like ecchymosis. Fine, pricking pains in almost every part of the body. Abscesses, in early stage. Preventing and curative of boils. Aborts carbuncles.* Chilblains.* Corns.* Bunions.*

Fever.—Heat in the head with coldness of the body. Dry heat over the whole body. Thirst, without any external heat, sluggish condition of the iris. Extreme painfulness of the periosteum of all the bones (as in intermittent fever), with headache, yellowness of the face, and aversion to food. Much thirst and yawning before the fever. Typhus fever, with great indifference, patient thinks he is well; while speaking, forgets the word; putrid breath and discharges; green, red or yellow spots on the body; continually changing position, the bed feels too hard.*

Sleep.—Drowsiness early in the evening. Dreams of frightful objects during sleep. Starts in sleep when falling asleep.

Generalities.—Complaints of nervous individuals, or of plethoric persons, with red faces. General sinking of strength. Atrophy of children. Mechanical injuries; sprains; dislocations; bruises; contused wounds as from dull instruments.* Painful and excessive sensitiveness of the whole body. Excessive violent pains, driving to madness. Inflammation of serous membranes. Stiff, sore pains. Inflammation of inter-

nal organs. Muscular and physical exhaustion.* Hot, red swelling of affected parts. Tetanus of traumatic origin, jerks and shocks through the body, internal chilliness and external heat, pulse variable, mostly hard, full, and quick.* Pneumonia, after whooping cough, especially when there is much soreness on coughing.*

ARSENICUM ALBUM.

The indications for arsenic are all for the secondary or specific effect, and its action either in the higher or lower attenuation is of the same character. In acute and malignant diseases the lower will prove more effective, and the high attenuation in collapsed states, neuralgic and nervous conditions.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Anguish, with restlessness and fear of death or of being left alone. Melancholia from abuse of wine or brandy; from retrocession of rash; after a cold drink; or in aged people.* Delirium; springs from the bed and hides, Rage, with mania to escape. Delirium tremens with gastritis, nervous derangement, muscular tremors and prostration. Patient talks very fast. Stupidity with dizziness; is unable to think. Great confusion in the head.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo, with reeling when walking. Sensation of wabbling or swashing in the brain. Severe and exhausting pain over the left eye, better from warm applications and wrapping the head up. Periodical beating pains with nausea, better from cold water, worse from the heat of the bed, and when lying down; the pain sometimes becomes maddening. Burning intermittent pains with a tendency to periodicity. Throbbing in the head with nausea and inclination to vomit.* Head sensitive to cold. Cerebral congestion and hemicrania.* Tendency to syncope with great debility. Tetanic spasms, with frightful concussions of the limbs; sudden sinking of the strength, and dry skin. Nervous debility. Chorea, uncomplicated cases.* Epilepsy from irritation of the abdominal ganglia, symptoms of mental derangement. Neuralgia, periodic burning pain, worse from cold and at night. Convulsions, with frightful contortions of the limbs.

Eyes and Ears.—Ophthalmia, with dark redness and congestion of the vessels; burning pains. Scrofulous inflammation of the eyes. Violent inflammatory swelling of the lids. Dryness of the lids, especially the margins. Excessive dread of light. Profuse watering of the eyes.* Faint, protruding, lustreless, staring eyes. Specks and ulcers on the cornea. Roaring in the ears, particularly during the paroxysms of pain. Cannot hear the voice. Deafness of scrofulous persons from exposure to damp winds.

Face.—Pale, death-colored, or yellow, sickly color of the face. Sunken countenance with distorted features. Bloated, puffed, red face, particularly around the eyes. Sunken eyes, with blue margins. Eruptions on the face. Cancer of the face. Dry and parched lips, with constant licking. Bluish lips.

Digestive System.—Spasmodic grinding of the teeth. Toothache at night, extending to the temples, relieved by external warmth. The tongue is bluish, brown or blackish. White coating on the tongue. Great dryness of the mouth and tongue, with violent thirst. Inflammation of the mouth, with burning pains, the tongue dry and cracked. Fœtid smell from the mouth. Bitterness of the mouth, particularly after eating or drinking. Cancrum oris; extensive disorganization, and prostration. Aphthæ, with dark-colored and exhausting diarrhœa. Violent, unquenchable, burning thirst, compelling one to drink often, although but little at a time. Desire for acid things. Aversion to food, the thought of food nauseates. Food has no taste. Frequent hiccough, with eructations. Vomiting after eating or drinking. Vomiting of everything eaten or drunk. Vomiting of yellow-green mucus and bile, of brownish or blackish substances. Vomiting with diarrhœa and great prostration. Asiatic and sporadic cholera. During the vomiting, violent pain in the stomach, and apprehension of death. Sea sickness. Excessive pains in the stomach, great painfulness to touch. Pressure at the stomach, as from a stone, after eating. Gastric ulcers with burning pains.* Acute and chronic gastritis.* Violent burning pains in the stomach. Spasmodic pains in the stomach, particularly after eating. Dis-

ordered stomach from eating fruit, ice cream, or drinking ice water.* Cancer of the stomach. Severe burning pain around the navel, with vomiting and excessive prostration.* Chronic hepatic congestion, enlarged spleen, vomiting, debility, ascites. Jaundice from malaria, or from disorganization of the liver.* Tabes mesenterica, with severe diarrhœa, debility and emaciation. Spasmodic colic, with sensation as if the abdomen became twisted. Burning in the abdomen. Excessive abdominal pain. Distention of the abdomen. Constipation, with ineffectual urging, tenesmus and burning in the anus. Diarrhœa, renewed from drinking the least quantity. Violent diarrhœa, frequent discharges with tenesmus. Dark green mucous stools. Dark or black watery stools, with intense burning, preceded by restlessness and colic. Black, fœtid, involuntary, undigested, bloody, or acrid stools. Diarrhœa, with sudden and rapid prostration. Burning in the anus and rectum during and after stools. Epidemic cholera, sudden prostration, cramps, and suppressed urine.* Cholera infantum, vomiting and collapse, unquenchable thirst, worse at night, pale, sunken face. Simple cholera, general depression of vitality, vomiting and collapse. Diarrhœa of undigested food, or from irritation of the food.* Chronic diarrhœa, sudden prostration, vomiting, burning in the rectum, emaciation, watery, mucous, or bloody discharge.* Chronic dysentery, with extreme prostration.* Hæmorrhoids, chronic; burn like fire, particularly in emaciated subjects.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Paralysis of the bladder and retention of the urine. Involuntary micturition. Desquamative nephritis after scarlet fever.* Diabetes mellitus from faulty assimilation.* Inflammation and swelling of the genital organs, with tendency to gangrene. Menses too early and too profuse. Acrid, corroding leucorrhœa. Cancer of the uterus, burning pain and fœtid brown or blackish ichor.* Amenorrhœa from inactivity of the ovaries. Endometritis, with menorrhagia.* Septicæmic symptoms in labor, quick pulse, hæmorrhage.* Puerperal fever, last stage, involuntary discharge of foul blood and mucus. Malignant ulceration of the womb, thin burning discharge.* Menorrhagia from anæmia.* Putrescence of the uterus, creeping chills, dry hot skin, anguish

and restlessness.* Phlegmasia alba dolens, swelling pale and œdematous, exhaustion, restlessness, burning pains and chilliness. Bubo, gangrenous type.* Cancer of the scrotum.

Respiratory System.—Profuse fluent coryza, with burning ex-coriating discharge.* Paroxysmal sneezing.* Frequent sneezing, with copious discharge of watery mucus.* Cancer of the nose, burning pains and violent bleeding from the nose. Burning and soreness of the nose. Sneezing, with frontal headache and itching of the nose.* Profuse, thin, acrid discharge from the nose with prostration, headache and pain in the limbs.* Ozæna, malignant cases, with ichorous discharge. Burning in the throat. Angina gangrenosa.* Inflammation of the tonsils, with severe pain, great prostration, tonsils putrid or gangrenous.* Cough as from the smoke of sulphur, with feeling of suffocation. Dry hacking cough, with soreness of the chest. Difficult scanty expectoration, sometimes streaked with blood. Hoarseness and burning in the larynx. Asthma of Millar.* Spasmodic asthma of adults. Anxious and oppressive shortness of breath particularly when ascending an eminence, and at night when lying down. Suffocative oppression, with weakness and excessive debility. Angina of the chest. Constriction of the chest with anguish. Angina pectoris, with dyspnœa, debility and pale haggard face.* Asthma in the aged or feeble.* Chronic asthma with heart disease, after catarrh or bronchitis, or from local irritation.* Emphysema, from recession of rash, glairy white of egg expectoration. Chronic abscess of the lungs, with fœtid sputa.* Phthisis, chronic form, with diarrhœa, dyspnœa, emaciation.* Acute pleurisy with effusion. Palpitation of the heart, especially at night, and when lying on the back. Chronic organic disease of the heart. Pericarditis, with effusion and after scarlet fever.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Debility in the small of the back. Stiffness in the neck. Drawing and tearing pains in the arms. Legs feel so heavy he can hardly raise them. Stiffness and immobility of the limbs.

Skin.—Parchment like dryness, coldness and blueness of the skin. Burning and burning itching of the skin. Black blisters, burning and very painful. Red pustules, changing

to ichorous, crusty, burning and spreading ulcers. Putrid ulcers with fœtid ichor and proud flesh. Ulcers feel as if burnt. Ulcers, discharging a thin bloody pus. Carbuncles which burn like fire. Abscesses with severe burning pain, vital depression. Acne rosacea, chronic cases.* Cachectic erythema, when pustules appear on the arms. Malignant erysipelas, enormous swelling of affected part, excessive burning, tendency to gangrene. Herpes Zoster. Baker's itch, chronic form.* Lupus, chronic cases. Pemphigus, chronic form.* Pityriasis, chronic prurigo, itching and burning.* Purpura, tendency to disorganization of the blood, capillary effusion. General anasarca.

Fever.—General coldness, with parchment like dryness of the skin or profuse sweat. Chilliness, particularly after drinking, better from external heat. Chills intermingled with heat or internal coldness and external heat. Burning as from hot water running through the veins. Intermittent fever, chill every day at three o'clock P. M., thirsty during hot stage, great restlessness during the fever, with pain in the bones, small of the back and forehead.* Perspiration at the beginning of sleep, cold, clammy and sour. Great weakness, following paroxysm. Pulse frequent in the morning, slow in the evening. Typhoid and chronic intermittent fever, with much prostration, extreme thirst, burning pains. *Simple fever, with typho-malarial symptoms. Chronic ague. Dumb ague, chill not well defined, heat intense, great restlessness.* Malignant form of measles.* Relapsing fever. Typhus fever, extreme exhaustion, kidney trouble, dry, cracked tongue, involuntary diarrhœa, disorganization of the vital fluids.

Sleep.—Sleeplessness with uneasiness and tossing about. Starting of the limbs when on the point of falling asleep.

Generalities.—Especially suitable to melancholy and nervous temperament. The paroxysms of pain are accompanied with chilliness and shuddering. Laziness, dread of movement, great weariness. Pains in the whole body in every position. General rapid sinking of strength, excessive debility, emaciation; marasmus, consumption; atrophy of children, with tympanitis and glandular swellings. Diseases of the mucous

membranes and chronic blenorrhœa. Dropsical complaints. Scrofulous affections. Ascites, from feebleness of the heart, and in old people, debility, emaciation and depression. Extreme restlessness and fear of death. Burning pains. Desire to be in a warm room. Better from warmth. Worse about one o'clock A. M. Bad effects from poisoning with animal substances; anthrax; dissecting wounds. Gangrene better from heat. Malarial and asthenic fevers.* Atheroma, puffy eyes, drowsiness, intellectual stupor. Bright's disease from malaria. Fatty kidney from alcoholic excess. Malarial, cancerous and scrofulous cachexia.* Chlorosis, menorrhagia, œdematous paleness, cardiac complication.* Dropsy and œdema of the lungs.* Dropsy from feeble circulation.

ARUM TRYPHILLUM.

The indications for the use of arum are all adapted to its secondary action and therefore point to the higher attenuations.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Digestive System.—Stomatitis, malignant form, mouth raw, excoriated, with profuse discharge of excoriating saliva. Swelling of sub-maxillary glands.

Respiratory System.—Stoppage of the nose. Discharge from the nose excoriating the nostrils and upper lip. Throat feels excoriated. Hoarseness and loss of voice. Profuse flow of acrid saliva. Voice uncertain changing continually. Bronchial catarrh, loose cough, with inability to expectorate, in children and old people. Tonsilitis, with stinging, pinching pains, sudden swelling.

Fever.—Scarlatina, excoriated nose and lips, profuse and acrid saliva; lips and corners of the mouth bleed on motion. Typhoid fever, sore mouth, lips and nose, constant picking at them, foetid breath, insomnia and suppressed urine.

Generalities.—Raw bleeding surfaces, itching and burning. Children pick their fingers, their skin, don't want play, lose the appetite, lose flesh, have headache. Face swollen, lips swollen.

AURUM METALLICUM.

The general indication for the use of aurum is for the lower potency, proceeding upward, especially for Nervous Dyspepsia, Syphilis, Amenorrhœa, Chronic Metritis, Impotence and Chronic Bright's Disease.

For Melancholia, Hysterical Spasm and Caries of the bones, the high will generally act better.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Melancholy. Inclination to suicide. Fits of anger with rashness. Hysteria and hypochondriac dejection of spirits. Seems to have no friends. Desire for open air. Melancholia, with depression, vertigo, cerebral anæmia.* Suicidal or religious mania, sexual excitement, great depression. Mental depression from cerebral exhaustion.* Fearful and longing for death.

Brain and Nervous System.—Heat and roaring noise in the head. Fiery sparks before the eyes after mental exertion. Congestion to the head. Sense of air passing through the brain. Hysterical hemicrania, congestion to the brain, stitching pain in left side of the head. Hysteria, with melancholy, menorrhagia, congestive headache.* Excessive sensitiveness of the whole body.

Eyes and Ears.—Diminution of sight. Red swelling of the eyelids. Black spots, gauze or flames before the eyes. Horizontal half sight. Excessive tension in the eyes. Iritis from syphilitic or mercurial taint.* Roaring in the ears. Hardness of hearing. Fœtid otorrhœa. Yellow fœtid discharge.

Digestive System.—Nervous dyspepsia, pain in left side of stomach.* Swelling and suppuration of the inguinal glands.* Inguinal hernia of children. Constipation, large knotty stools. Nightly diarrhœa with burning in the rectum.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Frequent emissions of watery urine. Painful retention of urine. Turbid urine, like buttermilk. Nightly erections and pollutions. Itching of the scrotum. Chronic induration of the testes. Prolapsus and induration of the womb. Amenorrhœa from torpor of the ovaries.* Bubo in mercurialized constitutions. Discharge of prostatic

fluid, relaxed organism, melancholy.* Chronic metritis, with scanty menstruation.* General and local dropsy.

Respiratory System.—Stoppage of the nose. Fluent coryza. Foetid coryza. Ulceration of the nose. Epidemic influenza with bone pains. Offensive discharge from the nose in syphilitic subjects.* Scrofulous or syphilitic ozæna.* Caries of the palate after mercury.* Syphilitic inflammation of the larynx, drawing pains in the bones, ozæna.* Severe dyspepsia, especially at night, with anguish. Palpitation of the heart.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Pain as from bruises early in the morning. Nightly bone pains. Inflammation and ulceration of the bones. Bony tumors. Scrofulous and mercurial swellings. Small exostosis on the head, with burning pain, worse from touch.

Skin.—Eruption on the face, fine pimples. Swollen ulcerated lips, scrofulous subjects.* Pustules on the head, face and neck.

Sleep.—Uneasy sleep. Frightful dreams. Sobs aloud during sleep.

Fever.—Chilliness at night in bed. Coldness of the hands and feet. Very sensitive to cold over the whole body.

Generalities.—Cancerous, mercurial and syphilitic cachexia.* Affections of the bones, glands, and oculo nasal membranes. Ascites of scrofulous constitutions, from diseases of the liver. Anasarca, after fever and ague. Chorea, with otorrhœa after scarlatina. Secondary and tertiary syphilis.* Worse at night and from cold. Better from motion and warmth.

BAPTISIA TINCTORIA.

This remedy will be found more efficacious in the lower attenuations than in the high, particularly in Typhoid Fever, often failing if used higher than the third.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Confusion of ideas, excitement of the brain, particularly at night. Stupor and delirium. Especially at night, with frightful delirium. Cannot go to sleep because she cannot get herself together. Head feels as though scattered about, tossing about the bed to get the pieces together.

Brain and Nervous System.—Dull stupefying headache. Head feels too heavy. Congestion to the head, the head feels too large.

Face.—Burning heat of the face, cheeks burn. Face dark red, with besotted expression.

Digestive System.—Stomatitis, mouth hot and red, with canker spots and superficial ulcerations, fœtid breath and profuse salivation. The tongue feels as though it had been scraped, Stomatitis of infants and of consumptives. Putrid ulceration of the buccal mucous membrane, with salivation. Irritability of the stomach, acid eructations, griping pains and frequent small offensive stools. Very offensive exhausting diarrhœa, excoriating. Stools dark, thin, fœcal. Dysentery; stools of pure blood, or bloody mucus. Before stool, violent colic; during and after stool, severe tenesmus.

Respiratory System.—Diphtheria; the disease assumes a putrid character, bluish color of the throat, dark ulcers and fœtid breath. Congestion of the lungs with oppressed breathing, rising up in the bed does not relieve, must go to the window for fresh air. Unable to get a full breath from want of power in respiratory organs. Constriction and oppression of the chest.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Stiffness in the joints as if sprained. Severe drawing pains in the calves of the legs. Limbs tremble and are very weak.

Fever.—Typhoid fever with delirious stupor. While answering a question correctly falls into a deep sleep, Soreness of the flesh, the bed on which he lies feels too hard. Scarlet fever of a typhoid character, ulcerated sore throat, fœtid breath, dry, sore tongue and vomiting. Hectic fever of phthisis.

Generalities.—Pains of a pressing, drawing character. All discharges from the mucous surfaces have a fœtid odor. Pains worse from motion, better from rest.

BARYTA CARBONICA.

There is no essential difference between the high and low attenuations of this remedy, both producing the secondary or curative effect. The lower attenuation being preferred in ton-

silitis. Swelling and induration of glands. Premature senility and paralysis of old people.

The high for nervous symptoms and fatty tumors.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Disinclination to talk; dejection of spirits. Fear or dread of others. Solicitude and anxious care about trifles. Suddenly overwhelmed with apprehension of evil. Imagines himself criticised or laughed at, which causes him great unhappiness. Anxiety about one's family causing great distress.* Mental weakness.* Weak memory in children.* Forgets what was just said or done or what he was just about to say or do. Children have a great aversion to strangers, they make them worse.

Brain and Nervous System.—Sensation as if the brain were loose, it seems to move to or fro on motion of the body. The brain feels stupefied as if numb. Right side of the head while really cold feels burning hot. Sensation as if the hair stood on end. Headache in the evening, every noise affecting the brain painfully. Vertigo with nausea on stooping. Apoplexy of the old or drunken.*

Eyes and Ears.—Sees every thing in a fog, with aching pain in the eyeballs. Sensation of a gauze before the eyes, particularly early in the morning and after dinner. Cannot bear to look at one object for any length of time. Sparks before the eyes in the dark. Black spots before the eyes. Soreness and weariness of the eyes. Sounds in the ears, roaring, buzzing and cracking. Itching in the ears. Deafness.

Face.—Tension in the face as from cobwebs. Sensation as if the face were swollen.* Swelling and induration of the sub-maxillary glands.*

Digestive System.—Toothache in decayed teeth, before the menses, or from cold.* Frequent and considerable bleeding of the gums. The passage of food to the stomach is painful, as though it passed over a sore spot. Sore feeling at the stomach, even while fasting. Painful distention of the abdomen. Sensation of anguish, with uneasiness and sick feeling in the lumbar region, and urging to stool. Loose stool at short intervals,

with renewed urging. Diarrhœa, with pain in the small of the back. Excoriation at the anus. Atrophy of children, with lymphangitis and glandular swellings.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Great desire to urinate, cannot retain the urine. Frequent emissions of urine, particularly every other day. Impotence. Decrease or loss of sexual desire. Great increase of sexual desire.* Continued increase of sexual desire (in women).* Scanty menses. Leucorrhœa before the menses.* Weakness and fainting during menstruation. Premature senility.

Respiratory System.—Hoarseness and aphonia. Cough after midnight, with huskiness and accumulation of mucus in the throat. Diseased condition of the posterior nares, especially with frequent epistaxis. The throat is pale, sore, with putrid breath, difficulty of moving the lower jaw. Sore throat from the least cold. Sense of a plug in the throat. Swollen and suppurating tonsils, preventing speaking. Chronic disposition to inflammation of the throat, and swelling of the tonsils.* Chilliness, heat, and sensation as if bruised in all the limbs, followed by inflammation of the throat, with swelling of the palate and tonsils, which suppurate, prevent the opening of the jaws, speaking or swallowing. Chronic enlargement of the tonsils, in children of fair complexion, or after quinsy or as a sequel of scarlatina. Suffocating cough. Loose cough with saltish, starch-like expectoration. Cough from tickling in the larynx. Suffocative catarrh and paralysis of the lungs in old people.* Sensation as if the lungs were full of smoke, after pneumonia, with smell as of pine smoke. Asthma, especially in old people; fat, with light hair, worse in wet weather and from warm air, frequent copious urination and paralysis of the tongue. Palpitation of the heart, when lying on the left side.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Pain in the sacrum. Stiffness in the sacrum and nape of the neck. Frequent pains in the axilla. Numbness of the limbs, as if they had gone to sleep. Drawing and shooting in the legs. Tensive pain in the small of the back.

Fever.—Scarlet fever, with enlargement and induration of the glands of the neck, and much pain in the head and ears.

Perspiration on one side, as one foot or one hand. Heat at night with anguish. Constant coldness as from cold water being poured over one.

Sleep.—Frequent yawning. Unconquerable drowsiness. Pain in the legs at night as from excessive exertion. Raving, or stupefaction at night as in fever.

Skin.—Tingling and burning prickings here and there. Itching of the scalp and loosening of the hair. Intolerable tingling over the whole body. Swelling and induration of glands. Soles of the feet painful from callosities. Warts. Panitritium.

Generalities.—Constantly weak and weary, wishes to lean on something or lie down, but is still weak and weary when lying down. Prostration and inability to support one's self on one's limbs. Great nervousness with irritation of all the senses. Great sensitiveness to cold, catches cold easily and is liable to sore throat. Consequences of a cold. Scrofulous affections. Scrofulous children who do not grow and dwarfish women with scanty menstruation and troublesome weight about the pubes in any position. Complaints of old people or of children, particularly physical, mental or nervous weakness. Fatty tumors, especially of hard drinkers. Fœtid sweat of the feet. Worse while lying on the painful side, sitting or thinking of his complaint.

BELLADONNA.

The direct or primary action of belladonna is anti-spasmodic, with specific relation to the voluntary and circular muscular fibres. It is also analgesic, and adapted to congestive conditions from contraction of the veins. In the lower attenuation it is curative in spasmodic affections. Spasmodic constriction of the bowels with obstinate constipation. Spasmodic colic. Spasmodic dysmenorrhœa. Rigidity of the os uteri. Spasmodic stricture of the urethra, sphincter vesicæ, or sphincter ani. Strangulated hernia. Whooping cough. Laryngismus stridulus. Nervous cough. Asthma. Cerebral disease with contraction of the pupil. Neuralgia, with congestive condition of the part affected. Congestive headache. Galactorrhœa. Enuresis. Profuse sweating. Leucorrhœa, with ulceration of

the os uteri. Exophthalmos. Erysipelas. Prurigo. Herpes zoster. Erythema. Eczema and sweat of Phthisis.

In the higher attenuations it is adapted to Delirium, Mania, Scarlet rash, Scarlet fever, Measles, Hæmorrhages, Hydrocephalus, Ophthalmia, Apoplexy, Coma, Congestion of the brain.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Nightly delirium. Delirium with wildness, tears his clothes and tries to injure himself. Desire to bite those around him. Bites everything in way. Immoderate laughter. Foolish manners. Violent weeping, moaning and howling, without any cause, accompanied with fearfulness. Despondency. Dejection of spirits. Illusion of sense on closing the eyes. Delirium with frightful figures and visions before the eyes. Great irritability of all the senses. Loquacious delirium with desire to escape. Alternate laughing and crying. Singing and attempts to compose songs. Quickness of sensation. Desire to commit suicide by drowning.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo and nausea with vanishing of the sight and stupefaction. Vertigo as if intoxicated. Headache as if the brain were stunned, the whole head feels heavy as from intoxication. Aching in the forehead, worse from motion, causing the eyelids to close. Continuous dull headache on one side of the head. Continuous and forcible dilatation of the whole brain. Headache as though the brain were pressing out through the skull. Throbbing headache, congestion of blood to the head, throbbing of the carotids, intolerance of light and noise.* Periodical nervous headaches, worse about 3 P. M. Sensation as of swashing in the brain. Boring of the head into the pillow. Shaking and bending backward of the head. Sick headache, feeling as if the head would burst, worse from motion, bright light, noise or draught of air. Headache from having the hair cut. Headache worse on the right side. Neuralgic pain, appearing suddenly and disappearing as suddenly as it came. Paralysis; loss of consciousness, red face, dilated pupils, loss of sight, smell and speech, spasms of the face, thick tongue, difficult deglutition, involuntary emissions of urine, reaching of the hands to the

genitals, paralysis of the limbs, right and left, coma. Hyperæmic symptoms after sunstroke. Arterial congestion, red face, tendency to delirium.* Cerebral congestion of childhood. Coma. Delirium Tremens; insomnia, coma vigil, cold surface, cyanosis. Convulsions of dentition. Headache of women and children from over study, fatigue or at the menstrual period.* Acute Hydrocephalus; after the vomiting, premonitory cerebral symptoms. Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis; spasmodic distortion of the face, grinding of the teeth, heat of the upper part of the body, cold extremities. Hyperæmic condition of the brain and spinal cord.* Epilepsy; young and sanguine patients, especially in peripheral, testicular or hysteric form. Chronic myelitis, from retrocession of eruptions. Hysteria, at climacteric.* Myelitis from external violence. Congestion of the brain from a fall or bruise. Infantile paralysis.* Paralysis of the insane. Locomotor ataxy.* Sciatica; sharp pain and restlessness, continual complaining.* Tetanus; rheumatic form.* Trismus neonatorum; from inflammation of the umbilicus.* Apoplexy.

Eyes and Ears.—Entropium. Itching, stitches in the inner canthi, going off for a time on rubbing. Feeling of burning dryness in the eyes. Eyes red, sparkling, wild and unsteady. Constant flow of blood to the eyes, with bright redness of the vessels. Eyes red like a mass of blood. Intolerance of light. Inflammation of the eyes; gouty or strumatic subjects. Pain in the orbits, feeling sometimes as if being torn out. Amaurosis, cannot read any thing printed. Objects appear red or double. Objects appear wrong side up. Sharp, salty tears. Spasms of the eyes. Rolling and squinting of the eyes. Simple conjunctivitis.* Conjunctivitis; with congestion to the head, frontal headache, ocular surface dry.* Inflammation of the eyes from cold or foreign bodies.* Ophthalmia; vascularity of the parts, heat in the eyes, severe pain, especially at night, beating, throbbing headache, lachrymation, photophobia. Glaucoma; premonitory stage, with much local disturbance.* Iritis; traumatic origin.* Strabismus; after convulsions.* Lacerating in the ear. Tingling in the ears. Humming, waving and murmuring in the ears. Hardness of hearing from

cold after cutting the hair. Inflammation of internal and external ear.

Face.—Alternate redness and paleness of the face. Violent redness and heat of the face. Purplish or bluish color of the face. Erysipelas with smooth shining skin, the redness runs in streaks from a centre.* Inflammatory swelling of the parotid or sub-maxillary glands, especially in children. Ulcerated corners of the mouth. Scirrhus indurations and cancers of the lip. Swelling of the upper lip. Lock-jaw; convulsions in all the limbs and chilliness.

Digestive System.—Lacerating in the teeth, waking after midnight. Rheumatic toothache, in females, especially when pregnant.* Toothache; with red, hot face and beating in the head.* Grinding of the teeth with moaning. Burning, throbbing pains from inflammation of the dental pulp. Red, inflammatory swelling of the mouth and fauces. Tongue red, hot and dry, with red edges and white in the middle. Tongue painful to touch. White, cracked tongue with pytalism. Feeling in the tip of the tongue as if there was a vesicle upon it, painfully burning when touched. Papillæ of the tongue, bright red, inflamed and swollen. Slimy mouth, early in the morning when waking, with headache. Great dryness of the mouth, with irritable mood. Dryness of the mouth and throat, with thirst. Parched condition of the mouth as if the skin had been destroyed by something acid or corrosive. Hæmorrhage from the mouth and nose. Loss of taste. Putrid taste, especially after eating, although both food and drink have a natural taste. Aversion to food. Complete loss of appetite. Repugnance to meat, beer and acids. Bread tastes and smells sour. Long lasting aversion to food. Painful contraction and narrowing of the fauces. Sensation on swallowing as if the throat were too small and that nothing would go down. Aversion to all liquids with fury on seeing them. Hydrophobia; constant urging to swallow. Dysphagia, from dryness of the mouth and throat. Absence of thirst, or violent unquenchable thirst, with inability to swallow the least drop, or with great aversion to drink. Hasty drinking. Frequent bitter eructations. Half suppressed, incomplete eructations. Re-

peated attacks of violent hiccough. Spasmodic eructation, with hiccough. Hiccough, followed by convulsions of the head and limbs, afterwards nausea and lassitude. Nausea, and vomiting in the evening. Vomiting of bile and mucus, or of undigested food. Painful pressure in the stomach, particularly after a meal or when walking. Cramp like pain in the stomach. Distended abdomen, neither painful nor hard. Constriction in the abdomen as if a ball or lump would form. Protrusion of the transverse colon like a pad. Colic, as if a spot in the abdomen were seized with the nails. Gripping, clutching, seizing in the abdomen as with talons. Contractive dragging in the umbilical region. Flatulent colic. Lancinating in the inguinal glands. Violent, incisive pressure in the hypogastrium, here and there. Long lasting painfulness of the whole abdomen, as if it were all raw and sore. Peritonitis. Enteritis, with pad shaped protrusion of the transverse colon. Great heat and tenderness in the abdomen, cannot bear the least jar. Inflammatory ileus, heat in the bowels, tenderness to pressure, flushed and hot face, obstinate constipation. Intussusception, great pain in the ileo-cæcal region, cannot bear the slightest touch, not even the bed clothes, nausea and vomiting. Diarrhœac stool followed by frequent urging, little or no stool being passed. Dysenteric stool; tenesmus with diarrhœac stool. Thin, green, mucus stools, with gripping, colic and tenesmus, during and after stool. Gripping pains in the hypogastric region, better from holding the breath and bearing down. Shuddering during stool. Pressure in the rectum and bearing down. Contractive pain in the rectum. Violent itching and contractive pain in the anus. Paralysis of the sphincter ani, with involuntary discharge of pus. Burning pain after defecation.* Constipation.

Urinary and Sexual Organs.—Suppression of urine and stool, with profuse sweat. Retention of the urine, it passes only drop by drop. Frequent desire to urinate, passing only small quantities of a natural color. Yellow turbid or clear lemon colored urine. Turbid urine like yeast, with reddish sediment. Frequent and copious emissions of urine.* Pale thin watery urine. Enuresis, at night, with profuse sweat.* Inability to

retain the urine. Sensation of writhing and turning in the bladder as from a worm. Irritable bladder, especially of children and hysterical women.* Cystitis with much irritability. Hæmaturia and renal hyperæmia from cold, scarlatina, &c. Enuresis, at night in children. Lancinating in the testicles which are drawn up. Nocturnal emissions of semen, especially with relaxed penis. Inflammation of the bulb of the urethra. Orchitis with great hardness of the drawn up testicle, sensitiveness of the nervous system, intolerance of pain, neuralgic pain. Orchitis in congestive or subacute form. Pressing downward, early in the morning, as if all the contents of the abdomen would be forced through the genitals, (in women). Pressing followed by hæmorrhage. Menses too early and too profuse. Metrorrhagia, blood having a bad smell, especially of bright red color, with lumps. Ovaritis of the right side with great tenderness. Heat and dryness of the vagina. Rigidity of the os uteri. Erysipelatous inflammation of the mammæ, especially after weaning. Puerperal fever, after violent emotions or suppression of the milk.* Phlegmasia alba dolens; tearing, cutting pains, fever, burning thirst, hyperæsthesia of senses. Attachment of the placenta. Hæmorrhage, after confinement or miscarriage. Offensive lochial discharge. Contraction of the uterus, (hour-glass).* Labor like pains.* Inflammatory dysmenorrhœa, red face, confusion of sight, headache. Post partum hæmorrhage, profuse bright red blood, nausea and wave like tremor over the body. Prurigo of the vagina, which is irritated, inflamed and studded with vesicles.* Puerperal convulsions. Violent delirium from suppression of the lochia, furious, ludicrous or muttering mania. Mammary abscess, shining, red, and swollen.* Puerperal peritonitis, with headache, flushed face, delirium. Spasms of pregnant women. Spasms of the bladder. Hyperæmic states of the os uteri, arterial congestion with tenesmus of the cervix or bearing down.* Parenchymatous inflammation of the uterus.

Respiratory Organs.—Bleeding of the nose. Acute nasal catarrh; fluent coryza, especially of one nostril, with cough or sore throat.* Coryza with cough. Fluent coryza of one nostril, especially with smell as of herring brine. Rawness and

soreness of the palate. Dryness in the fauces and burning of the tongue. Inflammation of the throat and fauces, phlegmonous with violent fever.* Swelling of the throat. Soreness of the throat when swallowing. Sensation as of a lump in the throat. Inflammation, with dark redness of the throat. Difficult or entire inability to swallow. Liquids swallowed return by the nose. Inflammation of the throat, with a covering of a white tenacious mucus like a skin.* Inflammation and rapid suppuration of the tonsils.* Constriction of the fauces. Stammering, weakness of the organs of speech, with unimpaired consciousness and dilated pupils. Aphonia, sudden, of nervous origin. Diphtheria, mild cases, catarrhal form.* Laryngitis stridulus, uncomplicated cases or with convulsions.* Swelling of the tonsils. Hoarseness, painfulness of the larynx, with danger of suffocation when touching or turning the throat, when coughing, talking or taking breath. Night cough, waking from sleep with rattling of mucus. Irritable, dry cough from tickling in the larynx. Short, hacking cough. Hollow, barking, spasmodic cough, worse after midnight and from motion.* Whooping cough, child cries before coughing.* Labored, irregular breathing, at times hurried, at others slow. Difficult respiration. Frequent, short, hurried breathing, with moaning. Stitches in the chest, on deep breathing or coughing. Hysterical spasm of the chest.* Palpitation of the heart, extending to the neck. Bubbling sensation in the heart when ascending. Tremor of the heart, with anguish. Nightly attacks of asthma, especially in hot, damp climates.* First stage of pneumonia.

Osseous and Fibrous Systems.—Intense cramp pain in the small of the back, can only sit for a short time. Stabbing pains in the vertebra. Itching, stinging over the scapula. Painful stiffness between the scapulæ and in the nape of the neck. Back aches as if it would break.* Spasms, startings and convulsions of the limbs. Paroxysms of stiffness and immobility of all the limbs. Feeling of weight in both arms. Lameness and pressure of the arms, with weakness. Lameness, with tearing pains in the arms. Coxalgia, with burning, stinging pain in the joint, worse at night and from contact or motion. Pain in the

leg as if jammed. Tremulous weight of the legs. Swelling of the feet. Redness of the arms and hands. Gout, with erysipelatous redness, swelling, burning, throbbing pains, worse at 3 P. M.* Torticollis, spasmodic form.

Skin.—Pemphigus. Red spots, like flea bites, or like bloody spots, on chest, abdomen, face or neck. Purple rash. Scarlet spots or scarlet redness on face, neck, chest or hands, especially with hot swelling of the parts, quick pulse, asthma, cough or delirium. Erysipelatous inflammation; with swelling or mortification.* Red, hot swelling of affected parts.* Vesicular erysipelas.* Blisters, from a burn, with white margins. Acne, simple form, plethoric persons, especially with bright red pimples.* Acne rosacea. Chilblains, bright red, swelling and stinging. Bites of insects. Burning of the skin as from a hot stove. Cutting of the skin as though sliced with a knife. Smooth, shining redness of the skin and œdematous swelling or ulceration. Glandular swellings, painful or suppurating. Scirrhus indurations.* Cancerous affections.* Scrofulous and mercurial ulcers; soreness around and burning in the ulcer, black crusts with blood. Ichor. Swelling of the glands of the neck, back and limbs. Bursitis; redness and swelling, lancinating pains. Carbuncle, smooth, tense and bright red. Erythema of the face.

Sleep.—Drowsiness. Stupor. Deep sleep with snoring. Sleeplessness with inability to sleep. Starting with affright when falling asleep. Frightful visions on closing the eyes. Drowsiness, with almost constant moaning. Starting from sleep with screams. Feels as if floating in bed, when falling asleep. Lies with the head high. Insomnia, with heat and throbbing in the head.*

Fever.—Coldness of the whole body, with pale face. Coldness of the limbs, with heat of the head.* Chilliness from the least current of air. Chilliness not relieved by the heat of the stove. Chilliness when moving under the covers. Sweat coming and going suddenly.* Sweat with enuresis during sleep.* Internal and external burning heat with restlessness. Dry burning heat, with perspiration only on the head. Inflammatory fever. Typhoid fever; excited state of the circulation, furious delirium; headache, visions, violent startings. Measles, sore throat, spas-

modic dry cough, tendency to delirium or sopor; convulsions, startings, flushes or changes of color in the face. Scarlet fever; sthenic form, tense, bright red skin. Variola; severe head symptoms and delirium.*

Generalities.—During dentition. Acute and chronic hepatitis. Abdominal inflammations. Inflammation of lymphatic glands and vessels in children. Catarrhal ophthalmia. Amaurosis. Inflammation of the brain. Otitis. Measles. Scarlet fever. Hydrophobia. Congestions to the head, chest, uterus, etc. Hæmorrhages. Spasmodic diseases. Cramps of the stomach. Whooping cough. Epilepsy. Chorea. Apoplexy. Gout. Rheumatism. Neuralgia. Dysentery. Insanity and imbecility. Liability to take cold, with great sensitiveness to cold air.* Atrophy and marasmus of scrofulous subjects.* Bad effects from cold, fright, chagrin, or mortification. Fainting fits resembling lethargy. Excessive irritation and sensibility of the senses. Adapted to plethoric individuals; disposed to phlegmonous inflammations, or to lymphatic, scrofulous individuals, liable to glandular swellings. Diseases of children, females and young persons of mild temper, blue eyes, blonde hair, delicate skin. Pains come on suddenly and disappear suddenly, or reappear in some other part. Right side most affected. Sudden and violent cramp pains. Tumors, with much inflammation and sensitiveness to light touch. Worse at night, or about 3 P. M., from motion or draught of air. Better with the head high.

ACIDUM BENZOICUM.

The curative effects of benzoic acid in the lower attenuation are best shown in enuresis and urinary disorders, with alkaline urine and in bronchial affections.

The higher attenuations in gout, rheumatism, and urinary disorders with acid reaction.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Unpleasant thoughts. Omits words when writing.

Brain and Nervous System.—Headache from draught of air. Pressure on the whole of the upper part of the head and spinal

column, as if they were pressed together by an elastic body. Headache from cold. Periodical headache ; with nausea, pain in the stomach and cold hands.

Eyes and Ears.—Itching in the angles of the eyes. Itching in the ears. Shooting in the ears.

Digestive System.—Feeling of soreness and rawness at the root of the tongue and in the palate. Excessive ulceration of the tongue, with deeply chapped or fungoid surface. Ulcerated tumor in the mouth.* Hiccough. Feeling of heat throughout the abdomen. Bowels freely open, with extraordinary pressure to stool.* Fœtid, white watery stools, very copious and exhausting ; in infants with deep red urine.*

Urinary and Sexual Organs.—Irritability of the bladder, with frequent desire to urinate, urine being of normal color. Vesical catarrh. Nocturnal enuresis in children or the aged, intense urinary odor and high color. Dark reddish-brown urine, of greater specific gravity than normal urine, and acid reaction. Hot, scalding urine of deep red color and strong odor, with much suffering on passing. Urine of a very repulsive odor, of a changeable color, brownish, cloudy and alkaline reaction.* Excess of uric acid. Fleeting pains in region of the bladder.

Respiratory System.—Troublesome, almost constant, dry, hacking cough, especially from suppressed gonorrhœa.* Throbbing and palpitation of the heart, waking after midnight.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Pain in the large joints of the great toes, with slight tumefaction and redness. Changing pains in the muscles and joints, but most constant in the region of the heart. Gout symptoms from right to left. Concretions in the joints from gout or rheumatism.*

Skin.—Itching on various parts of the body and extremities.

Sleep.—Inability to sleep after 2 A.M., from internal heat and throbbing of the arteries.

Generalities.—Pains changing locality suddenly, appearing first on the left side, later on the right. Ganglion of the tendons.

BORAX.

The action of borax in the lower potency has been but partially developed, and its curative range extends only to aphthæ, sterility, dysmenorrhœa, and the facilitating of labor.

In the higher dilutions it is adapted to catarrhal complaints, disorders of digestion, urinary difficulties, and metrorrhagia.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Easily frightened. Starting from sudden motion or noise. Great dread of downward motion.

Brain and Nervous System.—Headache all over the head with nausea, inclination to vomit and trembling of the body, early in the morning. Hot head of infants, especially with hot mouth and hot palms of the hands.

Eyes and Ears.—Burning and soreness in the eyes. Eyelashes turn inward inflaming the eyes. Roaring in the ears with hardness of hearing. Pus from the ears.

Digestive Organs.—Toothache in hollow teeth, dull and grinding in wet weather. Red blisters on the tongue, as if the skin were pulled off.* Shrivelling up of the mucous membrane of the mouth, child cries on nursing.* Distention from flatulence after every meal. Pinching in the abdomen, with diarrhœa. Diarrhœa after breakfast, or from smoking. Soft, light yellow, and slimy stools, several times a day. Green stool in infants.

Urinary and Sexual Organs.—The infant urinates every few minutes, with weeping and crying before urinating. Hot acrid urine. Menstruation too soon and too profuse. Leucorrhœa like white of egg, with sensation as of warm water flowing down.* Leucorrhœa, just between the menses.* Membranous dysmenorrhœa.* Sterility.*

Respiratory System.—Catarrhal complaints in damp and cold weather. Dry cough in bld people. Stitches in the chest on coughing, yawning, or breathing deeply. Stitches through to right shoulder blade.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Pain in the small of the back. Rheumatic drawing pain in the nape of the neck. Erysipelatous inflammation and swelling of the leg, especially after too

violent exercise. Burning, heat and redness of the toes or fingers on slight cold as if frozen.

Skin.—Unwholesome skin, small wounds suppurate and ulcerate. Dingy unhealthy skin which ulcerates easily.

Sleep.—Infant starts from a sound sleep with screams. Sleep disturbed by thirst and coldness. Drowsy during the day, wakeful at night.

Generalities.—Adapted to sensitive lax temperament and nervous constitutions; females and children; pregnant and nursing women. Diseases of the mucous membranes, and female organs of generation. Infants grow pale, almost blind, the flesh becomes relaxed and withered, refuse to nurse, cry much and often wake with anxious cries. Bad effects from riding, eating fruit, getting cold, or wet weather. Rough and frowsy hair, gets into snarls and sticks together; cannot be combed. Facilitates labor.* Promotes conception.*

BROMIUM.

In the lower potencies bromine is adapted to goitre, scrofulous affections, tumors, amenorrhœa and diphtheria.

In the higher attenuations it is more efficacious in asthma, vomiting, diarrhœa and nervous symptoms.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Extreme ill humor. Cheerful mood. Desire for mental labor.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo, with nausea, or in damp weather. Headache coming on in the sun, going off in the shade. Headache worse from rest. Headache over the left eye.

Eyes and Ears.—Darting through the left eye. Lachrymation of the right eye. Dilatation or protrusion of the eyes. Violent inflammation in the eyes with sensitiveness to light. Flashes before the eyes. Painless otorrhœa. Sound of bells ringing in the ears.

Digestive System.—Saltish taste of water. Nausea better from eating. Vomiting of bloody mucus or sour substance. Oppression and heaviness of the stomach. Inflammation of the stomach. Enlargement and induration of the spleen,*

especially after gonorrhœa. Violent itching or pinching pain in the abdomen. Diarrhœa from acids, stools green, yellow or black. Black fæcal diarrhœa, with blind intensely painful varices, worse after cold or warm water.

Urinary and Sexual Organs.—Swelling and induration of the testicles with coldness.* Swelling of the scrotum with chronic diarrhœa. Pain in the vagina as if sore. Flatus from the vagina. Menses too early and too profuse. Pain in the abdomen, and small of the back, during menstruation. Suppression of the menses.*

Respiratory System.—Soreness in the nose with scurfs. Fluent coryza, with frequent violent sneezing, and corroding of the nose and upper lip. Stoppage of the nose and fluent coryza at the same time. Inflammation of the throat. Diphtheria; soreness, hoarseness, rough deep cough, fluent coryza, stoppage of the nose, dingy brown extensive exudation. Disagreeable burning sensation in the throat. Burning from the throat to the stomach. Hoarseness and aphonia. Roughness of the throat with slight hacking cough. Rough hollow dry cough, Dry obstinate croupy cough. Dry spasmodic, wheezing cough with rattling breathing. Cough with suffocative symptoms. Asthma, with spasm of the glottis, tickling dry cough, wheezing and rattling in larynx. Membranous croup; asthenic from extreme congestion and œdema of the air passages, dry croupy cough not permitting the patient to utter a word, tickling and grating, violent sneezing with suffocative fits. Emphysema, after inflammation of the lungs, gasping, wheezing, spasmodic closure of the glottis, pressure in the stomach. Bronchial catarrh, feeling as if the air passages were full of smoke. Dyspnoea after measles. Weakness in the chest. Palpitation of the heart, cannot lie on the left side. Hypertrophy of the heart.*

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Painful soreness of the small of the back. Stiffness and pain in the neck in motion. Chronic arthritis, swelling, immovability, and deformity of the joints.

Skin and Glandular System.—Hot disagreeable feeling in the face, as if from a cobweb. Boils on the arms and in the face.* Scrofulosis, particularly swellings.* Indurations and

swelling of glands. Scrofulous swelling on both sides of the neck.* Goitre.*

Sleep.—Excessive drowsiness and languor. Dreams of a vivid or startling character.

Generalities.—Excessive languor and debility, particularly in the morning after breakfast. Tremulousness all over. Adapted to persons with thin white skin and very light hair. Malignant scald head.

BRYONIA ALBA.

In the low attenuation Bryonia acts favorably in gout, pericarditis, gastrodynia, inflammation of serous membranes with exudation. Rheumatism with deposit. Bilious headache. Dyspepsia from affection of the liver. Bilious vomiting, and liver affections.

In the higher attenuation it is adapted to diarrhœa, vomiting, cholera symptoms, constipation, rheumatism, myalgia, pneumonia, bronchitis, mastitis, dysmenorrhœa, nervous or myalgic headache, and neuralgia.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Lowness of spirits, doubts about the future or of recovery. Exceedingly irritable, every thing makes him angry. Desire for things which do not exist, or which are no longer wanted when offered. Delirium at night, with desire to escape, feels as if among strangers and wants to go home. Delirium, talks about business affairs. Sudden changes of mood. Thoughts vanish from weakness of mind.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo on raising up with nausea and faintness. Headache in the morning on moving. Headache, especially when stooping, as if the brain would come out through the forehead. Headache pressing from within outward. Headache worse from the least motion, more on the right side, wants to lie perfectly still. Heat in the head, with dark red face and coldness of the rest of the body. Head painful to touch. Simple non-inflammatory congestion of the brain. Congestive headache with dyspepsia and constipation. Sick headache with bilious vomiting.* Rheumatic, nervous or arthritic headache increased by motion. Acute hydrocephalus,

impending effusion. Cerebro-spinal meningitis.* Intercostal neuralgia, worse from breathing, coughing, or motion, better from lying on affected side. Traumatic tetanus.

Eyes and Ears.—Pressure in the eyes as from sand, early in the morning. Burning in the eyes. Redness and inflammation of the lids. Ophthalmia of infants at the breast and arthritic persons. Frequent lachrymation in the open air, when the sun shines. Eyes feel sore on moving them. Feeling as if the ears were obstructed. Humming in the ears. Intolerance of noise.

Face.—Pale yellow color of the face.* Bloated, red, hot, livid face. Sudden changes of color in the face. Lips swollen and chapped or parched dry and cracked.

Digestive System.—Darting pains in the teeth extending to the ears, obliging one to lie down. Looseness of the teeth, with feeling as if too long, especially early in the morning on waking. Toothache worse from warm things, draught of air, or tobacco, better from cold water, or lying on painful side. Dryness of the mouth with great thirst, or absence of thirst. Thirst for large quantities of water at long intervals. Desire for warm drinks, feels better after them. Indistinct speech from dryness of the mouth. Dirty white or yellow coating on the tongue.* Flat, insipid sweetish or disgusting putrid taste, particularly before breakfast. Aversion to food, even with hunger. Morbid hunger, must eat often. All food or drink tastes bitter or is tasteless. Desire for things which cannot be eaten. Frequent empty eructations. Regurgitation of food. Nausea on waking in the morning. Vomiting immediately after eating. Vomiting of bile and water.* Bloody vomiting, obliging one to lie down. Pressure as of a stone in the stomach after eating. Intolerance of the least pressure in the pit of the stomach. Cutting as with knives in the stomach. Sensation of swelling in the stomach. Burning in the stomach. Inflammation of the stomach. Spasms of the stomach. Dyspepsia of liver origin.* Spasmodic pains and colic in the abdomen. Sharp stitching pains in sides and bowels, distention of the bowels and irritability. Tensive burning pains in the region of the liver which is swollen and sore.* Stitches in the liver worse

from motion.* Inflammation of the liver. Stitches in the spleen. Constipation. Hard, tough stool, with protrusion of the rectum. Dry stool as if burnt. Stools too large. Chronic constipation, with chilliness, pain about the liver, large, hard, dry stools.* Constipation of infants at the breast. Diarrhœa during hot weather, especially from cold drinks or sudden changes. Stools thin, brown, fæcal, bloody or undigested, worse on motion. Diarrhœa after colic, burning after stool.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Hot, red, brown, scanty urine. Suppressed or painful urine, with much straining. Passes a few drops on moving. Burning and cutting in the urethra. Frequent emissions of watery urine. Suppression of the menses, with bleeding of the nose. Amenorrhœa, after exposure, rheumatic cutting pains in the bowels and nausea. Menses too early, too profuse, dark red, worse from motion. Lacerating in the limbs during the menses. Metrorrhagia, blood dark red, pain in the small of the back and headache. Colic of pregnant and lying-in females. Puerperal fever, mammæ turgid with milk. Stitching pains in the ovaries on deep inspiration, parts sensitive to touch. Suppressed lochia, with splitting headache. Nodosities and indurations of the mammæ. Milk fever, rheumatic pain in mammæ. Galactorrhœa and complaints from weaning. Stone-like hardness of the breasts, which are hot and painful, but not very red. Threatened mammary abscess. Indurated nipples.

Respiratory System.—Frequent bleeding of the nose early in the morning or after rising, especially with suppression of the menses. Swelling of the nose, with ulcerative pain when touched. Profuse violent coryza, pain in the forehead and chilliness. Dry coryza, also chronic, crusts of hardened mucus in the nose. Dryness of the throat, with difficult swallowing and hoarseness. Sticking sensation when swallowing. Feeling of constriction in the throat. Violent coryza without cough. Hoarseness, especially in the open air. Dry spasmodic cough, with vomiting. Spasmodic cough after eating or drinking. Soreness in the pit of the stomach when coughing. Sensation as if the head and chest would fly to pieces when coughing. Cough at night in bed, compelling him to sit up at once.

Cough with stitches in the chest and expectoration of tenacious, rust-colored mucus. Acute and chronic bronchitis. Cough on coming into a warm room from the open air. Quick, anxious, difficult breathing, caused by stitches in the chest; aggravated by every movement, has to sit up. Deep, slow breathing. Suffocating fits, as from gas entering the larynx. Stitches in the chest when lying on the back, worse from motion. Pneumonia and pleurisy, after aconite has controlled the fever.* Pain, catching the breath. Pleuro-pneumonia, from exposure to cold winds.*

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Soreness and stiffness in the neck on moving the head. Burning between the scapulæ. Stitches in the small of the back. Lumbago. Shining, red, rheumatic swellings of joints, pain preventing motion. Rheumatism of the muscles of the chest. Pain as if dislocated in wrist or ankle. Swelling of the hands. Painful stiffness of the knees. Hot inflammatory swelling of the feet. Uncertain, tottering gait. Œdematous swelling of the joints. Gout.* Tearing stitching pain in chest or right shoulder, in joints, muscles and right side, worse on motion.

Sleep.—Great drowsiness in the daytime. Starting every evening when falling asleep. Unable to sleep, has to rise from the bed, parts feel so sore. Delirium when waking from sleep. Delirium about the business of the day. Sleep does not refresh, feels tired and weary on waking, but better after rising. Somnambulism.

Skin.—Pain all over the body, as if the flesh were loose. Yellow color of the skin.* Rash of lying-in women and children. Erysipelas of the joints. Burning, itching eruptions. Pricking of the skin. Carbuncles; promotes suppuration. Indolent tumors of slow growth, imperfect suppuration.*

Fever.—Chilliness, as chilly feeling after sleeping. Head feels muddled. Intermittent fever, chilliness predominates. Dry cough, with stitches in the chest. Dry burning heat, mostly internal. Perspiration sour, or oily. Acute inflammatory fever, with great irritation of the nervous and vascular systems. Bilious fever.* Low fevers, especially relapsing fever. First stage of typhoid. Simple fever, with heavy, stu-

pefying headache, aggravated by movement ; shooting pains in the limbs, yellow coated tongue, constipation and nausea. Measles, retrocession of the eruption. Bronchitis and pneumonia of measles.

Generalities.—Loss of strength on making the least effort. Stitching, tearing pains, worse from motion, better from rest. Nausea and faintness from sitting up. Hard knots and blotches on the skin. Putrid ulcers, feeling cold. Worse at 9 P. M. and early in the morning, after eating and on motion. Better from perfect quiet and lying on painful side.

CACTUS GRANDIFLORUS.

The indications for the use of cactus are all for its secondary or specific action, and point to its use in the higher attenuations.

Its principal sphere of action is in functional and organic disease of the heart. Dropsy of cardiac origin. Disorders of the female generative organs, and some varieties of intermittent fever.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Melancholy. Sadness. Ill humor.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo, with congestions. Heavy pain, as from a weight on the vertex. Throbbing pain, with feeling as of a weight on the right side of the head. Neuralgic, or nervous sick headache, on the right side, worse from motion and strong light. Neuralgia of the face, on the right side. Cerebro-spinal meningitis, with pain everywhere through the body, darting and grasping in spells.

Eyes and Ears.—Dimness and loss of sight. Red lights before the eyes. Rheumatic ophthalmia. Humming and beating in the ears.

Face.—Heat in the face and head as from a coal of fire.

Digestive System.—Constriction, heaviness or beating in the stomach. Nausea and vomiting of blood. Sensation of constriction, as though a rope were being drawn tighter and tighter around the body, or as if dragging a heavy load. Constipation of hard, black stools. Diarrhœa in the morning, stools watery, mucus and bilious. Hæmorrhage from the

anus. Feeling as of great weight in the anus. Swollen, painful varices of the anus.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Constriction of the neck of the bladder. Irritation in the urethra, with constant desire to urinate. Burning urine, passing in drops. Straw-colored urine, with sandy sediment. Hæmorrhage from the bladder. Bright's disease of cardiac origin. Throbbing pain in uterus and ovaries. Feeling of constriction in uterine region. Very painful menstruation, causing loud cries. Menses cease on lying down. Menses of black blood. Congestive dysmenorrhœa. Uterine hæmorrhage, blood dark, clotted, with labor-like pain.

Respiratory System.—Fluent coryza, corroding the nose. Profuse bleeding from the nose. Constriction of the throat, which prevents swallowing. Frequent swallowing of saliva. Constriction in the chest, impeding respiration. Difficulty of breathing: attacks of suffocation, cold perspiration on the face and loss of pulse. Spitting of blood, with convulsive cough. Spasmodic pulse, with copious expectoration. Pinching pain in the chest, with oppression. Acute stitches in the heart, causing him to cry out. Sensation of constriction around the heart, as though grasped by a hand of iron. Angina Pectoris. Asthma, of cardiac origin, oppression of the chest as from a weight, stitches in the heart. Inflammation of the heart, after rheumatism. Hypertrophy of the heart, with constrictive pain. Palpitation of the heart, worse at menses. Hæmoptysis from cardiac overaction.

Extremities.—Edema of the hands and feet, more on left side.

Sleep.—Can't sleep for pulsation in different parts. Delirium at night, waking him up.

Fever.—Intermittent attacks at the same hour every day. Regular paroxysms at 11 A.M. or P.M.

Generalities.—Feeling of constriction in various parts. Hæmorrhages from mouth, nose, lungs, rectum, etc. Chronic disease of the heart. Dropsy from heart disease. Grasping pain in the heart, burning pain in the bladder, pulsating pain in uterus and ovaries.

CALCAREA CARBONICA.

The action of the carbonate of lime renders it particularly suited to the diseases of young persons and children. The range of the remedy is quite extensive, with especial affinity for the mucous membranes, the fibrous and osseous systems, and the nervous and lymphatic systems of the abdomen. "It is especially suitable to the *venoso hæmorrhoidal, plethoric, or to the lymphatic, slow and heavy, or to the scrofulous rickety, constitution, especially when there is a predominant disposition to fluct coryza, cold and diarrhœa.*" In general, calcarea is suited to the young organism; and *may* be used with especial benefit in all scrofulous diseases, or in the diseases of new-born children, such as ophthalmia, muscular and nervous weakness, acidity of the stomach, etc. In old people the remedy should not be repeated, nor often in the higher attenuations.

The lower attenuations have a favorable action in early life, and in diseases attended with acid states of the digestive tract. Sour vomiting of children. Sour diarrhœa. Diseases due to defective assimilation, and disturbances arising during dentition.

In all other conditions the high potencies will act more favorably.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Low spirited and melancholy. Great desire to weep. Easily frightened. Ill humor. Apprehension, as if some misfortune were about to happen. Despairing mind, with fear of disease and misery, foreboding of sad events. Fear of losing her senses, or that others will observe her confusion of mind. Disinclined to work. The first part of the day anxious, the latter cheerful. Great anguish and palpitation of the heart. Hypochondriasis from sexual abuse or exhausting discharges.

Brain and Nervous System.—Head feels as if too full. Loss of the senses. Vertigo when stooping or ascending a height. Vertigo in the open air. Frequent semi-lateral headache, with eructation. Stupefying oppressive pain in the forehead. Headache arising from the nape of the neck. Icy coldness in the head. Congestive headache. Throbbing pain with nausea

and vertigo; worse from mental exertion and walking in the open air. Enlargement of the head with open fontanelles. Perspiration on the head, standing in drops, when sleeping, in children. Epilepsy in women and children, corpulent and unhealthy: with *Bell.* Hysterical headache, with eructations, nausea, cold sensation in the head. Chorea.

Eyes and Ears.—Pain in the eyes, as if pressed in. Pressure in the eyes in the evening. Itching in the eyes. Swelling and redness of the eyes, they become agglutinated every evening. Ophthalmia of infants or of scrofulous or arthritic persons. Dilatation of the pupils. Dimness of sight, objects appear as through a gauze. Dancing wavelets of light before the eyes. Far-sightedness. Ulcers and specks on the cornea. Cataract of strumous persons. Ophthalmia, eruption around the eyes, stinging pains. Stitches in the eyes and head during menses. Roaring, throbbing, buzzing and humming in the ears. Cracking in the ear, when chewing. Inflammation of the ears. Heat in the ears. Hardness of hearing after abuse of quinine. Purulent discharge from the ears.

Face.—Pale, thin, or wrinkled face. Yellowness of the face. Violent itching of the whole face. Circumscribed redness of the cheeks. Swelling of the upper lip.

Digestive System.—Toothache, from hot or cold things. Sensitiveness of the teeth, cannot bear the contact of the air or cold. Difficult dentition, strumous children. Bad smell from the teeth. Swelling, soreness, or itching of the gums. Bleeding of the gums. Toothache, during pregnancy. Dryness of the tongue. Thick, white coating of the tongue, with feeling of soreness, and as if the skin were off. Ranula. Sour, bitter or metallic taste. Aversion to any thing boiled. Ravenous hunger after eating, or loss of appetite. Desire for salt food, or eggs. Milk disagrees. Thirst, especially at night. Violent eructations, tasting of the food. Great sleepiness after eating. Sour vomiting, particularly in children. Eructation and heart-burn after food. Pressure, and cramps in the stomach, before and after eating, worse from cold water. Acidity of the stomach. Chronic acid dyspepsia, with tendency to diarrhœa. Regurgitation of the food. Tension and pressure in the region of the

liver. Cannot bear tight clothes around the hypochondria. Stitches about the liver. Swelling over the pit of the stomach, like a saucer turned bottom up. Feeling of coldness in the abdomen. Enlargement of the abdomen. Frequent severe spasms in the abdomen, especially in the evening and at night, with coldness of the thighs. Incarcerated flatulence. Enlargement and hardness of the abdomen, with swelling of the mesenteric glands, particularly in children. Constant gurgling in the abdomen. Constipation of white, clay colored, or hard, undigested stools. Diarrhœa, particularly in children, during dentition, or of strumous persons. Whitish, watery, sour stools. Yellow, fœtid, undigested, or frothy involuntary stools. Chronic diarrhœa, with debility, scrofulous diathesis. Diarrhœa, mostly painless. Discharge of blood from the rectum. Distended varices. Prickling in the rectum, as from ascarides. Burning in the rectum. Violent itching of the anus. Inflamed, burning, painful, grape-like eruptions around the anus. Biliary calculi (relieving the pain).

Urinary and Sexual System. Stitches in the urethra. Polypus of the bladder. Frequent wetting the bed. Burning in the urethra when urinating. Involuntary emissions of urine when walking. Fœtid, dark-brown urine, with white sediment. Bloody urine. Renal or vesical calculi, to relieve the pain. Hydrocele, in children. Increased sexual desire. Frequent nocturnal emissions. Menstruation too early and too profuse. The least excitement causes a return of the menses. Before the menses, pain and swelling of the breasts. During the menses, vertigo, heat in the head, toothache, cutting pains in the abdomen, and cold, damp feet. Amenorrhœa, with incipient tuberculosis. Endometritis, fleshy women of light complexion, with early and profuse menses, cold, damp feet. Leucorrhœa, like milk, at intervals or during menstruation. Leucorrhœa, with itching and burning. Leucorrhœa, from the vagina, white and profuse. Infantile leucorrhœa. Stitch-like pains in the os uteri. Hæmorrhages from the uterus. Itching, pressing or aching in the vagina. Sterility. Children refuse the milk on account of its deranged quality. Milk too abundant. Ophthalmia, acidity and muscular weakness of children.

Respiratory System.—Frequent sneezing without coryza. Violent fluent coryza. Violent coryza, with headache and difficulty in breathing. Stoppage of the nose, also with yellow foetid pus. Foetid smell in the nose. Bleeding from the nose, sometimes profuse. Sore ulcerated nostrils, sometimes preceded by frequent sneezing. Spasmodic constriction of the throat. Stitches in the throat when swallowing. Swelling of the tonsils. Swelling and inflammation of the palate; the uvula is dark red and covered with little blisters. Great dryness of the mouth and tongue, with roughness and stinging. Hawking of phlegm, especially early in the morning. Painless hoarseness. Sensation as if something were torn loose in the larynx. Nightly cough with hoarseness. Tickling cough, as from dust in the larynx. Cough at night, without expectoration. Expectoration through the day of thick, gray, yellow, bloody, persistent or sour mucus. Frequent necessity for deep breathing. The breathing becomes short when ascending the least height. Tightness of the chest, as if full and filled with blood. Dyspnœa, with tightness of the chest. The whole chest is intensely painful when touched or during an inspiration. Burning in the chest. Stitches in the chest on motion, or deep inspiration. Oppressive anguish in the chest. Palpitation of the heart, with anguish, at night or after eating. Stitching pain about the heart.

Fibrous and Osseous Tissues.—Pain in the small of the back, as from a sprain or over lifting. Pain as if sprained in the back; can scarcely rise from seat. Pressing pain between the scapulæ, occasioning arrest of breathing. Drawing, cutting, or shooting pain, between the scapulæ. Curvature of the dorsal vertebræ. Stiffness of the neck. Rachitis, with sour smelling diarrhœa. Pain as from a sprain in the right wrist, or as if bruised. Cramps in the hands at night. Trembling of the hands. Sensation of deadness in the hand, or fingers. Hip disease, with stitches and cutting in the joint. Spontaneous limping. Painful weariness of the lower limbs. Children are slow learning to walk. Pains in the muscles of the thighs as if bruised. Violent cramps in the calf of the leg and knee, more at night. Burning in the soles of the feet. Erysipelatous inflammation

of the leg. Cold feet, as from cold, damp stockings. Sour sweat on the feet.

Sleep.—Difficult waking. Tired and sleepy the whole day. Sleeplessness from many thoughts thronging the mind. Frightful dreams the whole night. Horrid visions on opening the eyes.

Skin and Glandular System.—Unwholesome, readily ulcerating skin; even small wounds suppurate and do not heal. Nettle rash, going off in cool air. Numerous small warts here and there. Itching, vesicular eruption over the whole body. Carious ulcers, with red, hard, swollen edges. Hard, white, elevated eruptions. Itching of the hairy scalps. Pimples on the forehead. Thin moist porrigo of the scalp. Scurfy pimples on the margin of the lips. Hard swelling of the sub-maxillary gland. Hard swelling of the cervical gland. Hypertrophy of glands, warts, polypi or benignant tumors.

Fever.—Great internal chilliness. Chilliness in the evening. Sweat in the daytime from walking or slight exercise, or at night in bed. Pulse full, frequent or tremulous. Frequent flashes of heat, with anxiety and palpitation of the heart. Perspiration in the first sleep. Night sweat, most on head and chest.

Generalities.—Adapted to the scrofulous or lymphatic temperament, women and children. Children and young persons inclined to grow fat. Fat children with large heads and open fontanelles. Diseases of new-born children, ophthalmia, muscular weakness, and acidity of the stomach. Diseases of women with too profuse and abundant menstruation. Diseases of drunkards, etc. Great emaciation, with swollen abdomen and good appetite. Very sensitive to the least cold air, takes cold easily. Arthritic nodosities. *Tabes mesenterica*. Swelling, softening and stinging of bones. Easy straining. Want of strength, easily fatigued. Assists in the healing of abscesses, after suppuration is completed.* *Adynamia*, from loss of animal fluids, or sexual excesses.* Carbuncles, relieves the pains.* Chlorosis, in scrofulous patients. Emaciation from defective assimilation and nutrition. *Phlegmasia alba dolens*, sensation of coldness over the whole body.

CAMPHORA.

The indications for the potency in this remedy all point to its use in the lower attenuation or tincture, and the frequent repetition of the dose, in severe cases as often as every five minutes. Hahnemann, quoted by Hempel, (*Materia Medica*, Vol. I. pp. 637) says of its use in a type of remittent fever then prevailing: "Camphor surpassed all the expectations that could have been formed of it; it was efficacious, and I may say specific, in all stages of the disease, accompanied or not by fever, especially when it was given as early as possible and in large doses. At the commencement I was very cautious in its use and did not give to adults above from fifteen to sixteen grains per diem, in almond milk; but I soon perceived that, in order to produce a speedy recovery, it was necessary to give, even to weak subjects, thirty grains, and to more robust individuals forty grains in the twenty-four hours."

Camphor is indicated in inflammatory diseases, exanthematous diseases, mania, melancholia, spasmodic affections, irritation of the urinary and sexual organs.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Confusion of ideas. Mania to dispute. Anguish. Ill humor. Somnolent delirium with slow fever. Low muttering delirium at night. Chronic mania with paroxysmal fits of violence.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo; heaviness of the head; the head inclines backward. Vanishing of the senses. Loss of consciousness. Dull headache above the os-frontis, with inclination to vomit. Congestion of blood to the head. Headache, better from thinking of it. Inflammation of the brain from exposure to the sun. Tetanic spasms, with stiffness of the body, head drawn to one side, jaw rigid and open, the muscles of the face unceasingly distorted, cold all over and breathless. Infantile convulsions, and hysteric paroxysms (by inhalation).

Face.—Pale countenance. Spasmodic distortion of the muscles of the face. Foam at the mouth.

Eyes and Ears.—Sensation as if objects were too bright and

shining. Staring, inflamed eyes. Ophthalmia. Excessive contraction of the pupil. Hot red lobules of the ears. Ulcer in the external meatus with stinging pain.

Digestive System.—Feeling in the teeth as if too long, with aching. Dry scraping sensation of the palate. Burning in the throat extending to the stomach. Frequent and almost continual empty eructations after dinner. Absence of thirst, or excessive thirst. Burning in stomach and abdomen. Inflammation of the stomach. Burning heat in the epigastrium and hypogastrium. Involuntary diarrhœa. Blackish stools. Obstinate constipation. Asiatic cholera, with cramps, particularly in the calves, blue, cold, shriveled skin, burning in the throat and stomach. Sudden diarrhœa, with chilliness, from cold.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Strangury, after cantharides. Burning of the urine during emission. Urgent and painful urination. Renal congestion, from use of turpentine. Impotence, weakness of genital organs and want of sexual desire. Irritable weakness with nocturnal emissions. Severe cramp-like after pains.

Respiratory System.—Incipient cold, with chilliness. Oppression of the chest, like suffocative catarrh. Constriction of the larynx. Paroxysmal, nervous palpitation of the heart.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Painful drawing stitches through and between the scapulæ, extending to the chest, when moving the arms. Painful pressure in the elbow joint. Difficult motion and weariness of the lower limbs. Cracking of the hip, knee and tarsal joints. Drawing pains as from bruises, in the thighs and knees. Drawing cramp pain in the foot, especially during motion.

Skin.—Violent itching. Blue, cold skin, with coldness of the body. Pale, withered, shriveled skin. Skin is painful all over, even to slightest touch.

Sleep.—Sopor and delirium. Insomnia from nervousness.

Fever.—Chills, and chattering of the teeth. Coldness of the surface, with throwing off of the clothes. Deficient circulation. Increased warmth of the whole body, with redness of the face. Cold clammy sweat, always debilitating. Pulse

small, weak and slow. After a chill, shooting pains, heat, trembling and stupor. Adynamic fever, with delirium. Retrocession, or imperfect development of the eruption in measles, scarlatina, and variola, or sudden malignancy of the disease. Internal heat with coldness to touch. Yellow fever in severe primary chill.

Generalities.—Epilepsy, spasms, convulsions, erysipelatous inflammations. Uncomfortableness of the whole body. Lameness and languor of muscles. Excessive weakness and failing of strength. Better when thinking of the disease. Worse from motion.

CANNABIS SATIVA.

Has been recommended in the lower attenuation for delirium, from softening of the brain, menorrhagia, asthma, paralysis and Bright's disease.

In the higher potencies for merry delirium, insomnia, neuralgia, catalepsy, gonorrhœa and cardialgia.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Cheerful mood, as if excited by liquor. Furious frenzy. Confusion of ideas. Sensation as if intoxicated. Delirium, from softening of the brain.* Delirium tremens.* Spasmodic laughter. Horror of darkness, fear of insanity.

Brain and Nervous System.—Sense of weight on the head, or as if drops of water were falling upon it. Vertigo, when standing or walking. Cerebro-spinal meningitis, in first stages of irritation and congestion. Mental excitement with insomnia. Neuralgia, in nervous temperaments, after exhausting disease. Paralysis from spinal disease, or of the insane.* Catalepsy.

Eyes and Ears.—Opacity of the cornea. Sensation of spasmodic drawing in the eyes. Pulsating in the ears. Acuteness of hearing.

Digestive System.—Sourness in the stomach, better from eating. Cramp in the stomach, paleness and sweat of the face. Bruised, sore feeling of the abdomen. Complete obstruction

of the bowels. Sensation as of something cold dropping from the anus. Chronic retention of urine.*

Urinary and Sexual System.—Chronic retention of Urine.* Strangury. Painful discharge of drops of bloody urine.* Difficulty of urination, with paralysis of the bladder. Burning in urethra, during and after urination.* Closing of the orifice of the urethra by mucus. Painful discharge of mucus.* Split stream.* Constant desire to urinate, passing but a few drops at a time. Nephritis, with burning, stinging and tearing pain in the kidneys. Bright's disease, bloody urine, uræmic convulsions.* Emissions and erections, always with amorous dreams.* Gonorrhœa, with soreness of the urethra and bloody discharge.* Excitation of the sexual instinct with sterility. When walking, penis feels sore and burnt. Swelling of prostate gland. Swelling of the prepuce, approaching phimosis. Gonorrhœa, after the inflammatory symptoms subside.* Puerperal mania, with delusions of, an exalted character, imagines herself a queen.* Menorrhagia.*

Respiratory System.—Asthma, compelling a standing position. Difficult respiration lying down. Inflammation of the lungs with vomiting of green, bilious matter.* Dry cough or with green, viscid mucus. Frequent tearing, hard, dry cough. Humid asthma, mucous râles, rattling cough, thick, yellow sputa. Inflammation of the heart. Palpitation of the heart. Sensation as of drops falling from the heart.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Pain in the back arresting breathing. Cramp-like pain in the hands. Lameness of the hands and wrists. Sudden weakness of the lower limbs, as if he would fall down.

Sleep.—Unconquerable drowsiness the whole day. Insomnia, with frightful dreams on falling asleep.

Generalities.—Complaints occasioned by fatigue. Inertia and weakness after slight exercise.

CANTHARIS.

In the lower potency cantharis is suited to the cure of gleet, enuresis, spermatorrhœa, impotence, the expulsion of moles and dead foetus from the uterus, and some forms of cystitis.

In the higher attenuation to hydrophobia, tonsilitis, pleurisy, nymphomania, inflammation of the ovaries, nephritis, dysuria, gonorrhœa, diarrhœa, and dysentery.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Great restlessness. Constantly attempting something but accomplishing nothing. Paroxysms of rage, with frenzy, or hydrophobia, barking like a dog, worse from touching the larynx or drinking water. Amorous frenzy, intense erethism of the sexual organs.

Brain and Nervous System.—Violent pain in the head. Lacerating or stitches in the head. Congestion of blood to the head. Inflammation of the brain. Burning and soreness in the brain.

Eyes and Ears.—Spasmodic movements of the eyes. Fiery, sparkling eyes with steady staring look. Dim sightedness. Ophthalmia. Burning and soreness in the eyes.

Face.—Pale, wretched appearance of the face. Bloated, red face. Lock-jaw, with grinding of the teeth and bloody saliva. Itching vesicles.

Digestive System.—Burning in the mouth, extending to the stomach. Inflammation of the mouth and throat. Aversion to food. Violent burning thirst, with aversion to fluids. Vomiting with violent retching. Inflammation of the stomach. Violent burning pains in the stomach. Sensitiveness of the stomach. Inflammation of the liver and diaphragm. Violent pain in the intestines.* Heat and burning in abdomen and bowels. Sensitiveness of the abdomen. Constipation. Dysenteric diarrhœa, yellow, brown, watery stools. Dysentery, stools white, mucous or bloody stools, like scrapings from the intestines. Green or bloody mucous stools. Before stool, violent colic. During stool, pressing and burning in the anus. After stool, burning, biting, and stinging in the anus, tenesmus and chilliness.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Inflammation of the kidneys. Violent pain in the bladder. Pressing pain along the ureters to the bladder. Paralysis of the neck of the bladder.* Violent cutting in the urethra. Suppression and retention of

the urine. Constant desire to urinate, passing but a few drops at a time, sometimes dark, red, and bloody. Tenesmus of the bladder. Frequent micturition. Discharge of drops of blood. Enuresis, sometimes painful, irresistible, bloody. Burning, cutting pain, during and after urinating. Bloody urine after acute symptoms.* Irritable bladder in women, without acute inflammation.* Chronic cystitis.* Enuresis in women past middle age, sometimes in children.* Threatened uræmia, nephritis after scarlet fever. Gonorrhœa, chordee and pain, bloody discharge. Inflammation of the penis. Painful erections. Frequent involuntary emissions. Increased sexual desire. Satyriasis.* Tenderness and burning pain in the ovarian region. Inflammation of the ovaries. Burning in pudendum. Nymphomania. Menses too early and too profuse, blood black. Swelling of the neck of the uterus. Promotes fecundity, expels moles, dead fœtuses, and the placenta.* Gleet, with frequent desire and pain in the region of the prostate gland, individuals of relaxed fibre and feeble circulation.* Impotence, nocturnal emissions, relaxed organs.*

Respiratory System.—Inflammation of the tonsils. Difficulty of swallowing, particularly liquids. Constriction of the throat, short cough with bloody expectoration. Burning in the throat as from a scald. Pleurisy in second stage.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Violent ulcerative pain in the soles of the feet. Burning of the feet, particularly in bed. Coxalgia, with pains in the bladder and strangury. Chilblains, inflamed and itching.

Fever.—Chilliness predominates. Coldness of the feet. Pulse hard and full. Perspiration smelling like urine.

Sleep.—Sleeplessness, or sleep full of dreams.

Generalities.—Complete depression of strength, dreads all kinds of exercise. Prostration after diphtheria. Erysipelatous inflammations. Hæmorrhages from nose, mouth, intestinal canal, and urinary organs. Burning pains. Blisters from burns (diluted tincture locally).

CAPSICUM ANNUUM.

In the lower potency capsicum is curative in cynanche maligna, atonic dyspepsia, dyspepsia of drunkards, low fevers, dropsies, intermittent fever, atonic diarrhœa, and hæmorrhoids.

In the higher attenuations in disorders of the urinary and sexual organs and of the respiratory system, and headaches.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Taciturn and obstinate. Tendency to start. No desire to work or think. Imagines he will die. Home sickness, with redness of the cheeks. Feeling of intoxication.

Brain and Nervous System.—Increased acuteness of all the senses. Fatigue of the mind after the least exertion. Headache as if the brain would burst, when moving or walking. Beating, throbbing headache in the temple. Darting pain in the head, worse during rest, better from motion. One sided headache with nausea and vomiting. Vertigo.

Eyes and Ears.—Aching in the eyes as from a foreign body in them. Burning in the eyes, with redness and lachrymation. Dimness or almost complete loss of sight. All objects appear black. Incipient amaurosis. Lacerating and aching pains deep in the ear. Burning and stinging in the ears, followed by deafness. Mild form of catarrhal ophthalmia.

Digestive System.—Burning blisters in the mouth. Watery flat taste in the mouth, afterwards heartburn*. Nausea*. Burning in the stomach after eating. Atonic dyspepsia, or of drunkards, with heartburn and diarrhœa*. Heartburn, in pregnancy, without acidity*. Distension of the abdomen causing dyspnœa. Colic from flatulence*. Diarrhœa at night, with burning at the anus. Tenacious mucous stools, sometimes bloody, with cutting and writhing about the umbilicus, with thirst causing shuddering, atonic diarrhœa*. Hæmorrhoidal tumors*.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Tenesmus of the bladder, frequent unsuccessful desire to urinate. Burning urine. Spasmodic contraction of the neck of the bladder. Hæmorrhage

from the urethra. Coldness of the scrotum with impotence. Dwindling of the testes. Purulent discharge from the urethra.

Respiratory System.—Violent concussive sneezing. Spasmodic contraction of the fauces. Throat inflamed, dark red and swollen*. Throat red and hot, with dry cough. False membrane on the tonsils. Hoarseness. Frequent, short, barking cough, especially toward evening. Deep, sighing breathing. Pain as if the chest were constricted, oppressing the breathing, worse from motion.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Drawing and lacerating pain in and along the spinal column. Drawing pain in the knee. Pain in the joints as if dislocated. Trembling weakness of the muscles.

Fever.—Chill, with thirst worse from drinking, Irregular pulse. Paleness and alternated redness of the face, with burning sensation. Intermittent fevers, with predominant chilliness*. Sensation of numbness and tingling over the body.

Sleep.—Sleeplessness, or sleep full of dreams. Sensation, as if falling from a height during sleep.

Generalities.—Suited to phlegmatic temperaments with lax fibres. Light haired people inclined to grow fat. Complete depression of strength. Aversion to all exercise. Fevers, from abuse of quinine.

CARBO VEGETABILIS.

The curative effects of carbo vegetabilis are best shown in the higher attenuations, as its action is secondary in character.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Melancholy. Low spirited. Irritability. Restlessness. Sensitiveness. Anguish every afternoon (4 to 6 P. M.) Fear of ghosts.

Brain and Nervous System.—Heaviness of the head in the morning. Pain in the vertex, with soreness on touching. Vertigo. Throbbing headache. Congestion to the head, more in the evening.

Eyes and Ears.—Stinging and burning in the eyes, as from a grain of sand. Weakness of the eyes, from too fine work. Light hurts the eyes. Hæmorrhage from the eyes. Black

flying spots, before the eyes. Itching around the eyes. Pulsations, and chirping sounds in the ears. Purulent discharge from the ears. Tingling and roaring in the ears.

Face.—Gray yellow color, or great paleness of the face. Drawing pain in the jaws. Lips swollen and chapped.

Digestive System.—Drawing and lacerating pain in all the molar teeth. Soreness and bleeding of the gums. The gums recede from the teeth. Toothache from acids or salt food. Dryness of the mouth, without thirst. Increased flow of saliva. Frequent biting and burning in the fauces and palate. Aching pain in the palate. Tongue coated with a yellow brown. Bitter or salty taste in the mouth or of the food. Loss of appetite. Aversion to fats, which cause flatulence. Excessive hunger or thirst. Weakness of digestion, the simplest food disagrees. Nausea after every meal. Bloated abdomen after dinner. When eating or drinking, feeling as if the abdomen would burst open. Violent, almost continual eructations. Frequent empty eructations, preceded by pinching in the abdomen. Eructations of sour, rancid food. Nausea, early in the morning. Continual nausea, without appetite or stool. Gastric derangement after wine, or revelling. Pressure in the stomach relieved by eructation. Spasms, and contractive pain about the stomach. Burning in the stomach. Chronic dyspepsia of old people. Pain in the liver, as if bruised. Can bear nothing tight around the abdomen. Distention of the abdomen from flatulence. Crampy pains in the abdomen. Constipation, of hard, tough, scanty stools. Involuntary discharge of putrid, cadaverously smelling stools. Stools of pale mucus, with tenesmus. Soft stool, expelled with difficulty. Stools of blood and mucus. Burning in the rectum after stool. Large, blue, burning varices.

Urinary and Sexual Organs.—Frequent desire to urinate. Diabetes. Nocturnal enuresis. Dark red urine, as if mixed with blood. Reddish, turbid urine. Profuse yellow urine. Frequent pollutions, without much sensation. Too rapid emission of semen. Itching of the pudendum. Menses appear too soon. Menses too profuse, blood thick, corrosive, and with acrid smell or too scanty and pale. Thick, yellowish or white

leucorrhœa. Milky leucorrhœa, excoriating the parts. Soreness and rawness of pudenda.

Respiratory System.—Long lasting hoarseness, worse in the evening, from talking, or in cold, damp weather. Loss of voice in the morning. Catarrh and sore throat after measles. Frequent short cough, from irritation in the throat. Spasmodic dry cough, as from vapor of sulphur, with retching. Dry cough after every expiration. Cough from the slightest cold. Cough with profuse expectoration of mucus, and occasional vomiting. Greenish fœtid expectoration. Cough with spitting of blood and burning in the chest. Expectoration only in the morning. Wheezing and rattling of mucus in the chest. Constriction in the chest and short breathing. Soreness and smarting in the chest. Violent burning in the chest, as of a red hot coal. Weakness and fatigue of the chest. Chronic bronchitis in old people, great debility, profuse expectoration, loss of voice. Palpitation of the heart, especially when sitting.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Coldness, numbness and stiffness, in the small of the back. Pain in the back, as from a bruise. Paralytic weakness of the shoulder and arm. Pain as from contusion in the elbow joints. Drawing, lacerating pain in forearm, wrist and hand. Icy cold hands, numbness and tingling in the hands. Weakness of the fingers when grasping anything. Lameness and drawing pains in lower limbs. Numbness and insensibility of the legs. Heaviness and lameness of the lower extremities. Violent cramps in the calves of the legs, and the soles of the feet. Numbness of the feet. Burning tender feet, cannot bear the boots or to walk.

Fever.—Chilliness and coldness of the body. Pulse, frequent, feeble or collapsed. Intermittent fever with thirst only during chill. Typhus and typhoid fevers, in last stages, with sopor and rattling, cold sweat on face and limbs, sunken countenance, small pulse, great disposition to sweat. Morning sweats. Night sweats. Icy cold hands. Burning in the soles of the feet. Profuse sweat of the feet.

Skin and Glands.—Itching over the whole body. Burning in different places on the skin. Nettle rash. Indurated glandular swellings. Lymphatic swellings with suppuration and burning

pain. Chilblains, tetter, herpes, dry rash like itch. Painful cicatrices break open, and are worse from change of weather. Ulcers with cadaverous smell. Swelling of the parotid gland. Crusta lactæ. Pustules on the gums.

Sleep.—Drowsiness in the morning, going off by motion. Sopor, with snoring. No sleep, with inability to open the eyes.

Generalities.—Great lassitude after pains. Tremulousness of the body, with failing of the strength. Great physical depression. Attacks of sudden weakness. Want of nervous irritability and susceptibility to medicine. Burning pains. Wants more air, or to be fanned all the time. Great foulness of all the secretions. Bad effects from loss of fluids. Bad effects from spoiled food, from over lifting, from abuse of china. Great falling off of the hair on the head, particularly after a severe illness. Laryngeal and tracheal phthisis. Tabes mucosa of old people. Whooping cough. Senile gangrene, with coldness and purple color of the parts. Scurvy.

CAULOPHYLLUM.

In the lower attenuation acts as a uterine tonic and is adapted to atonic conditions of the uterus and complaints therefrom. Deficient labor pains. Metrorrhagia from uterine inertia.

In the higher attenuations, for excessive action of the uterus. Abortion. Metrorrhagia with painful contraction. Spasmodic dysmenorrhœa. Rheumatism and rheumatic headache.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Brain and Nervous System.—Severe spasmodic pain in the temples, as if they would be crushed together, worse from light and stooping, and from noon to night. Pain in the forehead with contracted feeling in the skin. Nervous irritability and excitement.

Digestive System.—Aphthæ in pregnant and nursing females.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Leucorrhœa of profuse, bland mucus, yellowish brown spots on the forehead. Dysmenorrhœa, with labor like pains, scanty discharge and nervous excitement. Metrorrhagia, with painful uterine contraction and nervous excitement. Hæmorrhages after abortion, or delivery, with want of contraction on the part of the uterus.* Antici-

pated abortion with spasmodic pain. Spasmodic after pains. Rigidity of the os uteri in labor.* Before labor in women who have difficult labor.* Long continued lochia. Uterine displacement with periodic spasmodic pain.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Rheumatism of the small joints, with swelling and tendency to shift about. Spasmodic rigidity of the muscles of the back and neck with panting, oppressed breathing. Stiffness of the fingers and cutting pains on closing the hands.

CAUSTICUM.

The information regarding this remedy is derived from the proving of the drug and its use in the higher attenuation, specific indications for its use in the low potencies are wanting.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Sad whining mood. Fear in general. Excessive anxiety. Full of apprehensions and fear for the future. Fear of being alone in the dark. At times desponding, at others very merry. Indisposed to work. Terrible visions and distorted human faces on closing the eyes.

Brain and Nervous System.—Weakness of memory. Absence of mind. Stupefaction of the mind. Vertigo, with feeling of intoxication. Occasional pressure deep in the head. Compressive headache. Stitches in the temples. Tightness and stitches from the forehead to the vertex. Jerks and violent shocks through the head. Sensation as of an empty space in the head. Involuntary nodding of the head when writing. Shifting, rheumatic pains from exposure, or suppressed eruptions. Facial paralysis. Paralysis of the larynx, or bladder. Epileptic spasms at night. Neuralgia of the face, mostly on right side.

Eyes and Ears.—Pressure in the eyes as from sand. Burning in the eyes. Inflammation and burning of the eyes, with burning and aching. Lachrymation, most in the open air. Obscuration of the sight, as from a gauze drawn over the eyes. Objects waver and become confused from too long looking. Movements as from a swarm of insects before the eyes. Fiery sparks, and wavelets of light before the eyes. Falling of the

eyelids over the eyes, cannot keep them up. Pain in the ears, with sensation of protrusion of the inner ear. Buzzing and roaring in the ears. Suppuration and discharge from the internal ear, with foetid smell. Feeling of obstruction in the ear. His own words re-echo in his ears.

Face.—Yellowness of the face. Freckles from exposure to heat. Feeling of tension and pain in the jaws, so that it is difficult to open the mouth, or to eat. Arthritic pain in the lower jaw.

Digestive System.—Stinging, throbbing or lacerating pains in the teeth. Painful looseness of the teeth. Painful elongation of the teeth. Swelling and painfulness of the gums. Fistula dentalis. Biting of the inside of the cheek when chewing. Paralysis of the tongue with indistinct speech. Distortion of the mouth and tongue when talking. Stuttering, difficult, indistinct speech. Soreness in the upper part of the palate. Accumulation of much mucus or water in the mouth. Violent, long lasting thirst. Aversion to sweet things. Greasy taste. Oppression of the stomach after breakfast. Empty, tasteless eructations, or with taste of the ingesta. Sensation as if lime were being burned in the stomach. Chilliness after eating. Nausea and sour vomiting, followed by sour eructations. Spasm of the stomach. Gripping and pressure in the stomach. Violent distention of the stomach after a meal. Dull aching, or bruised pain in the abdomen. Corpulency of children, with glandular swelling. Stitches in the liver. Painful swelling of the navel. Constipation. Frequent and ineffectual desire for a stool, with pain, anxiety and redness of the face. Tough stools, shining like grease. High colored or white stools. Stool too small in shape. Diarrhoea with burning and tenesmus. Excessive itching of the anus. Painful perinæum. Hard stool falls out on standing. Varices large and painful, hindering stool, worse from thinking of them. Fistula in ano. Tenesmus.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Frequent and urgent desire to urinate. Involuntary emission of urine at night when asleep, or when coughing, sneezing, or blowing the nose. Frequent increased micturition. Light colored urine like water. Burn-

ing in the urethra when urinating. Aching and stitches in the testes. Paralysis of the sphincter of the bladder. Menstruation delayed, but profuse, or too scanty, with clotted blood. Discharge clotted and passed only during the day, pain in the small of the back. Colic with the appearance of the menses. Difficult first menstruation. The menses cease on lying down. Leucorrhœa at night. Cracked and sore nipples, surrounded by herpes. Deficiency of milk. Aversion to coition. Chancroid with disposition to fungous growth.

Respiratory System.—Itching of the nose. Violent bleeding from the nose, or from the left nostril. Total obstruction of the nose. Dry coryza, with stoppage of the nose and impeded respiration. Coryza with hoarseness. Profuse fluent coryza. Frequent hawking up of mucus. Roughness and soreness of the throat. Constant desire to swallow. Sore throat as from a tumor. Hoarseness and roughness of the throat early in the morning. Short, hacking cough, from constant tickling in the throat. Dry cough with rawness of the throat. Soreness of the chest when coughing. Mucous rattling in the chest. Aphonia, (from over use of the voice in sopranos). Asthma, especially when sitting or lying down. Sensation in the chest as if the clothing were too tight. Spasmodic asthma. Stitching pain in the chest on deep inspiration. Expectoration cannot be raised, must be swallowed. Cough relieved by drinking cold water. Palpitation of the heart, with languor. Stitching pain about the heart.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Aching, crampy or bruised pain in the back. Stiffness and soreness in the small of the back. Painful stiffness of the muscles of back. Soreness, with stiffness in the neck, preventing motion of the head. Dull, tearing pains in the arms and hands. Heaviness and weakness of the arms. Coldness, numbness and trembling of the hands. Weakness and unsteadiness of all the limbs. Rheumatic pains in all the limbs. Stiffness of all the joints. Sticking or bruised pain all over. Pain as from a bruise or strain in the hip joint. Cramp in the legs or feet. Stiffness in the joints. Coldness of the feet. Unsteady walk of children.

Skin and Glands.—Injuries which have been healed, become

sore again and suppurate. Itching over the whole body. Tension of the skin of the head. Itching of the scalp. Falling off of the hair. Pimples on the nose. Itching and humid tetter on the neck. Itching pimples on the body and extremities. Violently itching nettle rash. Large vesicles on the chest and back. Old warts on different parts. Glandular indurations.

Fever.—Frequent chills and shudderings, with contraction of the skin. Chilliness, with external coldness. Chilliness or sweating. Chill relieved by drinking, or in bed. Pulse more frequent in the evening. Flushes of heat followed by chilliness. Night sweat. Profuse sweat when walking in the open air.

Sleep.—Very drowsy and sleepy in the day time. Sleeplessness at night from dry heat. Frequent starting from sleep with fright. Uneasy sleep, with throwing about of the arms and legs. Disagreeable dreams. Cannot sleep at night from bruised, aching pains.

Generalities.—Adapted to weak, scrofulous persons, with yellow complexions. Dark haired people. Very sensitive to cold. Great liability to take cold. Failing of strength as if fainting. Laryngeal catarrh of professional singers.

CHAMOMILLA.

The curative action of chamomilla is limited in the lower potency to its tonic effects in enfeebled conditions of the stomach, with general debility. Dyspepsia with flatulency, griping and eructations. It has also been used in summer diarrhoea of adults, in diarrhoea of dentition, and from worms.

In the higher potencies it is especially adapted to children and to nervous persons who are very sensitive to pain. To irritability of the nervous system. Convulsions. Catalepsy. Epilepsy. Trismus. Inflammatory and nervous fevers. Bilious affections. Acute catarrhal affections. Metrorrhagia and puerperal peritonitis.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Dreads all kinds of labor. Repeated attacks of anguish. Excessive restlessness, agonizing tossing about, with cutting, tearing pains in the abdomen. Crying on

account of trifling and imaginary offences, which are very long past. Quarrelsome humor and anger. Child wants things which it refuses when offered. Is very irritable and restless, wanting to be carried all the time. Very impatient, can hardly answer civilly.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo after a meal. Vertigo when rising from bed, as if in a swing. Vertigo and dim sightedness after lying down. Vertigo, as if fainting. Dullness of comprehension. Throbbing headache, more on one side. Catarrhal headache. Nervous headache. Headache felt even during sleep. Headache from cold or worryment (in women). Sensation of temporary paralysis after the pain is over. Fainting fits. Hysteric paroxysms of weakness and fainting. Convulsions of children, with insensibility, distortion of the face and eyes, and rattling in the chest with cough. Cataleptic fits, with sunken countenance, coldness of the limbs and half open eyes. Epileptic spasms, with foam at the mouth, colic before and sopor after the attack. Extreme irritability and sensitiveness of the nervous system. Great sensitiveness to the wind and currents of air. Excessive sensitiveness to pain. Threatened convulsions during dentition. Sciatica, with shooting, tearing, pulsating pains, sensation of torpor in affected parts, crying and irascibility. Neuralgia in 5th pair of nerves.*

Eyes and Ears.—Swelling and agglutination of the eye-lids. Inflammation of the eye-lids, particularly in new born children. Twitching, or spasmodic closing of the eye-lids. Inflammation, particularly of the edges of the lower eye-lids. Yellowness of the whites of the eyes. Hæmorrhage from the eyes. Otagia, tearing pains. Tingling in the ears. Discharge of thin pus from the ears.

Face.—Redness and burning heat of the face, particularly of one cheek. Redness and heat of one cheek and coldness and paleness of the other. Frequent changes of color in the face. Bloatedness of the face. Swelling of one side of the face, with hardness, bluish redness, and tearing pains. Convulsive movement of the muscles of the face.

Digestive System.—Burning and painful swelling of the gums. Intense aching of the teeth, driving the sufferer to despair.

Toothache, especially violent after warm drinks, particularly coffee. Difficult dentition, with diarrhœa, fever and convulsions. Rheumatic toothache, tearing pain, worse at night with swollen cheek. Excessive pain in the teeth, in women and children. Dryness of the mouth and tongue. Putrid or sour smell from the mouth. Tongue red and cracked. Bitter or putrid taste. Aversion to food. Great thirst for cold water. Sour eructations. Aggravation of the pains from eructations. Bitter bilious vomiting. Vomiting of the ingesta. Oppression of the stomach as from a stone. Painful bloatedness of the epigastrium. Incarceration of flatulence, with pressure upward. Spasm of the stomach, particularly after a meal or at night. Acidity of the primæ viæ in children. Atonic dyspepsia in women or children.* Distention of the abdomen after a meal. Flatulent colic. Continual tearing colic in the side of the abdomen. Abdominal spasms. Colic from anger. Pressing toward the abdominal ring as if hernia would protrude. Disorder of the liver, from worry or anger. Inguinal hernia, of children, especially if from violent fits of crying. Constipation from inactivity of the rectum. Undigested stools. Hot diarrhœa stool, smelling like rotten eggs. Painless, green, watery diarrhœa, a mixture of fæces and mucus. Nightly diarrhœa, with colic. Whitish mucous diarrhœa, with colic. Stools green, watery and slimy or like chopped eggs and spinach. Corrosive stools. Diarrhœa from cold, anger, chagrin, or during dentition. Bleeding inflamed varices.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Involuntary emissions of urine. Diabetes, from disease of the liver.* Urine hot, yellow with flocculent sediment. Cutting colic before the menses. Pressing toward the uterus, like labor pains, with frequent desire to urinate. Frequent discharge of coagulated blood, with tearing pains in the legs, and violent labor pains in the uterus. Metrorrhagia, blood passes in clots, and has a putrid smell. Out of humor and quarrelsome on appearance of the menses. Burning in the vagina as if excoriated. Yellow, corrosive leucorrhœa. Violent after pains, can hardly endure them. Abdominal spasms of pregnant and nursing females. Suppression of the menses, with swelling of the abdomen and

labor like pains. Threatened abortion, passing of colorless water with every pain. Inflammation and induration in the mammæ, with soreness and tearing pains. Suppression of the milk. Amenorrhœa from anger. Dysmenorrhœa with neuralgic pains. Post-partum hæmorrhage, intermittent gushes of bright red blood, with cold extremities. Menorrhagia, from disturbing emotions, exalted sensibility.

Respiratory System.—Acute catarrh in infants and children. Bleeding from the nose. Sensitive smell. Pain as from a plug in the throat when swallowing. Inflammation of the throat with dark redness. Inability to swallow solid food, especially when lying down. Sore throat, with swelling of the parotid, or sub-maxillary glands. Catarrhal hoarseness. Wheezing, and rattling in the trachea. Hoarseness from tenacious mucus in the larynx. Hoarseness and cough with rattling of mucus, the place from which the mucus is detached feels sore. Catarrhal cough in children, after a cold or after measles. Oppression of the chest as from flatulence. Sudden stoppage of the breath in children. Constriction of the throat with constant cough, better from the heat of the bed. Constant tickling sensation under the sternum, with cough. Dry tickling cough at night, during sleep, in children. Cough from anger. Stitches in the sides of the chest. Stitches through the chest at every inspiration.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Pain in the small of the back, especially at night. Numbness, tingling, and stiffness in the arms, on taking hold of anything. Convulsions of the arms, with clasping in of the thumbs. Cramp in the calves of the legs. Burning in the soles of the feet at night. Sudden swelling of one foot. Cracking of the joints, especially those of the lower limbs. Pain in the periosteum of all the limbs, with paralytic weakness. General stiffness, lasting only a short time.

Skin.—The skin becomes unhealthy and every injury suppurates. Red rash on the cheeks and forehead, without heat. Thick clusters of red pimples. Rash of infants and nursing females. Soreness of the skin in children.

Fever.—Internal, or external heat, with shuddering, Sensa-

tion of external heat, without any heat being present. Burning of the cheeks, with chilliness of the body. Shuddering, especially on uncovering, or in the open air. Chilliness and coldness of some parts of the body while others are hot. Pulse frequent, tense and small. Hot perspiration about the face and head.

Sleep.—Soporose condition. Snoring respiration during sleep. Moaning during sleep, also with viscid sweat on forehead. Starting with sudden cries during sleep. Excessive anguish in bed, but none out of it. Imagines hearing the voices of absent persons in the night. Weeping and crying during sleep. Coma vigil.

CINCHONA.

The curative action of china in the lower attenuations is principally shown in diseases characterized by atony and debility, with soft and relaxed condition of the tissues, weak pulse, incapability for exertion, impaired appetite, and dyspeptic symptoms. In chronic maladies of the nervous system, and in neuralgia dependent upon a debilitated condition. In passive hæmorrhages, from relaxation of the vessels, and profuse mucous discharges, with great debility, leucorrhœa, and chronic diarrhœa. Cachectic diseases. In simple intermittent fever, and paroxysms of pain, neuralgia, etc., occurring at regular intervals; enlargement and induration of glands; strumous ophthalmia; convalescence from acute or chronic disease, with loss of vital fluids; after hæmorrhages or profuse suppuration; excessive debility with great inclination to sweat; in pyæmia, septicæmia, mania, from prolonged lactation or flooding. Acute fevers, with profuse sweat. Typhoid fever, after loss of blood; exhausting night sweats.

In the higher potencies it becomes curative in irritation of the nervous system and disturbance of the cerebro-spinal functions, with delirium and sopor, disorder of the senses. In irritation of the gastro intestinal tract, with heat and pain in the stomach, nausea, vomiting and diarrhœa. In increased vascular action, with increase in the force and frequency of the pulse, and quickened respiration.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Indifference and apathy.* Indisposition to talk.* Fear and apprehension. Great inconsolable anguish. indisposition to any physical or mental labor. Slow train of ideas.* Mania following prolonged lactation or flooding.*

Brain and Nervous System.—Dullness of the head, as from coryza or intoxication. Vertigo on raising the head. Heaviness of the head with reeling sensation. Aching in the head with sleeplessness. Pressure in the head, from within outward, as if it would burst. Spasmodic headache, worse from motion. Soreness in the head as if bruised, worse from contact and mental exertion. Headache worse from contact, motion or draught of air; better from hard pressure. Throbbing headache after loss of blood or vital fluids. Excessive irritability of the whole nervous system. Excessive nervous sensibility, with morbid feeling of general weakness. Nervous irritation with depression of spirits and intolerance of noise. Headache from malaria, loss of blood, or other animal fluids.* Neuralgia regularly intermittent, or in debilitated conditions.*

Eyes and Ears.—Incipient amaurosis, particularly in drunkards, or after loss of animal fluids.* Pressure in the eyes, as from drowsiness. Pressure in the eyes as from sand. Inflammation of the eyes, particularly in scrofulous persons.* Dimness and weakness of sight; when reading the letters look pale and run together.* Redness of the eyes, with heat and burning. Yellowness of the whites of the eyes. Pupils dilated and insensible. Ringing in the ears. Humming in the ears. Hardness of hearing. Periodic pains in the ears. Stitches in the ears.

Face.—Pale, sickly appearance of the face. Pale face, with pointed nose, hollow eyes, with blue margins, apathetic and indifferent.* Neuralgia, worse from least touch, lying down, or at night, mostly in supra orbital and maxillary nerves.

Digestive System.—Lips, dry, parched or chapped. Blackish lips. Swelling of the lips. Drawing and throbbing pain in the teeth, worse from slight touch, better from hard pressure. Ptyalism, from abuse of mercury. Hæmorrhage from the mouth and nose.* Thick dirty white or yellow coating on the

tongue.* Flat, watery or sour, or bitter taste. Bitter taste of the food and of all liquids. Indifference or aversion to food, or else canine hunger. Desire for dainties, or for wine or sour things. Violent thirst for small quantities, but drinks often. Doesn't know what he wants. Eructations, particularly after a meal. Eructations, tasting of the food. Heartburn. Nausea. Vomiting, of sour substance, of mucus, water or the food. Weak digestion.* Small quantities of food cause pressure in the stomach.* Stomach easily disturbed from milk.* Pressure in the stomach after every meal.* Spasmodic pain in the stomach. Gastralgia, with abnormal taste, drowsiness after eating. Distention of the abdomen after eating, as if stuffed; eructation without relief.* Colic, with thirst or nausea.* Colic from loss of fluids.* Pinching colic, obliging him to bend double. Incarceration of flatulence. Dropsical swelling of the abdomen. Swelling and induration of the liver. Swelling and induration of the spleen. Biliary calculi.* Malarial jaundice. Recurring fever.* Liver swollen and painful to touch. Constipation from inactivity of the bowels.* Difficult passage of fæces, even soft.* Painless diarrhœa with great weakness.* Undigested stool, particularly after a meal or at night.* Loose diarrhœa, yellow watery stools. Diarrhœa after eating fruit. Acute diarrhœa from rise in the temperature. Periodical diarrhœa.* Chronic diarrhœa from debility.* Involuntary stools, especially at night. Diarrhœa from irritation of intestinal tract, with nausea, and vomiting. Profuse bleeding hæmorrhoids.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Dark colored urine with brick dust sediment. Frequent micturition. Enuresis.* Stitches in the urethra. Dropsy, after exhausting discharges, hæmorrhages, diarrhœa, etc.* Dropsy after intermittent fever. Swelling of the testicles and spermatic cord. Burning at the oriñce of the urethra, especially painful from rubbing of the clothes. Lascivious fancies. Nocturnal emissions, after onanism, or very debilitating.* Impotence, with excited fancies.* Painful pressing downward in the uterus. Sense of heaviness in the genital organs, when walking.* Suppression of the menses. Metrorrhagia, with clots of black blood, uterine spasms, in

weakly persons who have lost much blood.* Hæmorrhage to fainting, after miscarriage.* Leucorrhœa, before the menses.* Bloody, or bloody serous, or purulent leucorrhœa. Lochia, continues too long. Hæmorrhage, after delivery, from atony of the uterus.* Uterine inertia, deficient pains from loss of blood.*

Respiratory System.—Frequent bleeding from the nose, when the menses should appear.* Dry coryza, with toothache and lachrymation. Coryza, with sneezing. Violent fluent coryza, with dripping of mucus from the nose. Suppressed coryza. Voice husky or weak. Voice too deep on talking or singing. Hoarseness from mucus in the throat. Difficult inspiration, expiration easy.* Cough, with expectoration of clear transparent or blood streaked mucus. Cough, from laughing, talking or drinking. Violent, spasmodic, convulsive cough. Hæmorrhage from the lungs, after loss of blood.* Acute suppuration of the lungs, after hæmorrhage.* Suffocative fits, as from mucus in the larynx, at night. Suffocative catarrh, and paralysis of the lungs.* Oppression of the chest, at night, when lying down. Inclination to take a deep breath. Stitches in one side of the chest.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Intense, cramp-like, or bruised pain in the back, worse from the least movement.* Nightly pains in the small of the back, when lying on it.* Pressure as from a stone, between the shoulders. Trembling of the hands when writing. Icy coldness of one hand while the other is warm. Drawing pains in the bones of the legs. Hot swelling of the knee, with tearing pains. Weakness in the knees. Rheumatic swelling of the foot. Tearing pains in the joints of the feet. Œdema of the feet, with debility.* Acute rheumatism, after the inflammatory symptoms have subsided.* Painful weariness in the limbs, as after fatigue, or exhaustion, with constant disposition to stretch.* Pain as if strained in every joint.* Lameness, with difficulty of walking.* Wandering rheumatic pains.* Pain, with lameness, or weakness of affected parts.* The limbs go to sleep when lying on them. Stiffness of all the joints.*

Skin and Glands.—Painful and excessive sensitiveness of the

skin all over.* Great sensitiveness of the scalp to touch. Yellow color of the skin. Itching of the skin. Atrophy, emaciation, especially of children. Swelling of glands.* Ulcers, flat, copious discharge. Ichor which has a putrid smell.

Fever.—Coldness of the whole body.* Chilliness over the whole body, as if cold air were blowing on the skin.* Fevers, commencing with chilliness, followed by fever, then sweat.* Acute fevers, with profuse sweat.* Pulse small and rapid, less frequent after eating.* Quick, irregular pulse. Readily excited sweat during sleep or motion. Cold sweat all over the body. Exhausting night sweats.* Profuse sweat in the hair, particularly when walking in the open air. Debilitating sweat on side, on which he lies.* Thinks he is too weak to move himself. Hectic fever, from debility, with drain on the system.* Remittent fever, with marked remission, prostration great, humming in the ears.*

Sleep.—Great drowsiness in the day time. Falls asleep late, or sleeplessness from thinking.* Restless sleep, with tossing about and frequent waking; and moaning and whining in children. Distortion of the eyes, during sleep.

CIMICIFUGA.

In the lower attenuation cimicifuga is adapted to deficient action of the uterus, dysmenorrhœa, leucorrhœa, hæmorrhage from the uterus, suppression of the lochia, rheumatism and myalgia.

In the higher potencies to melancholia, insomnia, delirium tremens, mania, illusion of the senses, cerebro-spinal meningitis, headache, neuralgia, chorea, and cerebral irritation in children.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Sensation as if a heavy black cloud had settled all over and enveloped the head, so that all was darkness and confusion, while at the same time it weighed like lead upon the heart. Great melancholy. Puerperal mania and melancholia.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo, nervous weakness, and prostration. Excitement followed by exhaustion. Cerebro

spinal meningitis, with rheumatic or neuralgic complications. Spasmodic jerkings, rigidity of muscles of neck, anxiety and great restlessness. Acute pain through the head, at times more severe on the left side. Nervous, rheumatic and menstrual headaches. Headache extending into the eye balls, and forehead, increased by the slightest movement of the head and eye balls. Intense throbbing pain as if a ball were driven from the neck to the vertex, with every throb of the heart. Headache in nervous or hysterical women, especially at the menstrual period. Intercostal neuralgia, particularly in women. Neuralgia of the eye balls. Neuralgia, after labor. Sciatica, hysterical tendency, with ovarian or uterine complications. Chorea, from menstrual derangement. Delirium tremens, restoring the tone. Sleeplessness with restlessness, particularly in children during dentition.

Eyes.—Intense aching pain in the eye ball. Dullness of the eyes as from cold. Photophobia from prolonged exertion.

Digestive System.—Dryness and soreness of the lips. Eructation with nausea and vomiting. Faintness and emptiness in the epigastrium almost constant. Repugnance to food.

Respiratory System.—Frequent sneezing and fluent coryza, through the day. Soreness in the throat causing difficulty of swallowing. Profuse greenish or slightly bloody mucous coryza in the morning. Acute catarrh, with headache, stiffness of the muscles, and dull aching bone pains. Simple, or malignant sore throat, mucous membranes dry, and spotted with dry mucus. Constant inclination to cough, from tickling in the larynx, which almost prevents speaking. Short dry cough in the evening and at night. Dry cough in children.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Stiffness of the neck.* Drawing pains in the back.* Intercostal rheumatism.* Rheumatism of the heart.* Myalgia, general bruised sensation.* Enlarged and stiffened joints, pains worse at night and in hot weather, especially with uterine disorder.* Acute and local muscular pains, sudden and severe, and in large muscles.* Wandering rheumatic pains.* Heart complications from rheumatic fever.*

Urinary and Sexual System.—Spermatorrhœa, in weak, relaxed conditions. Dysmenorrhœa, with labor like pains, weight

and bearing down in the abdomen. Amenorrhœa, with rheumatic pains in the limbs, headache and nervous excitement.* Threatened abortion from uterine irritation. Mammary pains, at the climacteric. False labor pains, of neuralgia, or rheumatic origin. Uterine derangement at the climacteric. Hysteria of uterine origin. Rigidity of the os, and atonic uterus. Leucorrhœa, in all forms.* Prolapsus uteri. Suppression of the lochia.* Puerperal melancholia.

Fever.—First stage of variola, severe pain in back, head and eyes. Yellow fever, severe pain through back and head, nausea and vomiting.

CINA.

This remedy is best adapted to use in the lower potencies, the indications given not differing from those of the crude drug. The principal range of the remedy being the symptoms induced by worms, or known as worm symptoms.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Child is extremely disposed to weep and complain. Cannot be quieted by any persuasions; remains proof against caresses. Uneasiness. Rejects everything offered it. Will not be touched.

Brain and Nervous System.—Stupefying headache, especially in the forehead, when walking in the open air. Headache before and after epileptic attacks and after attacks of intermittent fever. Headache increased by reading and reflection. Dull stitches in the brain. Epileptic convulsions with consciousness. Convulsions and contortions of the limb.

Eyes and Ears.—Weariness and soreness of the eyes in the morning, with dull headache. Dilatation of the pupils. Objects appear as through a gauze, which can be wiped away. Dryness of the eyelids. Aversion to light. Specks on the cornea. Cramp like pain in the ear.

Face.—Paleness of the face, with blueness around the mouth and eyes. Pale cold face with cold perspiration. Compressed pain in the malar bones.

Digestive System.—Grinding of the teeth, especially during sleep. Teeth sensitive to cold air or water. Dryness of the

mouth, especially of the palate. Tongue slightly coated white, with papillæ raised, and red on the edges. Inability to swallow. Aversion to food, or canine hunger. Hunger even after a full meal. Child refuse the mother's milk. Vomiting and diarrhœa after drinking. Vomiting of worms, food, mucus and bile. Vomiting with clean tongue. Continual cutting and pinching in the abdomen. Painful twisting around the umbilicus. Violent pain in the abdomen, as if the umbilicus were pressed in. Burning in the abdomen. Abdomen bloated and hard in children. White, involuntary diarrhœac stools. Stools mixed with lumbrici and ascarides. Itching of the anus.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Frequent desire to urinate with copious emission. Turbid urine. The urine turns milky on standing. Involuntary emissions of urine at night. Menses too early and profuse. Labor like pains in the abdomen as if the menses would appear.

Respiratory System.—Fluent coryza. Violent sneezing. Stoppage of the nose. Disposition to bore in the nose. Rubbing and boring at the nose until it bleeds. Bleeding from the nose. Cough from tickling low down in the larynx, with expectoration of whitish mucus. Hoarse cough, with vomiting. Dry spasmodic cough, with sudden startings of the muscles and unconsciousness. Whooping cough, preceded by rigidity of the body, and great paleness of the face, particularly in children who are scrofulous, affected with worms, or nocturnal enuresis. Heavy, loud breathing. Oppression of the chest. Burning stitches, and soreness in the chest. Cough, excited by drinking, walking in the open air, or pressing on the larynx.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Pain, as from bruises in the small of the back. Drawing tearing pains along the whole spinal column. Dull stitches, sometimes crampy, jerking or itching throughout the body. Painful sensitiveness in every limb of the body when moving or touching it. Paralytic pains in the arms and legs. Twitching and cramps of the fingers and hands. Rigidity of the lower limbs. Sprained feeling in the wrist joint.

Fever.—Tremor of the body, yawning and shuddering. Chill, with cold, pale face, and hot hands. Chill not relieved by in-

ternal heat. Heat, mostly about the face and head, particularly with yellowness of the face and blue margins around the eyes. Sweat, cold generally on the face and hands. Vomiting and great hunger during the paroxysm. Thirst only during the chill or heat.

Sleep.—Sleeplessness, with restlessness, tossing about from side to side. Moaning and crying during sleep. Sudden, distressing cries in sleep.

Generalities.—Adapted to nervous, irritable persons, with dark hair. Bronchial catarrh which remains after measles.

COCCULUS INDICUS.

In the lower attenuations cocculus is adapted to periodical sick headache, chorea, epilepsy in anæmic subjects, nausea and vomiting from cerebral disturbance, paralysis, menstrual colic, tympanitis of enteric fever and peritonitis; and leucorrhœa.

In the higher potencies to spinal irritation, amaurosis, œsophagitis, dyspepsia, diarrhœa, menorrhagia, spasmodic asthma, hysteria and bilious fever.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Moral.—Absorbed in reveries. Time passes too quickly. Anxiety as if he had committed a crime. Sudden, violent anguish. A slight noise causes all his limbs to start.

Brain and Nervous System.—Stupid feeling in the head. Cloudiness of the head, increased by eating or drinking. Sensation of emptiness in the head. Aching pain in the forehead. Headache as if the eyes would be torn out. Vertigo with nausea, from sitting up in bed, or from motion of a carriage. Sick headache from riding in a carriage or on a boat.* Violent headache, unable to lie on the back of the head, must lie on the side, unable to bear the least noise which excites vomiting. Thinking fatigues the head. Trembling of the head, very nervous. Periodical sick headaches.* Spasms and convulsions of the limbs or of the whole body. Trembling of the limbs. Nervous weakness. Paralysis of the lower limbs and paralytic stiffness.* Epilepsy in anæmic subjects, attacks coming on at night, or after onanism.* Chorea.*

Eyes and Ears.—Aching pain in the eyes, with inability to open the lids at night. Dim-sightedness. Motes and black spots before the eyes. Pressure in the eyes, as from dust. Sound of rushing waters in the ears, with hardness of hearing. The right ear seems closed.

Face.—Redness of the cheeks and heat in the face. Flushes of heat in the face, after drinking.

Digestive System.—Dryness in the mouth, without thirst. Coppery, metallic or sour taste. Dryness of the œsophagus. Inflammation of the œsophagus. Difficult swallowing, from paralytic weakness of the œsophagus. Hunger, with great aversion to food. Hunger, not relieved by eating. Intense thirst while eating. Paroxysms of nausea, with tendency to faint.* Nausea and vomiting when riding in a carriage, or from cold. Nausea, with headache, and pain in the intestines, as if bruised. Violent spasms of the stomach, with griping, tearing sensation. Spasm of the stomach, during and after eating. Seasickness. Fullness in the stomach, with dyspnœa. Nausea, from brain disturbance, violent but ineffectual efforts at vomiting.* Sensation of emptiness in the stomach. Distention of the abdomen. Flatulent colic. Abdomen distended and feeling as if full of sharp stones when moving. Empty, hollow sensation in the abdomen. Intestinal colic, especially during pregnancy.* Tympanitis, of enteric fever, or peritonitis.* Distention of the bowels, from flatus, with frequent desire to urinate, during pregnancy.* Constipation, from torpor of the intestines.* Violent tenesmus after stool, even to fainting. Soft, loose, sometimes yellow stool, with burning at the anus. Diarrhœa, with discharge of flatus before stool. Hard, lumpy stools, colon distended with flatus.*

Urinary and Sexual System.—Frequent desire to urinate, especially in pregnant women.* Increased sexual excitement. Suppression of the menses, with oppressive abdominal spasms.* Painful menstruation, with copious discharge of coagulated blood. Menstrual colic, with spasmodic and irregular pains. Dysmemorrhœa, always followed by hæmorrhoids. Discharge of bloody mucus from the uterus during pregnancy. Leucorrhœa, resembling serum, mixed with purulent ichorous fluid.*

Leucorrhœa instead of the menses, is so weak she can hardly speak. Chlorosis, with amenorrhœa and exhausting leucorrhœa.* Dysmenorrhœa, colicky pains and scanty discharge.

Respiratory System.—Profuse coryza. Sneezing. Cough, from contractive sensation in the trachea, as from smoke. Oppression of the chest. Tightness and constriction in the right side of the chest. Hysteric spasms in the chest. Burning in the chest, extending to the throat.* Sensation of emptiness in the chest. Palpitation of the heart, nervous. Spasmodic asthma.*

Fibrous and Osseous Tissues.—Stitches in the shoulder and muscles of the arms. Convulsions of the arms. Paralytic pain in the small of the back. Weakness of the muscles of the neck. Cracking of the cervical vertebra. The hands, first one, then the other, are alternately hot and cold. Arthritic hot swelling of the hands.* Paralytic immobility of the lower limbs. Paralysis of the lower limbs, from the small of the back downward.* Great weakness of the body, making it difficult to stand firmly.* Nervous weakness. Cracking and painful stiffness of the joints. Intensely painful, paralytic drawing in various parts of the limbs, apparently in the bones. Alternate going to sleep of the feet and hands, in transitory paroxysms.

Skin and Glands.—Itching and burning of the skin. Sticking pains and heat in glandular swellings, when touched. Swelling of parotid gland. Itching blotches and pustules on the skin.*

Fever.—Alternation of heat and chilliness. General coldness, not relieved by heat. Frequent and violent flushes of heat over the whole body. Sweat from least exertion. Typhoid fever, with great slowness of comprehension, cannot find the right words, loss of memory, muttering talk. Pulse small and feeble.

Sleep.—Constant drowsiness. Vivid, fearful dreams, with frequent starting.

Generalities.—Intolerance of both cold and warm air. One sided paralysis. Adapted to light-haired people, particularly

women who suffer from uterine complaints, menstrual difficulties and during pregnancy. Bad effects from loss of sleep.

COFFEA CRUDA.

In the lower attenuation coffee is tonic, stimulant, anti-soporific and disinfectant. The specific indications for its use are, however, lacking, and require developing.

In the higher attenuations its action is sedative, and adapted to nervous irritation, with sleeplessness.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Ecstasy. Over sensitiveness to pain. Excessive relaxation of body and mind.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo and dullness of the head. Headache, as if the brain were torn or would be dashed to pieces. One-sided headaches, as if a nail were driven into the parietal bones. Head feels too small. Congestion of blood to the head, especially after a pleasant surprise. Great sensitiveness, with general excitability. Morbid excitation of the organs of sense and of the nervous system. Convulsions, with grinding of the teeth. Hysteria, from worry, with insomnia, especially in elderly ladies.

Digestive System.—Acute pain in the teeth, better from cold water. Aversion to food. Great hunger, greedy, hurried eating. Violent thirst. Acute indigestion, lowered tone of the stomach.* Colic, with fullness of the stomach and abdomen, can't bear the clothes tight. Intense crampy spasmodic pains in the abdomen, as though the bowels would be cut to pieces, with horrible cries and grinding of the teeth. Pressure in the abdomen from wind. Bilious vomiting. Diarrhœa, with feeling of warmth and roughness at the anus. Diarrhœa of infants and during dentition. Strangulated hernia.*

Urinary and Sexual System.—Burning in the urethra, with scanty emission, drop by drop. Large quantities of urine at night. Want of sexual excitement, with impotence.* Labor and after-pains insupportably painful.

Respiratory System.—Sudden, copious, watery discharges from the nose. Fluent coryza with sneezing. Bleeding from the nose. Sore throat, with great painfulness of the affected

part. Spasmodic asthma.* Oppression of the chest. Spasms of short cough in quick succession. Frequent attacks of short, single, abrupt scraping. Nightly cough.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Bruised feeling in the joints. Weariness of the limbs. Trembling of the limbs. Twitching of the limbs.

Fever.—Great sensitiveness to cold. Paroxysms of chilliness. Heat in bed. Frequent deep yawning.

Sleep.—Sleeplessness, from excessive agitation of mind and body. Overwhelmed with sleep.* Talking in the sleep. Long vivid dreams.

Generalities.—Adapted to nervous hysterical people. Nervous or sanguine temperaments. Bad effects from sudden surprises.

COLCHICUM AUTUMNALE.

In the lower attenuations colchicum is adapted to gout and diseases dependent upon an arthritic diathesis. Rheumatism, dropsy and anasarca, chronic bronchitis, chorea, hypochondriasis, and hysteria.

In the higher potencies to diarrhœa, dysentery, ischuria.

SPECIAL INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Weakness of memory. Dissatisfied with every thing. Pain is intolerable. Easily disturbed.

Brain and Nervous System.—Painful, lacerating drawing in the left half of the head, from the eyeball to the occiput. Boring headache over the eyes. Headache from mental labor. Lacerating in the scalp. Vertigo while sitting after walking. Feeling of constriction over the eyes. Cerebral congestion in plethoric subjects.*

Eyes and Ears.—Swelling of the eyelids, with suppuration of meibomian glands; great nervous irritation. Cataract. Ophthalmia, in persons of a gouty diathesis.* Discharge from the ears, with tearing pains, after measles. Roaring in the ears. Deafness, from gout.*

Face.—Pale face; sad countenance. Œdematous swelling of the face.

Digestive System.—Profuse ptyalism. The tongue is heavy,

stiff and insensible. White coating on the tongue. Loss of appetite. Great aversion to food; can't even bear the smell of it when cooking. Intense, burning, unquenchable thirst. Bitter taste. Nausea. Violent vomiting, with trembling and spasms. Violent vomiting of mucus, bile or of food. Every motion excites or renews the vomiting. Constant hiccough. Great coldness in the abdomen. Pains in the whole abdomen, with malaise. Colicky pains in the abdomen. Great distention of the abdomen, worse after eating. Inflammatory affections of the bowels. Constipation, with pain in the back. Extremely painful, scanty stool. Diarrhœa, of transparent jelly-like mucous stools, relieving the colic. Bloody stools, mingled with skinny substances. Relief generally after stool, but sometimes intense spasmodic pain in the anus follows. Fall dysentery, with white stools with violent tenesmus. Sensation of tearing in the anus during stool. Prolapsus ani.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Increased secretion of urine, with urging. Brown, black urine. Constant burning in the urinary organs, with diminished secretion of urine. Whitish sediment in the urine. Granular degeneration of the kidneys from lead, pericarditis, gouty diathesis.* Hepatic, cardiac and post-scarlatinal dropsy.* Gonorrhœa.*

Respiratory System.—Soreness of the interior of the nose. Bleeding of the nose, particularly in the evening. Acuteness of smell. Chronic coryza, with thin, tenacious discharge from the nose. Burning and tingling in the throat. Inflammation of the fauces. Hawking of greenish mucus. Cough at night with involuntary emission of urine. Oppression of the chest and dyspnœa. Pain as from a knife in right side of the chest. Hydrothorax. Acute bronchitis in patients of a gouty diathesis.*

Fibrous and Osseous Tissues.—Arthritic pain in the joints, motion or jarring pains them exceedingly. Lacerating in the limbs when the weather is warm. Great languor, and excessive sensitiveness of the body, so that movement causes moaning. Sudden sinking of the strength, so he can hardly walk or talk. Severe pain in the small of the back, worse from touch or motion. Gout, with acute pain and threatened metastasis to the

heart.* Acute rheumatism, particularly in the smaller joints.* Rheumatism of the periosteal and synovial membranes and of fibrous tissues, great sensitiveness. Acute lacerating pains. Neuralgic pains in the chest, abdomen or bowels. Great weakness, with sensation of lameness in all the limbs.

Skin.—Tingling in the skin, in different places, as if frost bitten. Itching over the body, as from nettles. Œdematous swelling and anasarca.

Fever.—Nightly heat of the body. Frequent shiverings down the back. Pulse large, full and hard. Suppression of the perspiration. Violent palpitation of the heart.

Sleep.—Drowsiness. Sleeplessness, unless lying on the left side.

Generalities.—Adapted to nervous exhaustion from night work. Twitches like electric shocks through the body.

COLOCYNTHIS.

The range of colocynth is not extensive, being limited in the lower potencies to neuralgia or myalgic pains, constipation, and chlorosis.

In the higher potencies its influence is exerted upon the gastro-intestinal tract, proving of very great value in intestinal colic, spasms of the bowels, diarrhoea, dysentery, enteritis, and peritonitis.

SPECIAL INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Ill humor. Does not want to talk, or answer questions. Inclined to be angry and indignant. Delirium with open eyes and desire to escape.

Brain and Nervous System.—Intermittent headaches, in persons of a rheumatic, nervous or gouty diathesis. One-sided headaches with nausea and vomiting. Pressing headache in the forepart of the head, most violent when stooping, or lying on the back. Apoplexia. Sciatica, with cramp-like or constrictive pain, worse at night or from motion.* Neuralgia, from catarrhal exposure in rheumatic gouty persons.* Neuralgia, in gouty, rheumatic persons, from cold.

Eyes and Ears.—Burning, cutting in the eyes. Cutting as from

knives in the eyes. Rushing and beating in the ears. Pressure in the eyes, with confusion in the head.

Face.—Paleness of the face, with sunken eyes. Dark redness of the face with swelling. Cramp-like pain in the malar bone extending into the ear. Burning, stinging neuralgic pains on one side of the face, particularly the left.

Digestive System.—Burning at the tip of the tongue. The tongue feels as if scalded. Tongue coated white or yellow. Bitter taste. Vomiting without nausea. Frequent vomiting of food or greenish matter. Canine hunger. Vomiting and diarrhœa. Thirst without hunger. Colic and diarrhœa after taking the least nourishment. Pain in the stomach after eating. Spasmodic pain in the stomach, extending up to the throat. Cutting and squeezing pains in the abdomen, more about the umbilicus, worse from motion, better from bending and after an evacuation. Rumbling in the bowels, with the emission of much flatulence. Bruised feeling in the bowels. Feeling in the whole abdomen, as if the intestines were being squeezed between stones. Bowels feel empty and sore. Cutting pains, as from knives, in the abdomen. Colic, with cramp in the calves, after anger. Peritonitis when inflammation extends from the abdominal organs. Inflammation of the bowels, with severe colic, the rectum involved, distention of the abdomen, and bilious vomiting. Intestinal colic, from cold. Inflammation of the rectum, colic and diarrhœa. Constipation during pregnancy.* Diarrhœa, with tenesmus. Dysentery, stools bloody, slimy or like scrapings, with tenesmus, relief after stool. Thin, mucous, or liquid frothy stools. Diarrhœa day and night. Dysentery like diarrhœa, renewed after taking the least food or drink. Bloody diarrhœa, with violent pain in the bowels, extending down the thighs. Hæmorrhage from the anus. Paralysis of the sphincter.*

Urinary and Sexual System.—Retention of urine, with retraction of the testicles, and priapism. Itching at the orifice of the urethra. Scanty emissions of fœtid, thick, viscid, jelly-like urine. Urine of faint flesh color, with whitish brown sediment. Increased sexual desire. Complete inability to perform the sexual act. Stitches in the ovaries. Suppressed lochiâ, and puerperal fever after vexation. Chlorotic amenorrhœa.* Amen-

orrhœa from anger. Ovarian neuralgia, cutting pains, on left side of the body, sudden and violent, extending for a distance.

Respiratory System.—Frequent irritation in the larynx, causing a dry cough. Cough from tickling in the throat or from smoking.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Rawsness and pain in the shoulder blade, extending into the neck. Flying pains through the back. Weakness in the small of the back with headache. Cramp-like pain in the hip. Disease of the hip joint. Spontaneous dislocation of the hip joint. Contraction of the extremities. Stiffness of the joints. Chronic scrofulous synovitis.

Fever.—Pulsation of the heart and arteries strongly felt. Pulse full and quick. Cold hands and feet. Coldness of the whole body. Sweat more on the head, smells like urine.

Generalities.—Complaints from indignation or grief.

CONIUM MACULATUM.

In the lower attenuations hemlock is resolvent, anti-spasmodic and anodyne, and is curative in enlargement and indurations of the absorbing and secreting glands, scrofula, cancerous diseases, ulcers, obstinate skin diseases, mammary tumors. Spasmodic, and whooping cough, neuralgic, cancerous and rheumatic pains, chorea, spinal irritation and dyspepsia.

In the higher potency it is stimulant and tonic and is adapted to diseases of old people, particularly men, apoplexy with paralysis, exhaustion from sexual excesses, fainting fits, consumption and paralysis.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Hypochondria, depression of spirits. Hysteria, from too little or too much sexual indulgence. Indisposition to work. Great difficulty to recall things. Dullness of mind. Dreads being alone, but avoids society. Inclination to start. Delirium tremens.* Hydrophobia.* Inability for mental effort.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo, on turning, lying down, or turning over in bed, the room seems to whirl around. Headache, as if the head were too full and would burst, in the morning on waking. Tearing pain, through the head, must lie down.

Semilateral headache with nausea. Sensation as of a lump in the brain. Numbness and sensation of coldness in one side of the head. Dropsy of the brain. Apoplexy, with paralysis, particularly with old people. Tremor of all the limbs. Convulsions. Spinal irritation, functional derangement of the cord, with excessive irritability of the reflex function.* Chorea, muscular agitation.*

Eyes and Ears.—Pressure in the eyes, especially when reading. Inflamed eyelids. Coldness or burning in the eyes. Incipient styes. Objects appear red. Yellowish color of the eyes. Eyes feel as if pulled outward. Weakness of vision, with weight on the eyelids. Increased short-sightedness. Traumatic cataract. Ears stopped up, with humming and roaring in the head. Stitching pain in the ears. Painful sensitiveness of the hearing. Accumulation of ear wax, resembling decayed paper. Blood red cerumen. Throbbing and tingling in the ears. Earache, with excessive wax.

Face.—Soreness in the face, as from excoriation. Neuralgia at night, tearing pain in the right side of the face.* Cancer of the lips, (from smoking a pipe).*

Digestive System.—Drawing pain in the teeth, when eating any thing cold, not from cold drinks.* Drawing pain from the teeth to the malar bone.* Sensation of looseness in the teeth. Gnashing of the teeth. Swollen, readily bleeding gums. Stiff, swollen, painful dry tongue. Difficult swallowing. Spasmodic constriction of the œsophagus, with much irritability and globus hystericus.* Burning in the stomach, with acidity. Sensation as if a round ball were rising from the stomach to the throat. Eructations tasting sour, or of the ingesta. Heart-burn of pregnant women, coming on at night when going to bed. Unsuccessful eructation. Nausea and vomiting of pregnant females. Desire for coffee, acids and salt food. Vomiting of substance resembling coffee grounds. Sore and raw feeling in the stomach. Spasmodic pain in the stomach. Tearing pain in the region of the liver. Distention of the abdomen. Cutting pain in the abdomen as from knives. Cutting pain in the abdomen, before and during emission of flatulence. Emission of cold flatulence. Rumbling in the abdomen. Spasmodic

pain in the bowels. Swelling and induration of mesenteric glands. Constipation, frequent urging without stool. Diarrhœa, liquid fæcal stools, mingled with hard lumps. Undigested, or bloody stools. Exhausting diarrhœa. Burning at the rectum, during stool. Tremulous weakness after every stool. Involuntary stool during sleep. Stitches in the anus.

Urinary and Sexual System.—The flow of urine suddenly stops, and after a short time, flows again. Frequent urgent desire to urinate. Thick, turbid, white urine, or clear as water with frequent urging. Diabetes, with much pain. Cutting pain in the urethra, while urinating. Urinary difficulties, in old men and others suffering from sexual excesses. Pain in the testes. Swelling of the testicles, particularly after contusion.* Impotence. Sterility. Excessive sexual desire.* Pollutions. Languor after an embrace. Seminal discharge during stool. Violent itching of the pudendum. Suppression of the menses. Menstruation too early and too scanty. Brownish blood instead of the menses. Painful abdominal spasms during menstruation. Leucorrhœa, smarting and excoriating. Leucorrhœa, of white acrid mucus, causing a burning sensation. Colic, before and after leucorrhœa. Profuse lochia. Scirrhus induration of the mammæ,* very painful before menstruation. Prolapsus uteri with induration, ulceration and leucorrhœa. Burning sore aching pain in the region of the uterus. Induration and swelling of the ovary.* Cancer of the uterus, with intolerable, lancinating pains.* Chronic or sub-acute inflammation of the ovaries, with induration and enlargement, scanty menstruation.* Mastitis from contusion.*

Respiratory System.—Frequent bleeding from the nose. Bleeding when sneezing. Purulent discharge from the nose. Chronic stoppage of the nostrils. Frequent sneezing. Shortness of breath, particularly from walking or taking the least exercise. Violent pain in the chest, with violent cough. Violent catarrhal fever, with inflammation of the throat. Hoarseness. Itching in the throat, with tickling, causing a short, hacking cough.* Cough worse from lying down.* Short convulsive cough from deep breathing.* Whooping-cough and asthma, particularly after measles. Nightly whooping-cough.* Cough

during pregnancy.* Expectoration cannot be raised. Aching and soreness in the chest.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Stitches in the back, with drawing through the lumbar vertebræ. Pain as from a sprain in the side of the back and neck. Paralytic pain in the shoulder. Cracking in the wrist or knee joint. Painful stiffness of the legs. Coldness and numbness of the feet. Crampy and spasmodic pain through the body. Violent pain as from bruises in all the limbs. Paralysis agitans.*

Skin and Glandular System.—Yellow skin and nails. Erratic and evanescent itching. Stinging sensation on the skin. Slow itching, smarting, burning stitches in different parts. Chronic brown or frequently recurring red itching spots on the body. Painful red spots on the calves, afterwards turning green or yellow, as from a bruise. Falling off of the hair. Blackish ulcers with bloody fœtid ichor. Gangrenous ulcers. Swelling and induration of glands, particularly from contusions.* Bruises and shocks of the spine or glands.* Eczematous eruption on the face and extremities, especially in the old, with gluey discharge forming hard crusts. Freckles during pregnancy.

Fever.—Violent palpitation of the heart, after drinking. Chilliness, with cold hands and face. Continued want of animal heat and chilliness. Unequal pulse, generally slow and full. Chilliness, with desire to be in the sunshine. Heat, with great nervousness. Acid, bad smelling perspiration, commencing on going to sleep.

Sleep.—Stupor like sleep. Great drowsiness. Anxious dreams. Unrefreshing dreams.

Generalities.—Nervous attacks. Fainting fits. Sick and faint early in the morning in bed. Great liability to take cold. Exhausted, faint and as if paralyzed. Especially adapted to the diseases or disability of old people, particularly men. Bad effects from sexual excesses. Easily intoxicated. Cancerous and strumous cachexia. Neuralgic, cancerous or rheumatic pains.* Sensation as of a hoop or band around affected parts. The body has very little sensation.

CREASOTUM.

In the lower potencies creasote is more successful in vomiting, particularly when of a chronic character, chronic nausea, gastrodynia, with pain after eating, gastro-enteric irritation. Pulmonary disease, leucorrhœa, with foetid excoriating discharge, in some forms of cancerous disease and in neuralgia.

In the higher attenuation it is adapted to enuresis. Summer diarrhœa of children, diabetes, catarrhal conditions in old people, herpetic and impetiginous diseases.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Sadness, with disposition to weep. Low spirited, longing for death. Weakness of memory.

Brain and Nervous System.—Dullness of the head. Headache with drowsiness. Vertigo, with danger of falling on turning. Scalp painful to the touch. Irritation throughout the whole body.

Eyes and Ears.—Itching and biting in the eyes. Burning and heat as from fire in the eyes. Suppuration of the eyes. Lachrymation, on looking at a bright light. Discharge of hot, acrid smarting tears, like salt water. Dim sightedness, as through a gauze. Small particles before the eyes, must wipe them often. Stitches in the ears. Itching in the ears. Inflammation of the ear, burning heat, bright redness, burning pain and swelling. Hardness of hearing, with buzzing. Very painful dentition, the gum infiltrated with a dark watery fluid. The teeth decay almost as soon as they appear.

Face.—Livid complexion.

Digestive System.—Drawing pains in the teeth extending to the temples. Inflammation of the gums. Bitter taste in the mouth. Sour empty belchings. Vomiting, with straining of sweetish water. Nausea, during pregnancy.* Chronic vomiting.* Vomiting, reflex irritation. Vomiting,* from cancer or gastric ulcer.* Chronic nausea. Pain in the stomach after eating.* Can't bear tight clothing. Painful hard place in the left side of the stomach. Scirrhus, or cancer of the stomach. Contractive sensation in the abdomen, as from a hard twisted ball in the umbilical region. Labor like colic. Spasmodic

pains in the abdomen. Tensive pain in the inguinal regions. Painful coldness in the abdomen. Constipation, with cancer of the uterus.* Intermittent stool every two or three days, hard and dry with pressing. Spasmodic pain from the rectum into the groin. Summer diarrhoea in children, stools offensive, gray, chopped.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Frequent desire to urinate, with copious emissions. Frequent urination, also at night. Hot and smoking urine with acrid smell and reddish sediment. Mild leucorrhœa, tinging the linen yellow, previous to every micturition. Burning in the sexual organs with impotence. Itching, causing rubbing, in the vagina. Prolapsus of the uterus. Menses too early and lasting too long. Profuse menses, followed by discharge of an acrid smelling, bloody ichor, with corrosive itching and biting. Deafness during and before the menses, with great nervousness and uneasiness. Violent abdominal spasms after the menses. Frequent and acute pains remaining after too frequent and too copious menstruation. Menorrhagia, thin, black, offensive blood, the flow ceases on the third or fourth day, and in a short time commences again. Mild as well as corrosive leucorrhœa. Leucorrhœa with great debility. Nausea and appearance of the menses during the third month of pregnancy, with black blood. Offensive lochial discharge without uterine mischief. Uterine cancer with orifice wide open, it's inner surface like a cauliflower.

Respiratory System.—Bad smell before the nose. Bleeding of the nose. Frequent sneezing, particularly early in the morning. Dry coryza. Scraping and roughness in the throat. Chronic catarrh, particularly in old people. Cough excited by a crawling in the larynx. Cough, with emission of urine. Constant cough with drowsiness. Dry, wheezing, hollow cough. Difficult and anxious breathing. Frequent desire to take a deep breath. Pain, as if bruised in the chest on taking a deep inspiration. Pain as if the chest or sternum would be crushed in. Rawness and soreness in the lower part of the chest. Stitches through the chest to the shoulder-blade, impeding breathing.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Frequent pain like labor pains in the back; worse at rest, with urging to stool and to urinate. Pain in the back as if beaten. Fingers become pale and insensible, and as if dead. Humming and buzzing in the lower limbs. Œdematous swelling of the feet. Pain as if bruised in every part of the body. Uneasiness of the whole body during rest. Sore and ulcerated pains.

Fever.—Chilliness. Pulse small, with pulsation through the arteries. Flushes of heat, with circumscribed redness of cheeks. Perspiration only during the morning.

Skin.—Burning and itching over the whole body at night. Blisters, like bites, over the whole body. Herpes and pustules, dry and humid. Blotches like nettle rash. Large greasy pock-shaped pustules over the whole body.

Sleep.—Great drowsiness with frequent yawning. Restless sleep with uneasiness.

Generalities.—Children suffer from painful dentition; can't sleep unless caressed or fondled. Severe old neuralgic affections, with teasing pains.

CROCUS SATIVA.

The curative action of saffron appears to be best shown in the lower potencies. The range of its action is not large, being mostly limited to hysteric and uterine affections.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Uncommon mirth and cheerfulness. Immoderate laughter. Frequent alternation of humor. Uneasy, anxious, sad mood. Religious melancholy.

Brain and Nervous System.—Spasms every evening. Staggering and giddiness when raising the head. Pulsating on left side of the head. Chorea every seven days with great hilarity. Sudden shocks in forehead.

Eyes and Ears.—Objects appear as through a mist. Sensation in the eyes as if from weeping. Twitching and itching of the upper eye lid. Burning and sore feeling in the eyes. Humming and roaring in the ears, with hardness of hearing; worse on stooping.

Face.—Livid face. Alternate redness and paleness of the face. Circumscribed red spots on the face.

Digestive System.—Dryness and scraping in the mouth. Unusual warmth in the mouth. White-coated tongue. Sensation of elongation of the uvula during and after deglutition. Eructations. Nausea. Heartburn after eating. Rumbling and drawing pain or violent stitches in the stomach. Distention of the stomach and abdomen. Movements as from something alive in the abdomen. Colic as if the menses would appear. Dull stitch-pain about the anus, with nervous irritation. Creeping and writhing in the anus.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Excitement of the sexual desire. Menses too early and too profuse. Flooding from the least motion; blood foetid, black, viscid and stringy. Menorrhagia, and functional derangement; black lumpy discharge.

Respiratory System.—Violent sneezing. Discharge from the nose of tenacious, thick, black blood. Dry cough, better from pressing on the pit of the stomach. Hæmoptysis.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Swelling of the neck. Coldness in the back. Pain in the shoulder joint; when moving, in the arms. The arms feel very heavy and as if bruised. Cracking in the joints. Burning and tingling in the feet. Difficulty in standing or walking from weakness of the limbs. Pain of the soles of the feet. The limbs on which one rests at night go to sleep.

Skin.—Scarlet redness of the whole body.

Fever.—Chilliness, with thirst or yawning. Lassitude, with sensation as if sweat would break out over the whole body. Flushes of heat. Perspiration only at night on lower part of the body, cold, debilitating.

Sleep.—Drowsiness. Confused, frightful dreams. Singing during sleep.

Generalities.—Especially adapted to women. Bounding in various parts of the body as from something living. Hæmorrhages from various parts, of black, stringy blood. Tingling in different parts. Miscarriages at third month.

CUPRUM.

The curative action of this remedy is best shown in the higher attenuations, the range of its power being very extensive, acting upon the gastro-intestinal tract, the respiratory system and the nervous system with almost equal force.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Restless tossing about and constant uneasiness. Attacks of craziness. Delirium. Desire to escape. Convulsive laughter. Merry singing.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo on looking up, or reading. Painful hollow sensation in the head. Headache after an epileptic fit. Violent headache. Head is twisted, falls forward, or moves from side to side. Purple, red swelling of the head, with convulsions, worse from touch. Convulsive movements and distortion of the limbs. Convulsive fits during sleep. Epileptic fits recurring at short intervals, with foaming at the mouth. Rigidity of the limbs and trunk. Convulsions, with piercing cries. Tetanus, with pale face, foam at the mouth, jerking of the limbs, which are spread side ways, loss of consciousness and vomiting. Acute hydrocephalus, with convulsions. Chorea, twitching often only of one side, better when lying down, after fright.

Eyes and Ears.—Aching or itching in the eyes. Eyes inflamed, with wild look. Staring and sunken, or protruded, glistening eyes. Drowsiness and weakness of the eyes. Itching and boring pains in the ears.

Face.—Paleness of the face. Sad, dejected face. Spasmodic distortion of the features. Face bluish with blue lips. Expression of anguish in the face.

Digestive System.—Spasmodic contraction of the jaw. Inability to talk. Foam at the mouth. Coldness of the tip of the tongue. When drinking, fluids descend with a gurgling noise. Excessive thirst. Strong metallic or coppery taste. Constant eructation. Nausea. Violent vomiting. Vomiting with nausea and diarrhœa. Continued vomiting with violent colic. Vomiting of water, mucus, bile or blood. Vomiting prevented by drinking cold water. Excessive violent pain in

the stomach. Pressure in the pit of the stomach. Violent spasms in the bowels and in the limbs. Cutting and tearing pains in the bowels. Constipation. Violent diarrhœa, watery or bloody. Asiatic cholera, with much vomiting, cramps and blueness.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Urine turbid, dark red, with yellowish sediment. Frequent urination at night. Menses too late, and too protracted.

Respiratory System.—Continual hoarseness, which prevents speaking. Short, dry cough, like whooping cough, arresting the breathing. Cough, with interrupted, almost suppressed breathing. Whooping cough, with violent long continued paroxysms exhausting the patient, a swallow of cold water relieves. Spasmodic asthma, dyspnœa and fear of suffocation, aggravation about 3 A. M. Suffocative attacks, worse from coughing, laughing, bending back and at night.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Jerking and twitching of the muscles. Coldness of the hands. Cramps in the calves.

Fever.—Feverish sensation. Chilliness after epileptic attacks. Palpitation of the heart before the menses. Small, weak, slow pulse. Profuse night sweat. Many attacks end in a cold sweat. Exanthemata when the eruption retrocedes.

Skin.—Herpes, with yellow scales. Contraction of the skin of the limbs. Cutaneous eruptions after catarrhal or exanthematic fevers. Dry itch.

Sleep.—Deep sleep, with jerking of the limbs. Rumbling in the bowels during sleep.

Generalities.—Complaints renewed from contact. Nervous affections with great acuteness of the senses. Difficult dentition in children with convulsions. Inflammation of lymphatic vessels of the arm, with violent swelling of the hand.

DIGITALIS.

The direct or drug action is exerted primarily and with most force upon the circulation, augmenting the arterial pressure partly by increasing the action of the heart, and partly by vaso-motor spasm. The increase of the heart's action being due to the stimulation of the peripheral ends of the inhibitory

nerves and also of the cardiac muscles. Its specific action is therefore that of a cardiac stimulant, and it will be indicated when an increase of the action of the heart is desired, or in other words, "when the work required of the heart is greater than its power."

In the lower attenuation it is adapted to diseases occurring in anæmic persons, particularly disorders of the heart, lungs and brain, with tendency to serous effusions. Hæmorrhages from the nose, lungs, uterus, etc., when dependent upon mechanical embarrassment of the circulation. Diseases of the heart and larger vessels, angina pectoris, nervous palpitation of the heart. Epilepsy, insanity; dull, lethargic condition, very slow pulse, delirium tremens, asthma, suffocative catarrh, dropsy.

In the higher potency, digitalis is curative in febrile and inflammatory conditions, gastro-intestinal irritation, sexual excitement, nervous prostration.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Desponding and fearful. Anxiousness, with great apprehension of the future. Internal anguish. Indisposed to speak. Delirium tremens, paleness of the face, anæmia of the brain, with effusion.* Delirium and restlessness at night.*

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo, with trembling. Vertigo, with slowness of the pulse. Serous apoplexy of old people.* Cerebro-spinal meningitis, heart's action irregular, head falls backward.* Vertigo, from anæmia of the brain, enfeebled heart.* Dullness of the head. Intense aching in the head. Violent lancinating headache, especially in the vertex and occiput. Sudden cracking in the head. Feeling of looseness in the brain as from water.* Chronic hydrocephalus.* When stooping, feeling as though the brain fell forward.*

Eyes and Ears.—Throbbing pains in the orbits. Inflammation of the meibomian glands. Agglutination of the eyes in the morning. Ophthalmia in scrofulous and arthritic persons.* Dilatation and insensibility of the pupil. Obscuration and dimness of sight. Diplopia. Upper half of objects invisible. Ob-

jects appear green or yellow. Inflammatory redness of the eyes with swelling. Hissing before the ears like boiling water.

Face.—Paleness of the face. Blue lips and eyelids.* Twitching of the left side of the face. Pain above the root of the nose.

Digestive System.—Soreness of the mouth, tongue and gums. Blue tongue. Tongue coated white. Accumulation of saliva. Flat slimy taste. Sweetish taste, with constant ptyalism. Want of appetite, with clean tongue. Gulping up of sourish fluid. Excessive nausea, with great despondency. Nausea, not relieved by vomiting. Vomiting of the ingesta, of mucus, or of green bile. Vomiting in the morning. Continuous nausea. Weakness of the stomach, and of digestion. Burning in the stomach, extending to the œsophagus. Spasmodic pain in the stomach. Cutting from the pit of the stomach to the sides and back. Frequent feeling of goneness in the stomach, as if he would die. Pressure in the stomach, with deathly nausea, and vomiting. Cutting in the abdomen. Distention of the abdomen.* Ascites.* Watery diarrhœa. Soft, liquid frequent stool. Ash-colored diarrhœa. Diarrhœa during jaundice. Chilliness before stool.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Pressure on the bladder. Violent unsuccessful desire to urinate. Continual desire to urinate, only a few drops being passed at a time. Enuresis, succeeded by retention of urine. Dark brown, hot urine. Inflammation of the neck of the bladder. Hydrocele, the scrotum looks like a bladder filled with water.* Pains in the bladder with brown urine.* Excited sexual desire. Uterine hæmorrhage.* Spermatorrhœa, feeble erections, frequent emissions, cold hands and feet.*

Respiratory System.—Fluent coryza with sneezing. Bleeding from both nostrils, light colored blood.* Sneezing every morning on rising. Cough and coryza, can scarcely talk. Hoarseness early in the morning. Dry spasmodic cough. Cough with expectoration looking like boiled starch.* Soreness and raw feeling in the chest.* Expectoration streaked with blood. Hydrothorax.* Dyspnœa, when walking and lying down.*

Hæmoptysis, from mechanical obstruction of circulation, blood black.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Heat of one hand and coldness of the other. Paralytic weakness in the arms. Weakness and lassitude of the limbs. Dropsy of the knee joint.* Swelling of the feet in day time, going off at night. Piercing pain in the joints. Elastic, painful swelling in the legs, afterwards of the hands and feet.

Skin.—General paleness of the skin. Swelling of the parotid gland.

Fever.—Increased activity of the heart, with slow pulse. The least movement produces violent palpitation of the heart.* Sensation as if the heart would stop beating if one moved.* Frequent stitches in the heart. Violent audible palpitations.* Aneurism. Angina pectoris, advance stage, frequent paroxysms.* Capillary atheroma.* Simple hypertrophy of the heart. Hypertrophy with dilatation.* Coldness of the limbs. Internal coldness of the whole body. Excessive sensitiveness to cold. Pulse very slow. Every other beat of the pulse intermits.* Slow pulse accelerated by the slightest motion. Irregular small pulse.* Feverish heat followed by profuse perspiration. Sudden flushes of heat, followed by great debility. Heart weak, painful cyanosis.* Scarlet fever. Rheumatic fever.* Pneumonia.* Bronchitis.*

Sleep.—Lethargy. Uneasy, unrefreshing sleep. Frequent waking with starting.

Generalities.—General painfulness of the whole body. Nervous affections of every kind, with great weakness. Feeling of great lightness of the body. Emaciation of the body, proportional to the increase of intellectual activity. Sinking of the vital powers. Great weakness. Sudden failing of strength, followed a few hours later by general sweat and cough. Dropsy of internal and external parts.* Elastic white swelling of the whole body.* Renal and cardiac dropsy, scanty urine and nervous engorgement.* Cyanosis. Black pores in the skin, becoming ulcerated.

DULCAMARA.

In the lower attenuations dulcamara acts favorably in chronic pulmonary catarrh, in rheumatic and gouty complaints, in cachectic conditions of the systems, and in various forms of cutaneous diseases.

In the higher potencies it is adapted to ophthalmia, convulsions, gastro-intestinal irritation and paralysis of different single parts.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Quarrelsome mood. Restlessness. Impatience.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo when waking in the morning and when rising from the bed. Mental confusion, cannot concentrate his thoughts. Dullness and painful stupefaction of the head. Sensation as of a board pressing against the forehead. Stupefying headache. Boring, burning in the forehead with digging pain in the brain. Congestion to the head, humming in the ears, and hardness of hearing. Catarrhal and rheumatic headaches, in damp cold weather. Stupefying pain in the back of the head, ascending from the nape of the neck. Coldness in the cerebellum.

Eyes and Ears.—Inflammation of the eyes, from cold. Incipient amaurosis and dim sightedness. Twitching of the eyelids in cold air. Sparks before the eyes. Stitches and tingling in the ears.

Face.—Pale face, with circumscribed redness of the cheeks. Distortion of the mouth. Twitching of the lips in cold air.

Digestive System.—Lameness of the jaw, from cold.* Dry, rough tongue. Paralysis of the tongue, hindering speech, worse in damp, cold weather. Swelling of the tongue. Ptyalism. Bitter taste. Violent thirst for cold water. Nausea, and vomiting of white, tenacious mucus. Pressure in the stomach. Sensation of fullness in the stomach and of emptiness in the abdomen. Retraction of the pit of the stomach, with burning pain. Pinching and cutting pains in the abdomen. Colic, as if from cold, or as if diarrhœa would set in.

Dropsy of the abdomen.* Swelling of the inguinal glands. Slimy diarrhœa, with faintness. White mucous diarrhœa. Diarrhœa, with colic, after a cold, particularly in summer, with nocturnal watery evacuations. Chronic bloody diarrhœa. Diarrhœa, from repelled eruptions, chills or dentition. Cholera simplex, from cool changes in the weather. Diarrhœa of children from dampness, or dentition.*

Urinary and Sexual System.—Urine turbid and white. Strangury, painful micturition. Paralysis of the bladder, with involuntary discharge of urine. Fœtid urine, sediment at times red, at times white. Irritability of the bladder, from exposure to wet. Menses too late and scanty, blood watery. Suppression of the menses from cold. Rash before the menses. Suppression of the milk, from cold. Lochia, suppressed by cold or dampness.

Respiratory System.—Dry coryza, with dullness of the head, and sneezing, worse in cold air. Sore throat after a cold. Oppression of the chest, from mucus. Hoarseness. Cough, with expectoration of bright blood. Increased secretion from the mucous membrane, with suppression of that of the skin.*

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Lameness in the small of the back, after cold.* Stiffness of the neck. Paralysis of the arms, with icy coldness. Burning in the feet. Pain in many parts of the body. Feeling in all the limbs as if bruised. Rheumatic arthritis, from exposure to dampness.* Acute rheumatism.* Sub-acute or chronic rheumatism from exposure.*

Skin and Glandular System.—Violent itching of the whole body. Eruption of white blotches, with red areolæ, stinging, itching and burning.* Herpetic crusts over the whole body. Dryness, heat and burning of the skin. Humid eruption on the cheeks.* Warts and eruption on the face.* Thick, brown or yellow herpetic crusts on face and head.* Crusta lactea.* Herpes on the mammæ of nursing women.* Erysipelas of the feet. Swelling and induration of glands. Vesicular eruptions, on face and extremities, oozing of watery fluid, worse in cold, or evening.*

Fever.—Chilliness with the pains. Chilliness and uneasiness. Double tertian fever. Violent fever, great heat and dryness of

the skin. Hunger after heat. Perspiration suppressed. Badly smelling sweat.

Sleep.—Uneasy sleep, with frequent sweat. Sleeplessness.

Generalities.—Adapted to phlegmatic, torpid, scrofulous persons, who are restless and irritable. Catarrhal and rheumatic diseases. Dropsical swelling of the body.* Attacks of sudden weakness.

FERRUM.

The curative action of iron is best shown in the lower attenuations, in which its action is tonic and adapted to chlorotic and anæmic conditions and to disorders dependent upon, or connected with such conditions.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Disputative. Quarrelsome. Anxiety, as after the commission of a crime.

Brain and Nervous System.—Staggering, when walking, as if intoxicated. Reeling sensation and vertigo on seeing flowing water. Dullness of the head, and great indisposition to think. Hammering and throbbing headache. Headache of anæmic, debilitated persons, especially with congestion of the head and chest.* Headache as if the brain were rent asunder. Pain in the head as from subcutaneous ulceration and painfulness of the hair on touching. Congestion of blood to the head, with red face and swollen veins. Cerebral anæmia from feeble cardiac action, or deficiency of blood.* Chorea, with anæmia, especially about the time of puberty.* Hysteria, with anæmia or uterine obstruction.*

Eyes and Ears.—Eyes inflamed, red, burning and stinging. Swelling of the eyelids. Blue rings around the eyes. Exophthalmos, with anæmia.*

Face.—Fiery redness of the face. Ashy pale or greenish color of the face.* Pale face and lips.* Yellow spots on the face. Least motion or exertion produces a red flushed face.

Digestive System.—Bitter taste of the food. Repletion and violent pressure in the stomach after the least food or drink. Vomiting of the food soon after eating. Aversion to, and bad

effects of, meat, beer or acids. Inability to eat or drink anything hot. Sour taste of the vomiting. Flatulent colic at night. Inflammation of the spleen.* Frequent diarrhœac stools. Watery diarrhœa, burning and corroding the anus. Painless diarrhœa, stools of undigested food. Discharge of mucus and blood, with every stool. Diarrhœac stools of ascarides and slimy mucus. Piles in cachectic subjects, frequent bleeding.*

Urinary and Sexual System.—Involuntary urination during the day. Hæmaturia.* Nocturnal emissions.* Impotence, in men, after onanism.* Mucous discharge from the urethra. Gleet in anæmic persons.* Amenorrhœa, with anæmia, delay of first menses.* Delaying menses, which are too scanty, watery blood.* Menses too early and too profuse, last too long. Metrorrhagia, loin pains and labor-like colic in weakly subjects.* Stinging headache, ringing in the ears, and discharge of long pieces of mucus from the uterus before the menses. Leucorrhœa like watery milk, burning and corroding on first appearing.

Respiratory System.—Bleeding from the nose. Nose filled with clotted blood. Spasmodic cough with expectoration of tenacious transparent mucus. Cough in the morning, relieved by eating. Bloody cough at night, with asthma. Slight cough, with white, copious, purulent expectoration. Cough after eating with vomiting of the ingesta. Stitches and soreness in the chest on coughing. Asthma, after midnight causing him to sit up. Fullness and tightness of the chest. Expectoration, blood streaked, purulent, mucous, frothy, sweet, sour or putrid. Hæmoptysis, with pain between the scapulæ; better from walking slowly about. Phthisis, anæmia, œdema of the lower extremities, diarrhœa, and emaciation.*

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Pain as if bruised in the small of the back. Paralytic pain in the left shoulder joint, preventing motion. Sticking and tearing pain in the shoulder joint. Nightly tearing and stinging from the hip joint to the thigh, better from slow motion. Cramp in the calves, at night, at rest. Œdematous swelling of the feet.* Heaviness of the limbs with want of firmness.

Skin.—Burning painful soreness of some parts of the skin.

Fever.—Want of animal heat. Nightly sweat with languor. Profuse, long continued debilitating sweats. Viscid exhausting sweat. Pulse hard and full, or scarcely perceptible.* Intermittent fever, with congestion to the head, distention of the veins, vomiting of the ingesta and swelling of the spleen.

Sleep.—Light sleep. Lies on the back.

Generalities.—General hæmorrhagic tendency. Bad effects from quinine, alcohol and tea. Great languor, with drowsiness or emaciation. Fainting spells. Emaciation. Leucophlegmatic constitutions. Weakly persons with fiery red face. Better from walking slowly about. Debility from loss of vital fluids.* Functional œdema, anæmic or chlorotic cases.* Chlorosis.*

GELSEMIUM.

In the lower potencies the yellow Jessamine is anti-spasmodic, sedative and febrifuge, and is curative in diseases arising from irritation of the nervous centres, as hysteria, chorea, tetanus, puerperal spasms, neuralgia, especially facial, convulsions in children, from dentition or systemic irritation. In active congestion of the brain or spinal cord. Fevers, catarrhal or malarial, local inflammations, hyperæsthesia and neuralgia.

In the higher attenuations it is adapted to passive congestions of the brain, spinal cord, lungs or other organs. Paralysis, general or special, and the disorders resulting therefrom.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Impatient and irritable. Confusion of the mind, cannot connect his thoughts. Does not wish to be spoken to. Liveliness followed by depression of spirits. Bad results from fright.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo and staggering as if intoxicated. Vertigo and headache with loss of sight, double vision. Fullness and heaviness in the head. Pain as from a tape around the head.* Feeling in the brain as if bruised. Headache relieved by passing large quantities of colorless urine. Headache appears suddenly with dimness of sight and double vision, head feels too big and sometimes too light. Nervous headache from

emotional excitement. Nervous headache, the pain commencing in the upper part of the spinal cord and spreading over the head.* Intense congestion of the brain, during dentition in children.* Coma from intense passive congestion. Mania, with motor excitement and wakefulness.* Apoplexy, passive congestion, nervous exhaustion. Convulsion in children, with rigidity of the muscles, from cerebral affections.* Hysteria, at the climacteric.* Locomotor ataxy. The muscles refuse to obey the will. Cerebral meningitis, especially in children, torpor of the mental faculties, wild, incoherent delirium, nausea, giddiness and blindness.* Cerebro-spinal meningitis.* Neuralgia of the head, from catarrh or malarial poison, drawing, tearing pains, worse from physical or mental exertion.* Paralysis, especially of the sphincters. Writer's cramp.* Tetanus.

Eyes and Ears.—Great heaviness of the eye lids, inability to keep the eyes open. Dimness of vision, appearance as of smoke before the eyes. Bruised feeling in the eyes. Diplopia, controlled by the will. Dilatation of the pupils. Dryness of the eyes. Amaurosis, desire for light, after diphtheria. Pain in the eyes, with dizziness, intense periodical congestion. Sudden deafness for a short time.

Face.—Dull, yellow color of the face. Heat in the face, with cold feet. Muscles of the face, contracted with difficult speech.

Digestive System.—Lips, dry, hot and coated. Tongue coated yellowish white, with foetid breath. Inflamed tongue, red, raw and painful.* Burning in the mouth, extending to the throat and stomach. Sour eructations. Sensation of emptiness in the stomach. Nausea with vertigo and headache. Sudden pain in the abdomen, causing cries. Rumbling in the abdomen, and discharge of flatus. Periodical colic with diarrhœa. Difficult stool, as if the contraction of the sphincter ani prevented its passing. Diarrhœa from fright, depressing emotions or exciting news, often involuntary. Diarrhœa, with intermittent fever. Stools, dark yellow, color of tea. Dysentery with spasmodic colic and tenesmus.*

Urinary and Sexual System.—Involuntary emissions with or without erection, followed by great debility and lowness of

spirits. Paralysis of the sphincter vesicæ in adults. Dysuria, with urging, scanty urine, tenesmus.* Enuresis in old people or children, from weakness of the sphincter. Inflammatory symptoms in first stage of gonorrhœa, scanty discharge, fever.* Urethral stricture after cantharides. Nervous spasm of the vagina. Amenorrhœa, with convulsions. Sensation of heaviness in the uterus. During pregnancy violent pains in the uterus, headache, drowsiness, diplopia, vertigo. Severe after pains in persons of neuralgic or irritable disposition.* Endometritis.* Rigidity of the os uteri in labor.* False labor pains.

Respiratory System.—Tingling in the nose. Fluent coryza, watery corrosive discharge.* Incipient colds, with chills, torpid, heavy condition.* Undeveloped or suppressed catarrh.* Hay fever, with profuse lachrymation. Influenza, chill up the back, remittent febrile symptoms.* Violent morning paroxysms of sneezing. Dryness, roughness, and burning in the throat. Difficult swallowing. Sensation in the throat as from a foreign body. Weak voice, especially at menstrual period. Spasm of the glottis, threatening suffocation.* Feeling of constriction in the lower part of the chest.* Stitches in the region of the heart. Severe dry cough in children.* Convulsive, spasmodic, reflex nervous coughs. Whooping cough, spasmodic stage.*

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Muscles of the neck feel bruised. Pain in the back, under the left shoulder blade. Pain as if sprained in elbow and wrist. Pain in the knees. Sudden slipping of the patella. Bruised feeling in the calves at night. Trembling of the hands on lifting them. Unsteady gait. Loss of voluntary motion. Prostration of the whole muscular system. Rheumatic pains in bones or joints. Acute myalgia, with inflammation, deep seated, muscular pains.*

Fever.—Sensation as if the heart would stop beating, if one did not move about. Chilliness up the back, cannot move away from the fire without chilliness.* Chill every day at the same hour, especially in the morning. Chill commencing in the hands and feet. Nervous chill, without shaking.* Coldness of the feet, as if they were in cold water. Pulse large,

full, quick, not very hard,* or slow, accelerated by motion. Internal fever, passing off without perspiration.* Typhus fever, sudden sinking of the vital forces. Inflammation of the lungs or pleura, in congestive stage.* Bilious remittent fever.* Infantile remittent, from malarial poison or systemic irritation.* Intermittent fever, and nervous irritation from malarial poison.* Irritative and hectic fever.* Measles. Chill, followed by fever and perspiration. Fever without thirst. Perspires from the least exertion, which relieves the pains.

Sleep.—Great drowsiness. On going to sleep delirium. Cannot sleep for itching on head, face, neck and shoulders. Wakens from headache or colic.

Generalities.—Feeling of lightness in the body, from spinal exhaustion in onanists. Great depression of spirits in onanists, with excessive languor. Paralytic affections. Paralysis, after diphtheria.

GRAPHITES.

In the lower attenuations, graphites displays its curative effects in cutaneous affections, herpes, and herpetic affections, chronic eczema, humid eruptions, deformity and diseases of the nails, obstinate constipation, scanty menstruation, and to disease concomitant to the scrofulous diathesis.

In the higher potencies, it is adapted to mucous diarrhœa, leucorrhœa, and nervous derangements.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Grief about the smallest things, even to despair. Very easily vexed. Out of humor. Oppression of the mind. Great tendency to start. Want of disposition to work. Chooses wrong words. Feeling of intoxication in the head.

Brain and Nervous System.—Headache early in the morning on waking. Semi-lateral headache early in the morning on waking, with nausea. Violent headache, with eructation and nausea, during menstruation. Rheumatic pain on one side of the head, extending to the teeth and neck. Congestion to the

head, with roaring in the ears. Burning on the top of the head.

Eyes and Ears.—Inflammation of the eyes, with dread of light. Eyelids red and swollen. Redness and weakness of the eyes. Frequent lachrymation, agglutination of the eyes. Dryness of the eyelids. Nightly violent roaring in the ears. Pealing as of thunder, or detonation like the report of a gun in the ears. Noises in the ear with hardness of hearing. Can scarcely hear in the house the noise is so loud, but when riding in a car or carriage can hear easily. Cracking in the ears when masticating. Feeling as of water in the ear.

Face.—Paleness of the face. Commencing paralysis of the left side of the face. Feeling as from a cobweb on the face. Flushes of heat in the face.

Digestive System.—Pain in the teeth, especially at night, with heat in the face. Gums sore, swollen, easily bleed. Fœtid smell from the mouth. Canine hunger after eating. Nausea and vomiting after each meal. Somnolence after dinner. Intense thirst early in the morning. Morning sickness during menstruation. Pressure in the stomach, Burning in the stomach causing hunger. Fullness and hardness of the abdomen, as from incarcerated flatulence. Nauseous sensation in the abdomen. Bloating abdomen, with diarrhœa. Croaking as from frogs, in the abdomen. Constipation, large, difficult, knotty stools, united by mucous threads.* Stools of the size of a lumbricus.* Mucous diarrhœa. Continuous, small, soft stool. Blood or tape-worm with the stool. Diarrhœa, stools of brown fluid, mixed with undigested substances, very fœtid. Itching of the anus. Varices of the rectum, with burning.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Frequent micturition. Frequent desire to urinate at night. The urine is turbid, with acrid sour smell and reddish sediment. Voluptuous irritation of the sexual organs. Violent erections. Soreness of the pudendum. Painful swelling of the left ovary. Suppression of the menses, with heaviness in the arms and lower limbs.* Menses too late, too scanty, and too pale, with severe tearing pains. First menses delay.* Profuse leucorrhœa, discharge thin, white, and often excoriating, with great weakness in the back.

Amenorrhœa, constipation, unhealthy skin * Uterine cancer, fungous excrescences, bearing down pains in uterus to back, weakness and sickness.* Nipples very sore during nursing, with little bluish blisters.*

Respiratory System.—Bloody mucus from the nose. Smell before the nose as of burnt hair or burning soot. Violent dry coryza, with great nausea and headache, without vomiting. Fluent coryza, with catarrh and frequent sneezing. Feeling in the throat as from a plug, when swallowing. Constant spasmodic swallowing. Scraping in the trachea and roughness in the throat. Asthma-oppression of the chest. Stitches in the chest from motion. Dry cough, with gruff voice.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Violent pain in the small of the back, as if broken or bruised. Violent pains and stiffness in the nape of the neck. Sciatica, intense pain and numbness. Arthritic tearing pain in the hip. Numbness and stiffness of the thighs. Pain as if sprained in the joints of the fingers. Gouty nodosities in finger joints.* Stiffness of the knees. Cramp-like sensation, followed by hard, red, sensitive swellings. Numbness and tingling in the lower limbs. Weakness of all the limbs. Paralytic sensation in all the joints.

Skin and Glandular System.—Great dryness of the skin.* Small red, itching pimples.* Unhealthy skin, every little injury produces suppuration.* Itching of the hairy scalp.* Humid eruption on the head. Falling off of the hair of the head. Black, sweaty pores on the nose. Ulcerated nostrils and corners of the mouth.* Chronic eczema. Herpes on the bend of the knee, on the tibia.* Herpetic rawness between the fingers or toes.* Erysipelas, burning and stinging, spreading in rays. Nails brittle and crumbling.* Deformity and diseases of the nails in general.* The raw places or sores exude a thin, sticky, glutinous transparent watery fluid.* Rawness in bends of limbs, groin, neck, behind the ears, especially in children.* Swelling and induration of glands.* Old ulcers, with foetid pus, proud flesh, itching and stinging.* Burning pain in old cicatrix.

Fever.—Chilliness, early in bed. Cold hands and feet. Perspiration sour, staining the linen yellow. Violent palpitation

of the heart, from the least exercise. Violent pulsations through the whole body.

Sleep.—Excessively tired, drowsy. Uneasy sleep, with frequent waking. Fanciful ravings at night. Dyspnœa on falling asleep. Unable to sleep from some persistent thought or idea.

Generalities.—Adapted to females with a tendency to unhealthy corpulence. Sensitiveness to draught of air, with great liability to take cold. Sudden failing of strength. Tremulous sensation through the whole body. Debility without pain, compelling him to groan. Great emaciation.

HELLEBORUS.

In the lower attenuations hellebore is adapted to torpid, phlegmatic individuals, especially those in whom the pelvic circulation is languid.

The lower attenuation will be found curative, in disorders of the nervous system, especially mania, melancholia, epilepsy or meningitis. In dropsical conditions, anasarca, and hydrocephalus. In easily excitable persons, or where there is any irritation of the pelvic organs, the medium potencies should be preferred.

In the higher potencies, it is adapted to gastro-intestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhœa, faintness, exhaustion.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Silent melancholy.* Home sickness.* Inability to think.* Involuntary sighing and moaning.* Dullness of the senses. Painful stupefaction of the head. The muscles do not act properly unless he has his mind strongly fixed upon them. Melancholia, supervening on acute insanity; stupor and indifference.* Melancholia in girls at puberty.* Vertigo, on stooping.

Brain and Nervous System.—Stupefying headache with coryza (4 to 8 P. M.) Shocks pass through the brain like electricity. Pain in the head as if bruised. Boring of the head in the pillow. Coma, with paleness of the face, slight convulsive movements. Dropsy of the brain, post scarlatinal.* Acute and

chronic hydrocephalus. Automatic motions of one arm and leg, soporous sleep with screaming and starting, lower jaw sinking down, chewing motion with the mouth, greedy swallowing of cold water, great irritability, gets angry very easily.* Convulsive movements, and a shock in the brain as with an arrow. Spasmodic rigidity of the limbs, with concussive shaking of the head.

Eyes and Ears.—Dilated pupils. Staring look. Burning, smarting in the eyes. Photophobia. Twitching of the muscles of the eye.

Face.—Yellowish complexion. Pale œdematous swelling of the face. Dull pain in right malar bone. Swelling of the lips with white vesicles.

Digestive System.—Aching in the molar teeth at night, worse from either heat or cold. Aphthæ in the mouth. Swelling, numbness and rigidity of the tongue. Nausea, with hunger but aversion to food. Vomiting of green blackish substances, with colic. Burning, scraping, roughness in the stomach. Gurgling in the bowels as if full of water.* Bloated abdomen. Ascites.* Coldness in the abdomen. White jelly like stools, with tenesmus. Frequent watery stools. Stools consisting of pure tenacious white mucus.

Urinary System.—Frequent desire to urinate, emitting but a slight quantity. Dark urine, feeble stream, sediment like coffee grounds. Dropsy, after scarlatina.*

Respiratory System.—Spasmodic ineffectual desire to sneeze, with yawning. Troublesome dryness of the palate, with cutting and scraping pain when moving the mouth. Scraping, rough sensation in the upper part of the sternum. Hydrothorax.*

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Stiffness of the cervical muscles. Boring, sticking in the periosteum. Sticking, boring pains in various parts. Sudden relaxation of muscles.

Skin.—Pale color of the skin. Sudden watery swelling of the whole body.* Anasarca, particularly after supposed eruptions.*

Fever.—Chilliness with goose flesh, and pain in joints. Chill begins and spreads from the arms. Coldness predominates.

Heat as soon as he lies down with perspiration. General sweat. Pale sunken countenance, no pulse, icy coldness and cold sweat all over. Pulse almost imperceptible.

Sleep.—Lies in a stupor, eyes half open, pupils turned upwards.

Generalities.—Adapted to diseases of children. Pricking, tearing, pressing pains, running across parts. Falling off of the hair and nails.

HEPAR SULPHURIS CALCAREUM.

In the lower attenuation hepar sulphur is indicated in various forms of cutaneous disease, particularly those attended with pus formation. In the swollen glands, and swollen and fissured lips of the scrofulous diathesis. Scrofulous ophthalmia, especially with ulceration of the cornea. Diphtheria in the later stages, when the membrane is being detached, with suppurative change, when it limits the pus formation. Croup, with wheezing rattling sound in the throat. Variola in later stage, modifying the suppurative process, and in all conditions attended with pus formation, aborting if given in first stage or controlling and limiting supuration when inevitable.

In the higher potencies it will be found curative in nervous diseases with excessive irritability of the nervous system. In dyspepsia, weakness of digestion. Diarrhœa.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Great anguish in the evening. Repulsive mood. The slightest cause irritates him. Sad and dejected, inclined to shed tears. Low spirited even to thoughts of suicide. Dementia, with complete stupidity, sits silent in a corner.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo, short attacks of stupidity, dullness of mind and want of memory. Vertigo, with headache and blindness. Boring, sharp headaches, of a neuralgic character. Boring pains in the head as if a nail were being driven in. Aching in the forehead as from a boil. Sensation of swashing in the head. Sensitiveness of the scalp to touch, with burning and aching. Periodical boring pains in

the head. Great nervous irritability, every impression on the body or mind, excites the nervous system even to tremulousness. Faints from trifles.

Eyes and Ears.—Feeling as from sand in the eyes. Boring pains in the orbit. Redness, inflammation and swelling of the upper eyelid.* Gonorrhœal and strumous ophthalmia, purulent discharge. Erysipelatous inflammation of the eyes, with soreness and bruised pains in the lids on touching them. Dimness of sight when reading. The eyes ache from the bright light of day. Suppurative keratitis, abscess of the cornea. Objects appear red. Eyes ache as if drawn into the head. Things look too large. Discharge of foetid pus from the ears. Whizzing and throbbing in the ears with hardness of hearing.

Face.—Yellow complexion, with blue borders around the eyes. Erysipelatous swelling of the cheeks, early in the morning. Vesicular erysipelas of the face with prickling and tension.* Pain in the bones of the face, especially when being touched.

Digestive System.—Mouth and gums, inflamed and painful to touch, readily bleeding. Toothache worse in warm room and when pressing the teeth together.* Putrid, or metallic taste. Longing for acids, and strong tasting foods. Weakness of digestion, after mercury or cinchona. Aversion to all food. Frequent eructations without taste or smell. Frequent momentary attacks of nausea, with coldness and paleness. Distention of the stomach, compelling the loosening of the clothing. Burning in the stomach. Heaviness and pressure in the stomach after a moderate meal. Stitches in the region of the liver or spleen, when walking, coughing, or touching it. Sticking, cutting, cramp like pain in the abdomen. Swelling and suppuration of the inguinal glands.* Obstinate cases of dyspepsia. Constipation, from inactivity of the rectum, the stools are hard and passed with difficulty. Sour-smelling, whitish diarrhœa in children. Painless diarrhœa, stools light yellow, or undigested. Dysenteric diarrhœa, soft stool, hard to expel, or of bloody mucus, with tenesmus. Blood during stool. Protrusion of the varices.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Weakness of the bladder.

Enuresis. Frequent desire to urinate. Dark yellow urine. Urine flows slowly, drops out, no strength to void. Sharp burning urine, corroding the internal surface of the prepuce. The orifice of the urethra is red and inflamed, with mucous discharge. Ulceration in the kidneys. Ulcers, like chancres on the prepuce. Diminished sexual desire. Discharge of prostatic juice with or after stool. Menses delayed and scanty. Discharge of blood between the menses. Inflammation of the mammæ, suppuration nearly inevitable, or not progressing perfectly.*

Respiratory System.—Frequent sneezing. Coryza and scraping in the throat. Nose feels sore as a boil. Rough and scraping sensation in the throat. Sensation as if a plug in the throat, when swallowing. Stitch in the throat when swallowing as from a splinter.* Stitches in the throat, extending to the ears, when swallowing. Inflammation of the tonsils, with impending suppuration.* Hoarseness and loss of voice. Subdued cough, from oppression of the chest. Dry hoarse cough. Cough excited whenever any part of the body is uncovered, or gets cold, or from eating anything cold. Expectoration during the day, none at night. Croup, with choking in the coughing spells.* Croup, with loose, rattling cough, worse in the morning.* Rattling, croaking cough, suffocative attacks, compelling one to rise and bend the head backward.* Anxious wheezing breathing.* In croupous and capillary bronchitis.* Chronic, moist cough from organic disease. In empyema, to promote absorption of the pus.* Early stage of phthisis in scrofulous young persons. Hoarse, rough or weak voice. Frequent and deep breathing.

Fibrous and Osseous Sytem.—Pain as if sprained in the arms. Pain in the hip joint as if sprained. Pain as if bruised in the muscles of the leg. Rheumatic pains in the limbs, and stitches in joint. Red, hot swellings of joints of hand, fingers.

Skin.—Unhealthy skin; even slight injuries give rise to suppuration and ulceration.* Chapped skin and rhagades of the hands and feet.* Pimples like blotches on the scalp.* Humid scald head.* Great falling off of the hair. Itching pimples on the face. Ulceration and suppuration of the axillary glands.* Itching of the hands, with a rough, dry grating skin. Ulcers.

with bloody suppuration, smelling like old cheese.* Ulcers very sensitive to contact, burning, stinging, easily bleeding.* Abscess, checks when impending, and promotes suppuration.* In the early stage of whitlow, when the pain is violent and throbbing.* Hard, swollen glands, with ulceration.*

Fever.—Frequent chilliness. Burning feverish heat. Intermittent fever, first chill, 8 P. M., then thirst, then fever with interrupted sleep. Itching, stinging nettle rash before and during the chill. Slight sweat at every little motion. Profuse sweat day and night. Cold, clammy offensive sweat.

Sleep.—Great drowsiness toward evening. Sleeplessness after midnight. Sleeps too long and heavy. The side on which he lies becomes painfully sore.

Generalities.—Where suppuration is inevitable.* Great sensitiveness to draughts of air. Sweats day and night without relief. Cannot bear to be uncovered ; wants to be wrapped up warmly. Strumous enlargement of glands.*

HYOSCYAMUS.

In the lower attenuations hyoscyamus is anodyne, soporific, sedative and anti-spasmodic, and is adapted to conditions of great nervous excitability with delirium, insomnia and exaltation of the senses, neuralgia, neuralgic pains, rheumatism. Spasmodic asthma, spasmodic stricture of different parts, meningitis, tetanus and spasmodic nervous cough.

In the higher potencies it becomes tonic and stimulant, and is adapted to coma, apoplexy, and certain forms of epilepsy and spasms, paralysis and diarrhœa.

SPECIAL INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Delirium, mild form.* Furious mania. Mental derangement with muttering.* Fear of being betrayed or poisoned. Unconsciousness, raving about business, does not know any one, has no wants except thirst. Very talkative. Amorous frenzy ; desire to uncover and expose his nakedness. Delirium, with jerking of the limbs ; wild staring look, or closed eyes. Involuntary loud laughter, with silly actions and trembling.* Indomitable rage. Answers questions correctly, but im-

mediately relapses into delirium. Puerperal mania, mild cases, great nervous excitement, hallucination.* Coma vigil, in typhus fever, refuses to be covered.* Hydrophobia. Dullness of feeling and complete stupefaction. Aversion to light and company. Delirium tremens.*

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo, as if intoxicated. Congestion of blood to the head, with delirium and unconsciousness. Congestion of blood to the head with red sparkling eyes and bloated face. Inflammation of the brain, with tingling and violent pulsations in the head like waves. The brain feels as if it were shaken and loose. Hydrocephalus, with stupor and sensation of swashing in the head, hands closed, with clenched thumbs. Nervous headaches. Constrictive, stupefying headache in the upper part of the forehead and general malaise, alternating with absence of all pain. Cerebral meningitis, severe pains in the head; delirium; aberration of sight.* Epileptic attacks, ending in deep sleep. Spasms with twitching and jerking of every muscle of the body, eyes, eyelids, and face. Spasms with watery diarrhoea and enuresis. Chorea, recent cases. Tetanic spasms. The limbs are spasmodically curved and the curved body jerked in the air.*

Eyes and Ears.—Eyes dim, without lustre. Staring, distorted eyes. Obscuration of sight. Illusion of sight. Eyes convulsed and protruded. Red, sparkling eyes. Spasmodic closing of the eyelids, unable to keep them open. Objects appear red, too large or double. Hard hearing as if stupefied.

Face.—Swollen bluish, or brownish red face. Cold pale face. Spasms of the face in young persons, local chorea.

Digestive System.—Burning and dryness of the tongue and lips. Paralysis of the tongue. Loss of speech and consciousness. Clean, parched, dry tongue, feels as if burnt. Lips look like scorched leather. Tearing in the teeth, with congestion to the head. The teeth feel too long and loose. Foam at the mouth. Constriction of the throat, and inability to swallow, particularly fluids. Great dryness of the throat and thirst, but drinks little. Dread of drink, after drinking, convulsions. Nausea and vertigo. Frequent hic-cough, with spasms and rumbling in the abdomen. Vomiting from eating. Vomiting of

blood, or bloody mucus. Sensitiveness of the pit of the stomach. Inflammation of the stomach, and burning pain. Spasmodic pain in the stomach, relieved by vomiting. Stricture of the œsophagus, with much irritability.* Inflammation of the diaphragm. Cramp in the abdomen. Distention of the abdomen, with pain when touched. Painful sensitiveness of the abdominal integument. Involuntary stools. Painless watery diarrhœa. Diarrhœa of lying-in women, and during lying in. Stools passed unconsciously in bed. Paralysis of the sphincter ani. Hæmorrhoids, bleeding profusely.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Involuntary emission of urine. Paralysis of the bladder. Retention of the urine. Involuntary stool while urinating. Excited sexual desire. Menses profuse, or suppressed. Profuse menses with delirium. Violent, almost convulsive trembling of the hands and feet, during the menses. Hysterical spasm, before the menses. Sterility. Suppressed lochia. Metrorrhagia, blood bright red. Spasms of pregnant or parturient women. Nymphomania, with desire to uncover the person. Puerperal fever, virulent, typhoid form. Puerperal mania, milder cases; nervous system greatly excited.*

Respiratory System.—Dry, spasmodic cough, particularly at night, and more especially when lying down.* Constant cough when lying, going off when sitting up,* (in old people). Violent spasmodic, consecutive cough, with expectoration during the day of saltish-tasting mucus, or of bright red blood, mixed with clots.* Paroxysms of cough resembling whooping cough. Severe, influenza cough.* Spasmodic tickling night cough, worse about 3 A. M., or when lying down.* Slow, rattling breathing. Suffocative fits. Hæmoptysis with convulsions. Stitches in the side of the chest. Typhoid pneumonia.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Trembling of the hands. Subsultus tendinum. Lancing in the joints. Convulsive motions of the muscles. Paralysis agitans.* Locomotor ataxia.*

Skin.—Large pustules on the skin. Herpetic spots. Gangrenous spots and vesicles, particularly on the lower limbs.

Fever.—Pulse full, hard, and quick, or small, weak or wiry. Chilliness over the body, with hot face and cold hands. Great heat in the evening. Typhoid fever, with low muttering delirium; subsultus tendinum, picking at the bed clothes, involuntary discharge of urine and fæces, desire to escape. After a correct answer, relapses into delirium and unconsciousness. Debilitating perspiration during sleep.

Sleep.—Excessive drowsiness. Deep sleep. Coma with convulsions. Coma vigil. Sleeplessness, from nervous irritation.* Nightly sleeplessness from convulsions and concussions as if occasioned by fright. Starting from sleep.

Generalities.—Adapted to young girls, hysterical females and drunkards. Too active condition of the sensorial functions, with great nervous excitability.* Bad effects from fright, or from cold, jealousy or unhappy love. Repeated fainting fits. Death like fainting. Great sinking of strength. Objects appear too large. Desire to uncover and remain naked. Picking of the bed clothes, or of the face.

IGNATIA AMARA.

In the lower attenuations the action of ignatia is tonic, acting similarly to nux vomica upon the intestinal tract, aiding digestion when due to a weakened condition, and is indicated in dyspepsia from atonic condition of the stomach, periodical spasmodic pains in the stomach and bowels, constipation from inactivity, amenorrhœa, dysmenorrhœa, with scanty flow, complete absence of sexual desire.

In the higher potencies it is sedative, its action being more specially exerted upon the spinal axis. It is therefore indicated high in disease dependent upon lesion of the spinal cord as nervous debility, epilepsy, chorea, hysteria, tetanus and similar affections.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Still, serious melancholy. Brooding, full of internal chagrin. Sadness. Full of suppressed grief. Great indifference to everything. Changeable disposition, jesting, laughing, crying. Ill humor, anger, the slightest contradiction

irritates. Great tendency to start. Intolerant of noise. Taciturn, avoids talking. Subdued low voice, is unable to talk aloud. Sensitiveness of feeling. Excessive and anxious desire to do things in haste. Mental effort is irksome. Melancholia, from psychical causes, grief, fright, etc. Puerperal mania, silent melancholy with obstinacy.

Brain and Nervous System.—Headache in persons of a highly nervous and sensitive temperament, or in those whose nervous system has given way, from grief, anxiety or mental strain. Headache as if something hard were pressed into the brain, coming in paroxysms. Periodical headaches, gradually increasing in severity, and then suddenly abating. Headache passing off with a flow of pale limpid urine. Sensation of hollowness in the head. One sided headache, as if a nail were driven into the brain, the pain is sudden and severe, relieved by lying on it. Sitting up with the head bent forward on the hands is the most comfortable position. Hysterical headache. Headache, from coffee or smoking. Aching or cramp like pain over the root of the nose. Trembling and shaking of the head. The head is bent backward. Darting pains in back part of the head, which leave a stiffness in the nape of the neck. Nervous headaches, in depressed persons, face pale, clonic spasms. Chorea, from fright. Convulsions in children, of spinal origin, irritation from worms, indigestion or from dentition. Threatened convulsions during dentition. Epilepsy in children, recent cases, from emotional disturbance, quiet morbid subjects, without cerebral congestion. Morbid impressionability, irritability of cerebro spinal axis. Nervousness, mental excitement, extreme sensitiveness. Hysterical paralysis, after mental emotion. Spinal irritation. Trismus, from hysteria, or emotional excitement. Nervous debility, excitement alternating with depression, insomnia, tears from the slightest cause.

Eyes and Ears.—Agglutination of the eyelids in the morning, acrid tears during the day. Pressure in the eye as from a grain of sand. Cannot bear the glare of the light. Eye lids turn upwards. Inflammation of the eyeball as far as the lid covers it. Dim sightedness. Flickerings zigzag before the eyes. Hard hearing except for speech.

Face.—Changes of color in the face. Redness and heat of one cheek and ear. Convulsive twitching and distorting of the face. Spasmodic closing of the jaws.

Digestive System.—The lips bleed and crack. Toothache from cold. Boring pain in the front teeth, come after drinking coffee or smoking. Toothache as if the tooth were crushed in pieces. Difficult dentition with convulsions. Increased secretion of saliva (acid). Foam at the mouth. Inflammatory redness of the mouth. Tongue, white and flabby, shows marks of the teeth; trembles when protruded. Bites his tongue easily. Spasmodic stricture of the œsophagus. Taste flat, like chalk or as if the stomach was deranged. Food has no taste. Aversion to meat, milk, warm food, and tobacco. Hunger preventing sleep. Excessive, or diseased appetite.* Nervous dyspepsia, from mental anxiety.* Gulping up of a bitter fluid. Gulping up of the ingesta.* Hiccough after eating, drinking or smoking. Periodical spasmodic pains in the stomach.* Sensation in the stomach as from fasting too long. Faint, all gone feeling at the pit of the stomach, unrelieved by eating.* Fine stinging pains like pins sticking, about the stomach. Alternate paroxysms of emptiness and hunger, and of repletion. Nausea, when it occurs, follows pain. Periodical abdominal spasms, particularly in nervous persons.* Pinching, sticking colic. Protrusions on various parts of the abdomen.* Swelling and induration of spleen. Difficult stool, causing prolapsus ani, (especially in children).* Sharp stabbing through the rectum after stool. Itching and creeping in the rectum. Bleeding after and during stool. Hæmorrhoids; the tumors prolapse with every stool, and are sore as if excoriated; worse when the stool is loose. Fissure of the anus, controlling the spasm.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Sudden irresistible desire to urinate. Frequent emission of watery urine. Pressure to urinate from drinking coffee. Burning and itching in the neck of the bladder. Soreness, pain, and itching in the margin of the prepuce. Complete absence of sexual desire.* Menses scanty, with black blood of a putrid odor.* Amenorrhœa, from hysteria or grief.* During the menses, spasmodic pains in the

abdomen, languor unto fainting. Menses too early and too profuse. Uterine cramps with cutting and labor-like pains.

Respiratory System.—Soreness and ulceration of the nose. Coryza with dull pain in the forehead and hysteric nervousness. Passage between the nose and mouth feels very sore. Stinging in the throat, between the acts of deglutition. Sensation of a lump in the throat when swallowing. Stinging sore throat, except when swallowing. Stitches from the throat to the ear. Creeping sensation in the pharynx. Difficulty of swallowing, either solid or liquid food. Aching pain in the sub-maxillary glands. Aphonia in nervous or hysterical persons. Constrictive sensation in the throat, as from the vapor of sulphur, exciting cough. Dry spasmodic cough, day and night, with fluent coryza. Dry cough, the more he coughs, the more he has to cough. Yellow expectoration. Oppression of the chest and breathing. Spasmodic constriction of the chest. Impeded respiration as from a load on the chest. Stitches in the left side of the chest.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Stiffness in the nape of the neck. Stitches through the loins down to the legs, as from a sharp cutting knife. Pain in the shoulder, hip or knee-joint on moving it, as if dislocated. Rheumatic pain, as if bruised or lame in the shoulder. Intense pain in the bones and joints of the arms. Convulsive twitching in the fingers. Stiffness of the knees and tarsal joints, when rising. Heaviness and weakness of the feet. Violent pain in small spots, only discovered on touching them. Cold feet and legs, extending above the knees. Sciatica with great restlessness, chronic intermittent form, hammering pains. Tingling in the limbs, as if they had gone to sleep. Staggering when walking.

Skin and Glandular System.—Itching in various parts of the body. Nettle rash, with violent itching. Sensitiveness of the skin to draught of air. Corns painful as if sore. Aching in glands. Painless glandular swellings on the neck.

Fever.—Stitchies in, and palpitation of the heart. Chills, with the pains. Chill relieved by external heat. Sudden attacks of flushes of heat over the whole body. External heat and internal chilliness, or the reverse. During the fever,

violent itching; nettle rash over the whole body. Burning heat on one side of the face. Thirst only during the chill. Intermittent fever, much chill, frequent paroxysms, thirst during chill, more during heat, chill relieved by external heat.

Sleep.—Restless sleep, with nightmare. Moaning and groaning during sleep. Snoring inspiration. Jerking through the body on going to sleep. Sudden starting during sleep. Vexing, long continued dreams. Light sleep, hears every thing that happens around him. Insomnia, from grief, or nervous erethism. Convulsive yawning.

Generalities.—Adapted to excitable, sensitive, hysterical individuals. Convulsive twitchings after grief or fright. Hysterical spasms. Chlorosis, with nervousness and depression. Pressing pains from within to without. Pains as from sprains. Cutting pain as from a knife. Pains relieved from a change of position. Effects of deep grief.

IODIUM.

In the lower attenuations iodine is resolvent, alterative, and sedative, and is curative of chronic, visceral and glandular enlargement, indurations, thickening of membranes, and tumors, scrofula and scrofulous ophthalmia, chronic diseases of different organs with indurations and enlargement, gonorrhœa and leucorrhœa, phthisis, chronic bronchitis, membranous croup, chronic diseases of the nervous system, paralysis and chorea, chronic skin diseases, dropsies.

In the higher attenuations it becomes tonic and stimulant, and is curative in gastro-intestinal irritation, impaired digestion, diarrhœa, marasmus.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Despondency. Melancholy mood. Increased sensitiveness and irritability. Excessive nervous irritation. Restlessness not permitting one to sleep or rest quietly: Mania, in strumous patients, with anxiety and despondency, obscuration of vision. Dullness of the head, with great disinclination to serious labor.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo, with weakness in the

morning. Headache so violent that it almost makes him crazy. Headache, as from a tight band around the head. Congestion of blood to the head. Throbbing in the head at every motion. Acute hydrocephalus, in the incipient stage.* Vertigo, with little or no aching, from chronic cerebral congestion, particularly in the aged.* Syncope, from constitutional causes.* Chorea, in serious cases, scrofulous diathesis.

Eyes and Ears.—Redness and swelling of the eyelids. Watery white swelling on the eyes. Inflamed eyes. Twitching of the lower lids. Obscuration of sight. Firey curved rays, before the eyes. Scrofulous ophthalmia.* Hardness of hearing. Buzzing in the ears. Sensitiveness to noise. Chronic throat deafness.*

Face.—Pale face. Yellow complexion. Alteration and disfigurement of the features. Convulsive twitching of the facial muscles.

Digestive System.—Toothache in alternate places in the molar teeth on both sides. Cutting, drawing and soreness in the roots of the teeth. Inflammation and swelling of the gums. Bleeding of the gums. Aphthæ in the mouth, with profuse fœtid ptyalism.* Putrid smell from the mouth. Mercurial ptyalism. Troublesome dryness of the tongue. Tongue thickly coated. Sour, bitter, very offensive taste. Thirst day and night. Decrease of appetite. Canine hunger, even after eating. Alternate hunger and want of appetite. Very weak digestion. Unusual appetite with emaciation. Continued empty eructation hiccough. Vomiting of bile. Vomiting, worse from eating. Fullness and distention of the stomach. Violent spasmodic pain in the stomach, worse from food. Pinching and aching colic. Incarceration of flatulence. The abdominal symptoms recur after eating. Distended abdomen, has to lie on his back to prevent suffocation. Chronic hepatic disease.* Hypertrophy and waxy enlargement of the liver.* Chronic jaundice, where no apparent obstruction to the flow of bile exists. Constipation, hard, knotty, dark colored stools. Irregular stool, alternate constipation and diarrhœa. Copious discharge of watery, foamish, whitish mucus. Dysentery of pure mucus, or bloody mucus. Itching of the rectum.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Obstinate retention of urine.

Yellowish green, or acrid, dark, turbid, sometimes milky urine, a variegated cuticle on the surface. Atrophy of testes. Induration of the prostate gland.* Swelling and induration of the testes.* Incontinence of urine in the aged. Increased sexual desire. Induration of the uterus.* Irregularity of the menses. Menses delay. Menstruation, premature, copious and violent. Great weakness during the menses. Metrorrhagia. Leucorrhœa, profuse, acrid, corroding.* Induration and swelling of uterus and ovaries, acrid discharge worse at the time of the menses.* Tumors, in cervix uteri.* Dropsy of the ovaries.* Hysterics of girls at puberty. Dwindling of the mammæ.

Respiratory System.—Profuse bleeding of the nose. Dry coryza, becoming fluent in the open air.* Smarting, and drawing pain in the tonsils. Swelling and elongation of the uvula. Constriction of the throat. Inflammation and ulcers in the œsophagus. Chronic follicular laryngitis.* Hypertrophy of the tonsils.* Inflammation of larynx and trachea. Intolerable tingling and tickling in the larynx. Hoarseness in the morning. Dry, short, and hacking cough from tickling in the throat.* Hardened mucus in the larynx. Cough, with expectoration of mucus streaked with blood. Membranous croup, hard, dry cough, barking and whistling, especially with strumous diathesis.* Hoarse, hollow cough, with wheezing.* Diphtheria, much glandular irritation, dyspncea, cough.* Phthisis.* Pleuritis, in strumous cases.* Pneumonia, in the commencement, when the disease localizes itself.* Great difficulty of breathing. Asthma, difficulty of expanding the chest when taking an inspiration. Loss of breath, particularly on going up stairs. Congestion of blood to, and violent pulsations in the chest. Sore pain in the chest.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Paralytic weakness of the arms. Rheumatic pains in the limbs. Trembling jerking of the arms, hands, feet. (Edematous swelling of the lower limbs. White swelling of the knee.* Acrid sweat of the feet. Erratic pain in the joints. Rheumatic pains over the body. Subsultus tendinum in the arms, fingers and feet. Heaviness and paralysis of the limbs. Numb feeling in the limbs.

Skin and Glandular System.—Dirty yellow color of the

skin. Rough dry skin. Furunculous cutaneous eruption. Falling off of the hair. Glandular indurations.* Swelling of the neck. Swelling and induration of the axillary, cervical, or mesenteric glands.* Enlargement of the thyroid gland.* Psoriasis, circinate form. Seborrhœa.*

Fever.—Palpitation of the heart. Sensation in the heart, as if it were being squeezed. Hypertrophy of the heart. The circulation is easily excited. Pulse quickened from motion. Quick, hard pulse. Chill alternating with heat. Cold feet all night. Night sweats, perspires very easily.

Sleep.—Insomnia, with palpitation of the heart. Restless sleep with anxious dreams.

Generalities.—Adapted to scrofulous subjects, mercurial cachexia. Dark-eyed and dark-haired people. Great irritation of the nervous system. Complete prostration of strength. Chronic emaciation, pale face and muscular weakness. Nervous consumption. Emaciation with hectic fever. Tendency to syncope from constitutional causes. *Tabes mesenterica*.*

IPECACUANHA.

The action of this remedy is of the same character in both the higher and lower attenuation, the curative effect produced being in accordance with its secondary or specific action.

In cases where the nausea and vomiting are the predominant symptoms, the higher attenuations will prove most efficacious, in the other, as in hæmorrhage, the medium will act best.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Ill humor. Impatience. The least noise irritates.

Brain and Nervous System.—Gastric headache, in nervous sensitive persons, commencing with nausea and vomiting. Headache, as if the brain and skull were bruised, penetrating through all the bones of the head down to the root of the tongue, with nausea and vomiting. Stinging headache, with

heaviness of the head and drowsiness. Aching pain in the head. Vertigo when walking and when turning round.

Eyes and Ears.—Red inflamed eyes. Scrofulous ophthalmia.* Coldness and chilliness of the ears.

Face.—Pale face, with blue margins around the eyes. Convulsive movements of the facial muscles.

Digestive System.—Intensely painful feeling in the mouth. Tongue thickly coated yellow, or white. Flat taste. Aversion to food, desire for dainties. Nausea, with accumulation of mucus, and empty eructations. Constant and continued nausea. Vomiting of the ingesta, green, jelly-like mucus, bitter bilious fluids, of blood, or of black, pitch-like substances. Vomiting when stooping. Feeling of emptiness and relaxation in the stomach. Horrible pains and sick feeling in the stomach. Acidity of the stomach in pregnancy. Atonic and chronic catarrhal dyspepsia, constipation, depression, food lies like a weight.* Acute gastritis, nausea and vomiting. Hæmorrhage from the stomach, bright red blood, pale face, nausea. Flatulent colic, with frequent diarrhoeac stool. Cutting and pinching around the umbilicus as if grasped with hands, worse from motion. Cutting pain about the umbilicus, with shuddering. Diarrhoea, stools as if fermented, with nausea and colic. Stools green as grass. Dysenteric stool; fæces covered with bloody mucus. Vomiting and tenesmus.* Fœtid, or bloody stools. Cutting and burning at the anus. Simple diarrhoea, with straining, or blood-streaked motions, from overloading the stomach, or during hot weather, nausea and vomiting a marked symptom. Constipation, from torpor of the bowels.*

Urinary and Sexual System.—Bloody urine. Turbid urine with brick dust sediment. Menses too early and too profuse. Metrorrhagia, constant flow of bright red blood, after parturition; gasping for breath. Ipecac, after parturition to promote recovery.*

Respiratory System.—Coryza, with stoppage of the nose. Frequent sneezing. Loss of smell. Bleeding from the nose. Acute nasal and bronchial catarrh, hard sneezing, rattling mucus.* Spasmodic contractive sensation in the throat and chest.

Rattling in the bronchial tubes on inspiration. The chest seems full of phlegm, which does not yield to coughing. Suffocative cough. Dry cough from tickling in the upper part of the larynx. Cough, from contractive tickling sensation all through the bronchi. Suffocative cough, the child gets stiff and blue in the face. Acute bronchitis, spasmodic cough, and rattling mucus. Catarrhal croup. Hay asthma. Whooping cough, with bronchitis, or pneumonic complication, gastric symptoms, vomiting of mucus, sometimes hæmorrhage. Spasmodic asthma, contraction of the chest, short and panting breathing, paleness, nausea.* Suffocation threatens from constriction in the throat and chest. Hæmorrhage, from the lungs, cough, tickling behind the sternum, bubbling sensation in the chest.* Hæmoptysis, from the slightest exertion.

Fibrous and Ossæous System.—Opisthotonos and emprosthotonos. Bruised pain in all the bones. Pain in the joints as when the limbs go to sleep. The whole body is stretched out stiff.

Fever.—Chilliness, but is unable to bear the least warmth. Excessive sensitiveness to cold and warmth. Sudden attacks of heat about 4 P. M., no thirst. Icy cold hands and feet. Pulse frequent, weak. Palpitation of the heart, without anxiety. Hot sour smelling sweat. Intermittent fever, gastric symptoms predominate, thickly coated yellow tongue, thirst increased from warmth.

Sleep.—Drowsiness. Sleep with half open eyes. Moaning during sleep.

Generalities.—Continuous vomiting or nausea with most ailments the keynote of ipecac. Great weakness and aversion to food. Hæmorrhages from all the orifices of the body. Suppressed eruptions. Itching of the skin, scratches until he vomits.

KALI BICHROMICUM.

The curative action of this remedy is best shown in the medium and higher attenuation and depends upon its secondary or vital action. The lower or antipathic effects, have

not been developed. In the cases reported as cured, the attenuations from the 3^x to the 6^c have acted favorably.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Ill humor. Low spirited. Indifferent.

Brain and Nervous System.—Sudden transient attacks of vertigo. Headache involving the optic nerve, coming in the morning with blurred vision, as the pain in the head increases the dimness decreases, comes and goes with the sun, and is accompanied with nausea. Frontal headache mostly over the left eye. Pain is of a dull, heavy, throbbing character mostly in the forehead, worse after eating. Burning headache with vertigo, during which all objects seem to be enveloped in a yellow mist. Headache from suppressed coryza. Flying pains about the head. Great weight in the head. Facial, supra-orbital neuralgia.

Eyes and Ears.—Redness of the conjunctiva, with aching in the eyes. Eyelids inflamed and much swollen, with rash extending to adjacent parts. Œdematous swelling of the eyelids. Great heaviness of the eyelids on waking. Violent ophthalmia, with photophobia and loss of sight. Violent stitches in the left ear, extending to the head and neck. Thick, yellow, fœtid pus from the ears after scarlet fever.

Face.—Pale yellowish color of the face.

Digestive System.—Dryness of the mouth. Tongue, thickly coated with yellowish-brown, fur-like covering. Papillæ elevated. Tongue smooth, red, dry and cracked, in dysentery. Sense of a hair on the tongue. Tough saliva, can be drawn in long strings to the feet. Desire for beer, acids, sour things. Nausea, like sea sickness. Nausea, with congestion to the head, even at sight of food. Nausea, from moving. Vomiting of undigested food; of bile, of bitter glairy fluid, or of blood. Weakness of digestion, food lies in the stomach like a heavy load. Swelling of the stomach, with fullness, cannot bear tight clothes. Vomiting, with vertigo, pressure and burning in the stomach. Cutting pain in the abdomen, soon after eating. Stitches or dull pressure in the region of the spleen. Chronic intestinal ulceration. Duodenal dyspepsia, bitter taste, thickly

coated tongue, pale stools, pinkish, glairy vomiting. Constipation, scanty, dry, knotty stools, burning at the anus. Periodic constipation. Loose stool, with rumbling in the bowels, stools slate-colored, bloody. Diarrhœa, wakes with urgent pressure to stool. Diarrhœa, with tenesmus, stool watery, gushing out. Dysentery every year, in the early part of the summer. Bloody, jelly-like stool. Sense of a plug in the anus.

Urinary and Sexual Systems.—Frequent, watery, dark, strong-smelling urine. Feeling as if more remained after urinating. Urine red, with pain across the back. Ischuria, sometimes following cholera. Stitches in prostate gland, preventing walking. Menses too soon, with vertigo, nausea and headache. Yellow, ropy leucorrhœa, can be drawn away in strings.

Respiratory System.—Watery discharge, with soreness of the nose. Fluent, acrid coryza, excoriating parts. Painful dryness of the nose. Green, fœtid discharge from the nose. Hard, elastic plugs form in the nose, which cause pain on removing. Bones of the nose feel loose on blowing it. Caries of the bones of the nose. Fœtid smell before the nose. Sense of a hair in the nose. Loss of smell. Ozæna, discharge tenacious.* Polypus narium. Dry or rough throat, with great hoarseness, expectoration very glutinous, adhering to the mouth and fauces and finally detached in long strings. Soft palate reddened, uvula relaxed, with sensation of a plug in the throat. Inflammation of the throat of a bright red or of a dark coppery color. Deep excavated sore at the root of the uvula. Pseudo membranous deposit on the fauces, tonsils, soft palate, and respiratory mucous surfaces of a pearly appearance and firm texture. Membranous croup, asthenic symptoms. Diphtheria, with thick, tenacious membrane, firmly adherent.* Aphonia, in tenors from over-use of the voice. Whooping cough, with tough, gluey, adherent mucus, causing vomiting. Tickling in the larynx, causing cough at almost every inspiration. Hoarseness in the evening. Much mucus in the larynx, causing hawking. Cough in the morning with tight expectoration, and stitches in the chest. Violent, rattling cough, with expectoration of tough, stringy mucus. Cough, with pain in

the back, extending through to the sternum, and expectoration of tough, black mucus. Chronic ulceration of the pharynx, tough, stringy mucus. Acute bronchitis, smaller tubes affected, thickly coated tongue, stringy mucus, severe cough.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Dull aching pain in the back. Cutting through the loins, preventing walking. Pain in os coccyx. Lameness in right arm. Rheumatic pains in the joints, particularly the shoulders and wrists. Cracking of all the joints from the least motion. Weakness and trembling in all the limbs. Periostitis. Transient flying pains in all the limbs, without definite character.

Skin and Glandular System.—Skin hot, dry and red. Solid eruption like measles, over the body. Eruption of pustules, resembling small-pox, over the whole body. Violent itching of the skin, followed by the eruption of small pustules forming scabs. Ulcers and ulceration of the skin. Ecthyma. Lupus, tubercular non-exedens form.* Soft nodes on the scalp. Parotid gland hard, swollen and painful.

Fever.—Pinching pain in the region of the heart. Pulse small and contracted. Great inclination to yawn and stretch. Attacks of chilliness from the feet up, wants to be in a warm place. Heat alternating with general perspiration. Fever in the first part of the night.

Sleep.—Restless sleep, with frequent starting and talking. Drowsiness in the open air. Wakens at 2 A. M., with heat and perspiration and headache.

Generalities.—Adapted to fat person, with light hair and blue eyes. Persons subject to catarrhs of the mucous surface. Many of the symptoms are produced or aggravated by hot weather. The symptoms come on quickly and subside soon. Liability to take cold in the open air. Generally worse in the morning. Pains fly rapidly from one part to another. Discharges from various mucous surfaces, nose, stomach, vagina, etc., are of a tough, stringy character. Deep, clean-cut ulcers. Rheumatism and gastric affections alternate.

KALI CARBONICUM.

The curative action of kali carbonicum is best shown in the medium and higher attenuation, the indications given and the cures reported being all in virtue of its secondary or specific action.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Anguish and great sadness. Vexed and irritated. Angry and wrathful. Great tendency to start, especially if touched, noise disagreeable. Great aversion to being alone, fearful. Absence of mind. Delirium. Inability to collect one's senses. Loss of consciousness.

Brain and Nervous System.—Frequent dullness of the head, as after intoxication. Vertigo when walking. Attacks of migram on both sides, with faintishness almost to nausea. Aching in the forehead. Pressure over the eyes. One-sided headache with nausea. Headache when riding in a carriage. Congestion in the head, with throbbing and hammering. Congestive and catarrhal headaches, with dry, hard cough.

Eyes and Ears.—Biting, shooting, burning or boring pains in the eyes. Dryness and burning in the eyes. Agglutination of the eyelids in the morning. Redness of the whites of the eyes. Spots, gauze, and points before the eyes. Swelling over the upper eyelids, like little bags, in the morning. Painful sensitiveness of the eyes to the light of day. Stitches in the ears from within out. Boring and aching pains in the ears. Itching and tickling in the ears. Cracking in the ears. Singing, whizzing and roaring in the ears. Dullness of hearing. Discharge of yellow, liquid cerumen or pus from the ears.

Face.—Yellow, bloated face. Pimples on the face. Burning itching in the face. Swelling and cracks of the upper lip. Thick ulcerated lip. Chapped lips peeling off.

Digestive System.—Violent spasm in the jaw. Toothache, with pain in the face. Stitching, darting pains in the teeth, at night, or only when eating. Soreness and numbness of the mouth. Painful vesicles all over the mouth and gums, with burning pain. Sour, bitter, or putrid taste in the mouth. Desire for acids or sugar. Milk and warm foods disagree. Desire

for sleep during a meal. Sour eructations after eating. Nausea as if he would faint, better from lying down. Vomiting of foul and sour substance. Disgust for food. Stitches in the stomach and abdomen, with dyspnœa. Feeling in the stomach as if cut to pieces. Throbbing in the stomach. Stitches and burning pain in the region of the liver. Bloated abdomen, after a meal. Hard, distended abdomen, with tenderness, especially about the umbilicus. Colic, after eating. Cutting, drawing, like labor pains. Incarceration of flatulence with colic. Inactivity and coldness of the abdomen. Pressure in the groin, as if hernia would come on. Painful bloatedness in both groins. Insufficient soft stool. Constipation, from inactivity of the rectum. Difficult, too large stool. Colicky, stitching pains before stool. Discharge of white mucus, before and during stool. Itching, burning and cutting at the anus. Ulcerated pimples at the anus. Large, painful varices.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Great desire to urinate. Pale greenish urine, with burning. Protrusion of varices during urination, emitting first blood, afterwards white mucus. After urinating, discharge of prostatic fluid. Swelling of the testes, with heat. Increased sexual desire. Deficient sexual desire. Excessive pollutions, with weakness. Menses too early. Difficult first menses. Menses suppressed, or too late and scanty. Complaints in males from coition. Menstrual blood, acrid and corroding. During menses, colic, weight in small of the back, headache, etc. Yellowish leucorrhœa, with itching and burning. Constriction of the vagina during coition. Tearing pain in the breasts.

Respiratory System.—Sore, scurvy and ulcerated nostrils. Swelling of the tip of the nose. Bloody red nostrils. Frequent bleeding of the nose. Stoppage of the nose. Fluent coryza, sneezing, pain in the back and head. Ozæna, discharge profuse and thin. Soreness of the throat with difficult deglutition. Sensation of a lump in the throat. Hawking of mucus. Hoarseness and loss of voice. Roughness in the throat with cough. Cough from tickling in the throat. Dry, hard cough, worse about 3 A.M. with stitching pain in left side. Asthma at 3 A.M., better from sitting up. Aphonia, with

violent sneezing. Intense pain in the chest, especially when talking. Stitches in the right chest through to the back, when taking a breath. Whooping cough with pneumonia. Suppuration, abscesses of the lungs. Double pneumonia, coarse vesicular murmurs, excessive dyspnœa, hectic symptoms, intermittent pulse.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Drawing pains in the small of the back. Violent pains in the back as if bruised. Stiffness and paralytic feeling in the back. Stitches in the region of the kidneys. Stiffness of the nape of the neck. Lacerating pain in the arm, from the shoulder to the wrist joint. Numbness and tingling in the arms. Tearing pains in the hips and knees. Heaviness and stiffness of the feet. The limbs are painful in those parts on which one is resting. Aching in the joints. Stitches in the joints and tendons. Tremulous weariness when walking. Pain as if bruised in all muscles.

Skin and Glandular System.—Dryness of the skin. Burning itching of the whole body. Yellow, scaly, violently itching spots. Itching of the scalp. Inflamed, red chilblains. Rough, chapped hands. Itching warts. Herpes, becoming moist on scratching. Ulcers, bleeding at night. Dryness of the hair. Falling off the hair. Ingrowing nails. Swelling, induration of glands.

Fever.—Frequent and violent palpitation of the heart, with dullness in the head and nausea. Burning in the region of the heart. Crampy pain in the region of the heart, as if it were held by hands. Frequent intermission of beats of the heart. Pulse variable, quicker in the morning. Continual internal chilliness. Chill after the pains. Internal heat and external coldness. Sweats easily, more on upper part of the body. Chilliness with violent thirst, loathing of food, dyspnœa. Pulsation of arteries felt all over the body.

Sleep.—Great drowsiness in the daytime. Drowsiness, with yawning in the open air. Half waking night sleeps. Sleep, full of fanciful ravings. Restless sleep, full of dreams. Nightmare.

Generalities.—Adapted to aged people, inclined to be fleshy. Complaints following childbirth. Great dread of the open

air. Liability to take cold, in the head, with headache and toothache. Stitch pain in various parts. Rheumatic pains with swelling. Dropsical affections and paralysis of old persons. Intense thirst, morning, noon and night. Great aversion to being alone.

LOBELIA INFLATA.

In the lower attenuation lobelia is depressant and antispasmodic; and is adapted to spasmodic palpitation of the heart, angina pectoris, cardiac neuralgia, gastralgia, bilious gastritis, spasmodic croup, dyspnoea, asthma, hysterical convulsions, and uterine-catarrh.

In the higher attenuation it is tonic and stimulant, and is curative in faintness, and weakness, vomiting, dyspepsia, and ptyalism.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Desponding, weeping. Fear of death.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo, with nausea. Pain in the head and trembling agitation of the whole body. Headache with giddiness. Pain through the head in sudden shocks. Hysterical convulsions, for paroxysms.* Cardiac neuralgia.*

Eyes.—Pressing pain in the eyeballs.

Digestive System.—Dull pressing pain in the molar teeth. Much clammy saliva in the mouth. Pungent taste in the mouth. Loss of appetite. Empty belching with ptyalism. Frequent gulping up of burning sour fluid. Incessant violent nausea, with shivering. Nausea, profuse sweat, and vomiting. Heartburn of long duration. Faintness at the stomach. Dyspepsia from green tea, tobacco, liquor. Vomiting with great prostration, cold sweat, feeble pulse. Gastralgia of nervous origin.* Bilious gastralgia.* Vomiting from fright and emotional causes. Feeling of weakness of the stomach, extending through the whole chest. Distention of the abdomen, with shortness of breath. Pain in the abdomen, worse after eating. Soft, whitish stool. Black blood after stool. Hæmorrhoids bleeding profusely.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Urine of a deep color, deposit-

ing a copious red sediment. Sticking pain in kidney. Violent pain in the sacrum, during menses. Feeling of weight in the genitals. Uterine catarrh, with swollen flabby uterus. Rigidity of the os uteri or perinæum.*

Respiratory System.—Frequent short dry cough from tickling in the larynx.* Sensation as from a foreign body in the throat, impeding breathing and swallowing.* Burning prickling in the throat, chronic dyspnœa, with sensation of a lump in the pit of the throat.* Paroxysmal asthma.* Nervous asthma, spasmodic cough.* Acute or chronic bronchitis, spasmodic cough, dyspnœa; especially in children.* Obstinate bronchial cough.* Emphysema, for dyspnœa from capillary bronchitis.* Spasm of the larynx.* Asthma of Millar. Constant dyspnœa, aggravated by the slightest exertion, increased by cold up to asthmatic paroxysm.*

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Rheumatic pain about the shoulder. Prickling sensation through the whole body.

Fever.—Oppression about the heart with enfeebled circulation. Feeble oppressed doughy pulse. Drinking increases chill. Heat and inclination to perspiration. Chill ends in sweat and sleep.

Generalities.—Prostration of strength. Angina Pectoris.*

LYCOPodium.

The curative effects of lycopodium are only shown in the higher attenuation, and as the result of the secondary or specific action.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Difficult comprehension. Doesn't understand what is said. Weakness of memory. Afraid of being alone. Crossness and irritability in the morning on waking, especially children. Extremely sensitive. Great tendency to start. Headstrong, vehement, angry. Melancholy.

Brain and Nervous System.—Dullness of the head. Gastric, bilious, rheumatic headaches and headaches caused by chagrin, with a disposition to faint, and great restlessness. Tearing

pain in the forehead, every afternoon. Pain in the temples as if they were screwed toward each other. Pressing headache on the vertex, worse from 4 to 8 P.M., followed by great weakness. Stitches in the temple, mostly on the right side. Congestion of blood to the head early in the morning, followed by headache. Complaints arising from mental labor. Incipient paralysis of the brain. Epileptic fits, with screaming, foam at the mouth, tossing about.

Eyes and Ears.—Pain in the eyes, as if bruised. Stitches in the eyes without any redness. Itching, burning and smarting in the eyes. Inflammation of the eyes, profuse lachrymation and nightly agglutination. Styes on the eyelids. Dryness of the eyes in the evening. Dim hot eyes. Spasmodic twitching of the lid. Black spots or sparks before the eyes. Perpendicular half sight. Eyes open, fixed, insensible to light. Sensitiveness of hearing. Roaring, humming and whizzing in the ears. Pain in the ears.

Face.—Pale grayish yellow color of the face. Blue margins around the eyes, with livid face, deep wrinkles, blue lips. Frequent flushes of heat. Spasmodic twitchings in muscles of the cheek. Dropping of the lower jaw, in typhoid fever. Itching, scaly herpes, on the face. Itching pimples around the mouth.

Digestive System.—Tearing pain in upper jaw. Teeth excessively painful when touched. Toothache, with swelling of the cheeks, better from warm applications. Gums bleed when touched. Dryness of the mouth and tongue without thirst. Tongue dry, black and cracked. Fœtid smell from the mouth. Pendulum-like motion of the tongue. Stiffness of the tongue. Vesicle on the tongue. Bitter taste. Excessive hunger. Aversion to solid food, warm things or bread. Desire for sweet things; for oysters. Food tastes sour. Great weakness of digestion. After eating pressure in the stomach, with bitter taste in the mouth. Appetite good, but a small quantity of food causes repletion. Nausea every morning before breakfast. Nausea from riding in a carriage. Nightly vomiting of food and bile, coagulated blood, etc. Contraction and spasm of the stomach. Acidity of the stomach, particularly in

elderly persons. Immediately after a light meal, the abdomen is bloated. Grasping and aching pain in the region of the liver. Constant sense of fermentation in the abdomen, like a pot of yeast working. Much rumbling, particularly in the left hypochondrium. Fixed flatulence causing pain. Tearing pain in hernial region. Inguinal hernia, especially of the right side. Tension in the abdomen as from a hoop. Clawing and griping pains in the abdomen. Constipation, ineffectual urging, almost impossible to pass a stool. Scanty stool, with feeling as if much remained behind. Bleeding from the rectum, even with a soft stool. Pale, putrid stool. Diarrhœa (during pregnancy). Itching at the anus, at night in bed. Protruding and distended varices. Pain in perinæum after stool. Flatulence is odorless.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Dark and scanty urine. Red, sandy sediment in the urine. Frequent, profuse pale urine, especially at night. Foamy urine. Painless hæmorrhages from the urethra. Severe pain in the back before urinating. Stitches in the bladder. Diminished sexual desire, the penis small, cold and relaxed. Feeble erections. Soreness between scrotum and thighs. Dropsy of the genital organs. Falls asleep during an embrace. Menses too long and too profuse. Suppression of the menses from fright (chronic). Amenorrhœa, with milk in the breast. Chronic dryness of the vagina. Discharge of wind from the vagina. Varices on the sexual organs. Profuse leucorrhœa, with cutting pains from the right side to the left; discharge blood red or milky. Soreness of nipples. Hard, burning nodosities in the mammæ. Change of life, with hypertrophy of one side of the body. Chafing or constipation of new-born children.

Respiratory System.—Great sensitiveness of smell. Dry coryza, cannot breath at night. Fluent coryza. Discharge from the nose corrodes the upper lip. Fan-like motion of the *alæ nasi* in respiratory diseases. Inflammation of the throat, with stitches on swallowing. Swelling and suppuration of the tonsils. Ulceration of the tonsils beginning on the right side. Pharynx feels contracted. Chronic sore throat. Hawking of bloody mucus. Hoarseness. Rattling in the chest. Dry

cough, day and night. Irritation with cough from deep breathing. Cough with grey, salt expectoration. Dry cough at night, with expectoration during the day. Expectoration copious, purulent, yellow, bloody or green. Pulmonary phthisis, with cough and expectoration of large quantities of pus. Loud coughing during sleep. Whooping cough, worse from 4 to 8 P. M., with pain in the stomach. Stitches in the left side of the chest, also during an inspiration. Shortness of breath from least exertion. Oppressed breathing, with fan-like motion of the *alæ nasi*. Typhoid and neglected pneumonia. Hepatization of the lungs. Paralysis of the lungs. Deep seated pain or bronchial irritation after pneumonia.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Burning like coals of fire, between the scapulæ. Pain, stiffness, and aching in the small of the back. Painful stiffness of the neck. Tearing in the shoulders and elbow joints. Pain as if bruised in the shoulders and arms. Pain in the joints as if sprained. Redness, inflammation and swelling of the joints of the fingers. Stiffness of the knee joint. Inflammation of the end of bones. Cramp in calves. Cold feet constantly. One foot cold, the other hot. Cold sweaty feet. Profuse sweat on the feet. Tremor of the limbs.

Skin and Glandular System.—Skin of the whole body hot and dry. Tendency of the skin to crack. Itching of the skin, as from fleas. Itching of the scalp. Great falling off of the hair. Eruption on the head, with swelling of the cervical glands. Dry porrigo of children. Itching hepatic spots. Chaffing of children. Humid suppurating herpes. Skin full of deep cracks, and covered with thick herpes. Fistulous ulcers with hard everted edges. Ulcers, with tearing itching pains, burning when touched.

Fever.—Tremulous palpitation of the heart. Want of animal heat. Spasmodic shaking from chilliness. Sensation as if the circulation of the blood was arrested. Chilliness from 4 to 8 P. M., with sensation of numbness in the hands and feet. One-sided chilliness, mostly on the left side. Flushes of heat with thirst for small quantities. Intermittent fever, paroxysm from 4 to 8 P. M. Shaking chill and great coldness, as

if lying in ice, followed by perspiration and violent thirst, without heat. Night sweats, perspiration cold, clammy, sour. Hectic fever, clammy night sweats. Typhus fever, with tendency to paralysis of the brain. Typhoid fever, constipation, peevishness on waking, screaming, nervous irritation.

Sleep.—Drowsiness during the day, with wakefulness at night, mind is too active. Starting when falling asleep. Restless sleep, full of dreams. Changes position often. Palpitation of the heart in the evening in bed. Troublesome pressure in the stomach. Hunger at night on waking.

Generalities.—Sudden failing of strength. Emaciation, also in children. Sub-acute and gradually advancing chronic diseases. Great emaciation of the upper part of the body and distention of the lower. Desire to go into the open air. Diseases are worse from 4 to 8 P. M., better from uncovering, getting cold.

MERCURIUS VIVUS.

In the lower attenuations mercury is alterative and resolvent; and adapted to syphilitic diseases, ophthalmic affections, hepatic derangements, inflammations of the mucous membranes, exanthematic fevers, and cutaneous diseases.

In the higher attenuations, to gastro-intestinal disorders, infantile diarrhoea, dysentery, caries of the bones, pyalism, aphthæ, stomacæ and similar diseased conditions.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Great restlessness. Anxiety, with fear of losing one's mind. Constant anxiety and oppression. Excessive indifference to everything. Continuous moaning. Suspicious and distrustful. Momentary vanishing of thought. Great weakness of memory, forgets everything. Craziness, absurd talking and manners. Hurried speech. Fretful irritability, with nervous tremors.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo, as if in a swing, when lying on the back, with headache and nausea. Head feels as if it was getting larger. Catarrhal, rheumatic, or syphilitic headaches. Compressive headache, as if the head were in a vice.

Headache, with feeling of fullness in the brain as if it would burst. Headache as from a band around the head. Stitches through the whole head. Nightly headache. The whole of the outer head is painful to the touch. Tearing pain in the bones of the head. Inflammation of the brain. Paralysis agitans. Local or general catalepsy. Epileptic attacks at night. Sinking, with an indescribable malaise of body and mind.

Eyes and Ears.—Itching, cutting, and burning in the eyes. Scrofulous ophthalmia, lids swollen, edges ulcerated and scabby. Ulceration of the margins of the lids.* Inflammation of the eyes, and spasmodic closure of the lids.* Inflammation of the eyes, with redness of the whites.* Scurfs around the eyes. Pustules on the conjunctiva. Ulcers on the cornea. Eyes cannot tolerate firelight, or daylight.* Mistiness before the eyes. Choroiditis.* Conjunctivitis, meibomian glands affected, crust on the ciliæ.* Soreness and excoriation of the inner ear. Tearing, stitching, pressing pains in the ear. Fungous excrescences in the ear.* Discharge of pus from the ears. Sounds vibrate in the ear.

Face.—White, clay colored face, with sunken features, eyes without lustre. Yellow complexion. Syphilitic spots and pustules on the face.* Swelling of one side of the face, with toothache. Ulcerated corners of the mouth. Cracks and rhagades in the corner of the mouth. Lock-jaw, stinging pains, hard swelling of sub-maxillaries.*

Digestive System.—Dry, rough, black lips, painful to touch. Ulcerated gums, they recede from the teeth and bleed when touched. Looseness of the teeth. Violent toothache at night, aggravation from the heat of the bed. Gnawing, aching in the teeth, gums swollen, teeth decayed, flow of saliva. Fœtid odor from the mouth. Constant spitting. Accumulation of tenacious, often fœtid saliva in the mouth. Bloody saliva. Greyish ulcers on the inner surface of the lips, cheek, gums, tongue, etc. Aphthæ, offensive breath, dribbling saliva, diarrhœa. Cancrum oris. Dry, hard, blackish tongue. Tongue coated with a dirty yellow fur. The tongue feels as if burnt. Inflammatory hard swelling of the tongue. Ranula. Putrid,

salt, bitter or slimy taste. Excessive appetite or hunger. Hunger soon after eating. Aversion to dry, desire for liquid food. Intense thirst day and night. Rising of air, or acrid, putrid eructations. Complete loss of appetite. Great weakness of digestion, with continuous hunger. Burning pain in the pit of the stomach. Great painfulness in the pit of the stomach, particularly to the touch. After a meal, food weighs in the stomach like a stone. Dyspepsia, with bad breath and taste, pale stools, depressed spirits, soreness of transverse colon.* Functional derangement of the liver. Acute parenchymatous inflammation, torpid liver, dull pain, offensive stools. Jaundice, from catarrh of bile ducts. Hepatitis, with stinging pains and great soreness of the region of the liver to contact. Colic from exposure to cold, with diarrhœa. Cutting, tearing pains, passing off when lying. Stabbing, pinching pains in the abdomen, with chilliness. Intestines feel bruised when lying on the right side. During the pain the abdomen is painful to touch. Bowels feel loose on walking. Constipation, tenacious, crumbling stool, with much straining. Desire for stool every moment, with tenesmus, without being able to accomplish anything. Diarrhœac stool, dark green, greyish, frothy, yellow like sulphur, bloody or mucus. Green stools corroding the anus. Chilliness between the stools. Discharge of bloody mucus with colic and tenesmus. Loose stool with burning at the anus. Green diarrhœa with violent pinching and cutting. Discharge of blood before, during and after stool. Diarrhœac stool with nausea. Stool only at night. Violent tenesmus during and after stool. Black, pitch like stools. Jelly-like, mucous stools, with little or no pain. Ileocolitis in children. Acute and chronic dysentery, slimy or bloody stools, tenesmus of rectum and bladder. Discharge of ascarides or lumbrici.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Constant desire to urinate. Dark red urine, soon becoming turbid and fœtid. Scanty, fiery red urine. Dark red urine as if mixed with blood. Sour smell of the urine. Discharge of white filaments after the urine. Burning in the urethra. Discharge of blood from the urethra. Gonorrhœa, greenish discharge, particularly at night.

Inflammation and swelling of the glans and prepuce.* Chancre ulcers on the prepuce and glands.* Red, shiny swelling of the testes. Nightly emissions of semen, mixed with blood. Balanitis.* Suppression of the menses. Prolapsus of the vagina, with sensation of great rawness. Inflammation of the ovaries and uterus, pains run toward the hips or upward. Leucorrhœa, purulent, acrid or greenish. Leucorrhœa, of long standing, inflammation and ulceration of the glands of the neck. Hard swelling of the mammæ, with sore pain, or with suppuration or ulceration.* Soreness of the nipples.

Respiratory System.—Swelling of the nose. Swelling of the nasal bones. Greenish fœtid pus from the nose. Bleeding of the nose during sleep, or on coughing. Frequent sneezing. Fluent coryza, discharge profuse, watery, corrosive. Acute nasal catarrh, with sneezing, thick discharge, sore throat, chilliness, and perspiration. Soreness in the throat as from something lodged there. Catarrhal sore throat, stitches on swallowing. Burning in the throat, constant desire to swallow. Burning in the throat, as from hot vapor ascending. Pain in the throat as if too dry. Inflammation of the throat and tonsils.* Fluids return through the nose, when being swallowed. Inflammation of low grade, with general ulceration.* Syphilitic ulcers in the throat.* The soreness frequently extends to the ears, or to the parotid, cervical or sub-maxillary glands. Worse from empty swallowing, at night, in cool air, when talking. Ptyalism with the sore throat. Constant hoarseness and aphonia. Cough which sounds as if the whole inside of the chest were dry, with pain in the chest and small of the back. Racking cough at night. Cough, with inclination to vomit. Whooping cough, two paroxysms follow one another rapidly. Expectoration of acrid, bloody or yellow mucus, tasting salt or putrid. Shortness of breath when walking or going up stairs. Burning and soreness in the chest. Pneumonia, stitches in right chest through to shoulder blade. Threatened empyema in pleurisy. Suppuration of the lungs, after hæmorrhages.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Bruised pain in the small of the back, especially when sitting. Tearing in the shoulder

joint, arm and wrist, especially at night, and when moving the parts. Swollen and stiff neck, with difficulty of turning it. Painful stiffness of the wrist joint. Hot red swelling from the elbow to wrist. Coxalgia; pulsating pains, commencing suppuration. Dropsical swelling of the feet and legs. Rheumatic or arthritic pains particularly at night, or with copious sweats, which do not afford any relief. Open fontanelles, with dirty color of the face, and sour smelling night sweats. Paroxysms of spasmodic contraction of the limbs. Rigidity and immobility of all the limbs, although they can easily be moved by others. Scrofulous periostitis. Rheumatic bone pains.

Skin and Glandular System.—Nightly itching, aggravated by the warmth of the bed.* Itching eruptions, burning after scratching.* Red, raised little spots, with stinging itching.* Dry rash, like readily bleeding itch. Herpes, burning when touched. Herpes after ulcers, with corrosive ichor.* Erysipelatous inflammations. Intertrigo, parts raw and painful. Syphilitic ulcers. Spreading ulcers, spongy and bluish, readily bleeding.* Watery vesicles turn yellow and mature.* Itching eruptions on the head.* Humid eruptions on the hairy scalp.* Crusta lactea. Swelling of the parotid gland, also with painful closing of the jaws.* Swelling of the mesenteric glands.* Ulceration and suppuration of the inguinal glands.* Healthy and malignant suppurations.* Glandular swellings, without inflammation, or with intense shining redness, beating and stinging.* Checks threatened suppuration.*

Fever.—Continual coldness of the hands and feet. Violent shaking chills, especially in the evening. Paroxysms of fever, especially at night, with much thirst. Mingling of chilliness and heat. Sweat, with nausea and languor. Profuse debilitating night sweat. Chicken pox, when vesicles suppurate. Exanthematic fevers. Specific in suppurative stage of small-pox.* Malignant scarlatina, with violent inflammation of the throat.* Typhoid fever, with great malaise of mind and body. Region of the stomach and liver very sensitive to touch. Enteric lesions.* Parotitis.*

Sleep.—Great inclination to sleep in the day time. Wakeful

until 3 A. M. Frequent waking, as from fright. Sleeplessness, with excessive restlessness, anxiety and malaise.

Generalities.—Adapted to light-haired people. Syphilitic,* strumous and rheumatic cachexia. Trembling weakness from least exertion. Perspiration accompanies most complaints, but does not relieve. Pains become unbearable in bed, at night. Inflammations ending in exudations and suppurations. Affects especially the glandular system. The parts are much swollen, with a raw sore feeling. Brain troubles of drunkards.

NATRUM MURIATICUM.

The curative action of natrum is apparent only in the higher attenuation, probably from the thirtieth up.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Sad, weeping, consolation aggravates. Indifferent, taciturn. Gets angry at trifles. Likes to dwell on past occurrences. Hypochondriac, tired of life. Very much out of humor. Passionate vehemence. Difficulty of thinking. Absence of mind. Things drop out of the hands. Knocks against every thing. Great tendency to start.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo, as if everything turned in a circle, when walking. Periodical vertigo, with nausea, headache, as if a cold wind were blowing through the head. Feeling of emptiness in the head. Chronic and sick headaches, cephalalgia of school girls who apply themselves too closely to their lessons. Headaches commencing in the morning and lasting until noon, or going off with the sun. Headache as if a thousand little hammers were beating upon the brain. Great fullness in the head as if it would split. Pain in and over the right eye, going off with the sun, cannot bear light of any kind. Pressing headache from both sides as if the head were in a vise. Awakens every morning with a violent bursting headache. Pain like a nail driven into the left side of the head. Headache first on one side, then on the other. Almost constant dull headache. Headache from 12 P. M. until 10 A. M. Burning on the vertex. Headache from sneezing and cough-

ing, Hysteric affections, weakness, languor and fainting fits. Nervous paroxysms. St. Vitus' dance, especially during full moon.

Eyes and Ears.—Sensation as of sand in the eyes. Excessively sore, red, disgusting eyelids. Violent burning or pain as from excoriation in the eyes. Thin, watery, excoriating discharge from the eyes, after the abuse of nitrate of silver. Spasmodic closing of the eyelids. Letters run together when reading. Half sightedness. Gauze before the eyes. Fiery zigzag appearance around all objects. Long sighted. Otagia, with stitches in the ears. Cracking in ears on mastication. Hardness of hearing. Humming, ringing or singing in the ears. Discharge from the ear, sometimes purulent.

Face.—Pain in the bones of the face. Swelling of one side of the face. Face shines as if greased. Eruption on the border of the lips, smarting as if excoriated. Fever blisters around the mouth like a string of pearls.

Digestive System.—Lips dry and cracked, upper lip swollen. Throbbing and boring in the teeth. Teeth rapidly decay. Extreme sensitiveness of the gums to cold or warm things. Gums swollen, ulcerated, readily bleeding. Ulcers on the gums, painful day and night. Vesicles on the tongue, burning and smarting. Heaviness of the tongue, with difficult speech. White coated or map tongue. Chronic sensation as of a hair on the tongue. Bitterness of the mouth. Putrid or sour taste. Frequent hunger. Desire for bitter food and drink. Constant thirst for large quantities. Before eating, great uneasiness; after eating, heartburn. Unsuccessful eructations. Sour regurgitation of food. Great aversion to bread. Desire for salt. Vomiting, first of food, later of bile. Soreness in the pit of the stomach, when pressing on it. Cramp in the stomach. Violent aching or stitches in the region of the liver. Flatulent colic. Colic after a stool as though diarrhœa would set in. Fermentation in the abdomen. Constipation, from inactivity of the rectum, stools hard, dry, crumbling, very difficult to expel. Diarrhœa, stools, thin, watery, also with colic. Stools mixed with blood. Diarrhœa, like water, excoriating, only in the day time. Diarrhœa, in children, with emaciation, espe-

cially about the neck. Burning in the anus and rectum, during and after stool. Alternate hard and soft stool.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Violent desire to urinate, with inability to retain it. Involuntary emission of urine when walking, coughing, or laughing. Pale urine, with brick dust sediment, which sticks to vessel. Urine dark like coffee, or black. Discharge of prostatic liquid, or mucus, after urine. Severe cutting pains in the urethra after urination. Itching and tingling of the glans. Excessive sexual desire. Violent erections. Amenorrhœa, with constipation, dry, sallow skin. The menses delay, and grow more and more scanty. Menses appear too early and are too profuse.* Very sad and gloomy during the menses, with palpitation of the heart and morning headache. Aversion to coition. Difficult and delaying first menses. Pressing and bearing down in the genitals, as if every thing would come out of the vagina. Leucorrhœa, profuse, acrid, greenish, especially when walking.

Respiratory System.—Inflammation and soreness of the nose. frequent unsuccessful sneezing. Obstruction of the nose. Excessive fluent coryza, with loss of taste and smell. Boring pain in the nasal bones. Bleeding from the nose on coughing. Chronic sore throat, as if a plug had lodged in the throat. Ulcerations in the throat. Hawking up dark green mucus in the morning. Scraping sensation in the larynx. Cough after going to bed, spasmodic, suffocating; expectoration mostly in the morning. Dry cough, day and night, from tickling in the throat. Cough with vomiting of the ingesta. Hard, dry cough, with feeling in the forehead as if it would burst. Rattling breathing. Shortness of breath. Tensive pain in the muscles of the right side of the chest. Frequent pleuritic stitches.

Fibrous and Osseous Tissues.—Paralytic pain in the small of the back. Bruised pain in the hips and scapulæ. Bruised pain in the small of the back, relieved by lying on something hard. Stiffness and rigidity of the neck. Languor and heaviness of the arms. Sensation of lameness and as if sprained in the shoulder joint, and hip. Pain, as if bruised in the arms. Numbness and tingling of the fingers. Great heaviness of the

feet. Tension in, and contraction of muscles, especially of ham strings. Disagreeable burning or coldness of the feet. Pain of all the limbs as if bruised. Stiffness of all the joints of the body.

Skin and Glandular System.—Itching over the whole body. Miliary eruption. Red blotches on the skin, itching violently. Scurf on the head. Herpes in the bend of the knees. Warts in the palms of the hand. Falling off of the hair, more on the face and genitals. Nettle rash, after violent exercise. Rash over the whole body, with stinging sensation in the skin. Fever. Frequent palpitation of the heart. Palpitation of the heart. Irregularity of the beats of the heart. Cold feeling about the heart. Pulse very irregular, especially when lying on the left side. Full and undulating pulse through the whole body. The circulation is excited by every motion of the body. Constant chiliness and want of animal heat. Intermittent fever, with bone pains, yellow livid complexion, headache, great debility. Chilliness, with great thirst, afterwards fever, with violent thirst and excessive headache; lastly profuse perspiration. The chill occurs about 10 A. M., commencing mostly in the feet. Inveterate or badly treated cases of fever and ague, especially after the abuse of quinine. Typhoid fevers, with debility, dryness of the tongue and great thirst. Profuse sweat breaks out easily during motion.

Sleep.—Great inclination to sleep in the daytime. Total sleeplessness at night. Talking during sleep and great restlessness. Sleep full of fanciful ravings. Dreams of thieves in the house, and cannot sleep until the room or house is searched. Frightful dreams, murder or fire.

Generalities.—Adapted to cachectic persons and to those who have lost animal fluids. Young people inclined to grow fat. Excessive liability to take cold, producing cough and hoarseness. Great emaciation, losing flesh while living well. Restlessness in the limbs, moves them constantly. Arthritic swellings. Periodical attacks of gout. Great bodily weakness. Depressed condition of mind and body. Complaints are worse about 10 A.M., and lying down, or from sea air. Better sitting up.

NUX VOMICA.

In the lower attenuations nux vomica is tonic and diuretic, promoting the appetite, assisting digestion when dependent upon an atonic condition of the stomach, and increasing the secretion of urine. Its curative action is apparent in conditions dependent upon lowered nervous tone, resulting from the abuse of alcohol, stimulants, from fatigue, or from disturbances of digestion.

In the lower attenuations it is indicated in: the mental derangement of drunkards, headaches from gastric derangement, functional irritation of the nervous system, paralysis from disease of the spinal cord, after abuse of alcohol, trembling of drunkards, amaurosis from excessive use of tobacco, etc., vomiting during pregnancy, dyspepsia from atonic condition of intestinal tract, or from indigestible food, cardialgia, spasmodic colic, diarrhœa from relaxed condition, constipation from torpor of intestinal tract, spasmodic asthma, with digestive derangement, impotence.

In the higher potencies nux vomica is sedative, quieting the excessive sensibility of the nervous system and moderating functional activity, and is indicated in hypochondria, epilepsy, tetanus, chorea, convulsions, gastritis, enteritis, dysentery, diarrhœa from irritation of intestinal tract, constipation from spasmodic contraction of intestine.

SPECIAL INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Hypochondriac mood. Noise, talk, strong odors and bright light are intolerable. Irritability of sullen cast, no desire to hold any communication with any one. Gives surly answers, doesn't want to be touched. Disinclination to do any thing. Disposed to quarrel and feel vexed. Makes mistakes in speaking and gives wrong, absurd answers. Insane desire to kill even their best friends. Apprehends death. Mental derangement of drunkards.* Muttering delirium. Ailments from intoxication and nightly revelling. Time passes too slowly. Aversion to all kinds of labor. Cannot sleep after 3 A.M. Ideas crowd upon him so as to keep him awake for hours.

Brain and Nervous System.—Chronic vertigo. Vertigo, with obscuration of sight and whizzing in the ears. Vertigo, with loss of consciousness, also with sensation as if the brain were turning in a circle, or balancing. Vertigo, with intoxication of the brain and staggering. Headache, from high living, stimulating drinks, highly seasoned food. Sick headache, from wine, coffee, close mental application, sedentary habits; commences in the morning, increases through the day, growing milder in the evening, with dimness of vision, sour bitter vomiting, constipation.* Pain in one side of the head, as from a nail being driven deeper and deeper in. Headache after the slightest thought, while lying down, as if the brain would be pressed asunder. Excessive sensitiveness of the brain to motion and walking. Head feels much too large. Congestive state of the brain in high livers. Functional irritation of the nervous system, nervousness with anxiety, wandering neuralgic pains.* Neuralgia of supra orbital or visceral nerves, or from malaria.* Paralysis, from disease of the cord, or from abuse of alcohol.* Chronic sciatica.* Spinal congestion, from excessive muscular action. Spinal irritation, from onanism.* Paralysis, with coldness of the parts. Great nervous debility and sensibility. Epileptic spasms, with cries, bending the head backward, vomiting, profuse sweat, renewed after the least motion. St. Vitus dance, particularly of boys, frequently with sensation of numbness. Tetanic spasms, bending the body backward, drawing in of the muscles of the chest, loss of consciousness, hardness of the muscles, redness of the face. Trembling of drunkards.* Shocks and jerks through the whole body. Great nervous weakness with excessive irritation of all the organs of sense, particularly hearing and sight.

Eyes and Ears.—Intolerance of the light of day, early in the morning, with obscuration of sight. Pressure in the upper eyelids, especially early in the morning. Suppurating canthi. Painless spots of extravasated blood in the sclerotica. Exudation of blood from the eyes. Burning and smarting in the eyes as from salt, without inflammation. Ophthalmia. Streaks like lightning before the eyes. Optical illusions in bright colors. Amaurosis, functional, from tobacco, alcohol, excessive

mental labor.* Eyes painful from over use. Muscular asthenopia, amblyopia and progressive nerve atrophy. Otagia, tearing, stinging pains. Tingling, hissing and ringing in the ears. Roaring in the ears early in the morning. Sounds re-echo in the ears.

Face.—Earthy, yellowish complexion. Yellowish appearance around the nose and mouth. Redness and heat of one cheek, and paleness of the other. Red face, with feeling as though he was sitting before the fire. Painful peeling off of the lips.

Digestive System.—Continuous painful soreness in the teeth, aggravated by mental exertion. Tearing pain in the teeth, worse from cold water. Looseness of the teeth. Swelling of the gums, white, putrid and bleeding. Inflammation of the cavity of the mouth. Inflammatory swelling, particularly of the velum palati, and of the gums. Stomacace, fœtid ulcers in the mouth and fauces. Aphthæ, in children. Accumulation of saliva in the mouth. Bloody saliva, spitting of blackish coagulated blood. Tongue blacked and cracked, with bright red edges. Tongue feels heavy. Tongue, fore part clear, back part thickly coated with white or yellow. Putrid, bitter or sour taste. Hunger, with aversion to food. Food has little or no taste. Milk sours easily on the stomach. Desire for brandy, chalk, or fat food. Bitter, sour eructation. Gulping up of bitter fluid. Frequent hiccough. Pressure in the stomach some hours after eating. Nausea, after a meal. Feeling of intense sickness at the stomach; thinks if he could only vomit he would feel so much better. Vomiting of food, sour, or dark clotted blood. Straining to vomit, first water, then food. Vomiting during pregnancy.* Region of the stomach very sensitive to pressure, cannot bear the clothing tight about the waist. Pressure, like a stone in the pit of the stomach. Constrictive, cramp-like pain in the stomach. Cardialgia, from abuse of coffee. Tearing pain in the pit of the stomach. Throbbing in the region of the stomach. Burning in the stomach. Acidity of the stomach, in pregnancy.* Dyspepsia, from atonic condition.* Acute indigestion, from indigestible food, with pain, spasms.* Chronic dyspepsia, pain after food,

constipation, with piles, etc. Gastralgia, spasmodic pain, in intellectual workers, drinkers of wine and coffee, robust wiry patients. Gastritis, cases of long standing, induration of sub-mucous tissues. Heartburn, with acidity.* Spasm of the stomach, in hard drinkers.* Active congestion of the liver, from excess of stimulating food or alcohol.* Swelling and induration of the liver. Periodical colic. Cramps or spasms of the abdomen.* Cutting or pinching in the abdomen, with inclination to vomit and eructations. Bruised pain in the bowels, or as if raw and sore. Spasmodic flatulent colic, worse after stool.* Frequent protrusion of inguinal hernia. Incarcerated hernia. Umbilical hernia of infants, particularly from much crying. Constipation, constant urging sensation in the rectum for a stool which never comes, or part comes, leaving the sensation that something remained to come away. Black, hard stool, streaked with blood. Constipation, from inactivity or contraction and constriction of the bowels. Constipation of infants, stools like pitch, with blood. Stools covered with bloody mucus. Colic, followed by discharge of dark colored mucus, causing a smarting burning. Frequent small diarrhœac stool, corroding the anus. Small mucous stools, with urging and tenesmus. Dysenteric diarrhœa, discharge of bloody mucus and fæces. Painful spasmodic stricture of the anus. Contraction and narrowing of the rectum, hindering stool. Painful blind piles. Constipation, great fæcal accumulation from torpor of the bowels.* Diarrhœa, from indigestible food, and in infants from disagreement of artificial food. Epidemic dysentery, prune-juice stools, much gas, vital depression.*

Urinary and Sexual System.—Painful ineffectual desire to urinate. Urging to urinate, passing only a few drops of red, bloody, burning urine. Spasmodic stricture of the urethra, with retention or difficult emission of urine, particularly after use of spirituous liquor. Burning and tearing pains in the neck of the bladder and urethra. Constrictive pain in the testicles. Inflammation and swelling of the testicles. Continued erections. Menses too early and too profuse, with dark, black blood. Amenorrhœa, constipation, spasms, acute indigestion.* Contractive uterine spasms, with discharge of coagulated

blood. Inflammation and neuralgia of the uterus. Prolapsus uteri from lifting or straining (recent cases). Internal swelling of the vagina. Menses irregular, never at the right time. Fœtid leucorrhœa, tinging the linen yellow. Spasmodic, false labor pains, with desire for stool, and to urinate. Suppression of the lochia. After pains last too long. Threatened miscarriage, with constipation. Climacteric disorders, symptoms of debility from loss of fluids, head feels as if opening and shutting.* Acute metritis, especially after parturition. Fainting after every labor pain. Nausea and vomiting in pregnant females.* Soreness of the nipples in lying-in females.

Respiratory System.—Ulceration of the nostrils. Sanguinous mucus from the nose. Fluent coryza during the day, dry at night. Stoppage of the nose in infants.* Early stage of catarrh, with dullness of the head.* Bleeding from the nose in the plethoric, with piles, etc. Sore throat, with sensation as if swollen. Sore rawness of the fauces. Soreness in the throat from inhaling cold air. Catarrhal sore throat. Choking, and constriction of the pharynx. First stage of ordinary bronchial catarrhs, with dry coryza and dry cough.* Dry cough, with pains in the head and abdomen. Cough, worse from moving, mental exertion, after eating, from midnight till morning. Whooping cough from tickling in the larynx; expectoration during the day of yellow, gray, cold mucus, afterwards blood. Asthmatic constriction sensation through the chest when walking or going up stairs. Suffocative attacks after midnight. Hoarseness, with much viscid mucus in the throat. The whole sternum feels bruised. Spasmodic asthma, with digestive derangement.* Pleurodynia, cannot lie on the affected side. Intercostal neuralgia.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Bruised pain in the back, worse from contact with pressure. Drawing pain in the nape of the neck. Pain in the back, preventing turning over, must rise up to do so. Paroxysms of lacerating pain in the nape of the neck. Sudden sensation of loss of strength in the arms. Red and swollen fingers. Frequent darting pains from the feet to the hips. Numbness and paralysis of the lower limbs. Vacillation and unsteadiness of the lower limbs. Sensation in the

bends of the knees, as if they were too short. Arthritic inflammation and swelling of the knees. Painful cramp-like contraction of the soles. Itching burning of the toes as if frozen. Cramps of the calves.

Skin.—Burning itching over the whole body. Chilblains, with burning itching.

Fever.—Painful pulsative shocks about the heart. Long paroxysms of yawning. Coldness of the body, with blueness of the nails and skin, not relieved by external warmth. Chilliness, with dread of the open air, and great liability to take cold. Chilliness and shuddering in the evening and at night, worse from movement and after drinking. Pulse full, hard, frequent, or small and rapid. Every fourth or fifth beat intermits. Fever and ague, with much gastric disturbance. Great heat, yet wants to be covered up. Sweat after midnight.

Sleep.—Drowsiness during the day and after eating. Delirious, frightful visions at night. Wakes at 3 o'clock A. M., after lying awake for several hours falls into a dull sleep, which aggravates all his ailments. Is afraid to go to sleep for fear of death.

Generalities.—Adapted to thin irritable persons, with vehement dispositions, or lively, sanguine temperaments. Persons of sedentary or intemperate habits. Chronic ailments from the abuse of coffee, wine, or other spirituous liquors. Scrofulous atrophy of infants. Inflammation of internal organs. Skin eruptions always painful.

OPIUM.

In the lower attenuation opium is sedative and antispasmodic, and is adapted to delirium, tremors, restlessness, spasmodic and convulsive diseases, spasms of the gall duct, or of the ureters, spasmodic contractions and irritability of the bladder, rectum, or uterus, chorea, epilepsy, and tetanus, spasmodic asthma and diarrhœa.

In the higher attenuation it is tonic and stimulant, and adapted to coma, apoplexy, paralysis, ailments of old people, general insensibility of the nervous system, and constipation.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Stupefaction of the senses. Complete loss of consciousness and sensation. Imbecility, dullness of mental faculties and senses. Stupid indifference to pain and pleasure. Constantly stupid, as if drowsy or intoxicated. Loss of memory. Fright, the fear of the fright still remaining. Thinks she is not at home. Frightful fancies and visions.* Delirious talking, eyes wide open, face red and puffed up.* Furious mania, distortion of the face; rage, etc.* Delirium tremens.* Apoplexy, with vertigo, loss of consciousness, red, bloated, hot face, half closed eyes, loud snoring. Melancholia, paroxysms of acute anguish and despair, or of suicidal impulse. Coma, with stertorous breathing.

Brain and Nervous System.—Dullness and stupefaction of the head as from drunkenness. Vertigo from fright. Vertigo, as if every thing were turning round. Congestion of blood to the head. Throbbing of the arteries of the head. Heaviness of the head. Oppression of the brain, extreme drowsiness. Concussion of the brain, stertorous breathing, constipation. Convulsions, in children from fright.* Cerebral meningitis, stertorous breathing, stupefaction, low muttering delirium. Cerebro-spinal meningitis, occiput heavy as lead, face bloated, eyes fixed, half open. General insensibility of the nervous system, and deficiency of reaction. Convulsive, spasmodic trembling of the limbs.* Convulsive and spasmodic motions.* Screaming before or during the spasm.* Convulsions in the evening or towards midnight, with suffocative paroxysms, loss of mobility and sensation, with violent motion of the limbs.* Rigidity of the whole body.* Chorea.* Tetanus.* Catalepsy. Spasms, drawing the body backwards, and rolling it first to one side then to the other.

Eyes and Ears.—Staring and glistening eyes. Pupils dilated and insensible to the light. Eyes half open, pupils turned upward.

Face.—Dark red, bloated, swollen face. Distention of the veins of the face. Relaxation of the muscles of the face. Lips and lower jaw hang down. Spasmodic movements of the facial muscles.* Distortion of the mouth.

Digestive System.—Dryness of the mouth, without thirst. Black tongue. Paralysis of the tongue. Canine hunger.* Aversion to food. Vomiting, with pain in the stomach and convulsions. Vomiting of greenish matter or blood. Vomiting of fæces and urine. Weakness of the stomach. Violent pain in the stomach. Lead colic. Pain in the abdomen, as if the intestines were cut in pieces. Tympanitis. Incarcerated hernia. Intussusception of the intestines. Puerperal peritonitis.* Paralysis of the intestines. Constipation, stool of small, hard, black balls. Liquid frothy stools, with burning and tenesmus.* Fœtid diarrhœa. Involuntary stools. Diarrhœa after fright. Constipation, after parturition, from torpor.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Suppression of the urine. Paralysis of the bladder. Stricture of the urethra.* Impotence. False, spasmodic labor pains.* Violent movements of the fœtus.* Puerperal spasms.* Amenorrhœa, heat, and redness of the face.

Respiratory System.—Inability to swallow. Daily attacks of strangulation. Difficult, intermitting breathing, as from paralysis of the lungs. Deep, snoring breathing, with open mouth. Spasmodic asthma.* Cough, with dyspnœa and blue face. Cough with bloody expectoration.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Numbness and insensibility of the limbs with coldness. Trembling of the limbs, convulsive and spasmodic.* Relaxation of the muscles and limbs. Tottering gait. Paralysis, painless.

Skin.—Pale bluish color of the skin.

Fever.—Pulse full and slow, difficult snoring breathing. Coldness and rigidity of the whole body. Intermittent fever; chill, with sleep, no thirst; fever, thirst, with copious sweat. Typhoid fever; with sopor, snoring with open mouth, body hot, with perspiration. Insomnia, with delirium, vital powers greatly depressed.*

Sleep.—Drowsiness. Great inclination to sleep. Coma vigil. Very drowsy, but unable to sleep. Sound sleep with rattling breathing. Sopor, alternating with waking. Stupefying sleep, with eyes wide open and snoring. Screaming and moaning during sleep. Picking at the bed clothes.

Generalities.—Adapted to ailments of children and old persons. Suited to recent cases. Affections from the abuse of liquor. Bad effects from fright, fear, or sudden joy. Painlessness during complaints. All ailments accompanied by sopor. Decomposition of the blood. Bed feels so hot cannot lie on it. Pains are aggravated when heated, when perspiring, during and after sleep.

PHOSPHORUS.

In the lower attenuations Phosphorus is a diffusible stimulant, acting upon the nervous, vascular, and secreting systems, increasing the frequency and fullness of the pulse, augmenting the heat of the skin, heightening the mental activity and muscular power, and operating as a powerful sudorific and diuretic. It is indicated in the lower potencies in diseases attended with great prostration of the vital powers, nervous exhaustion, and irritation of the nervous system; and in diseases of the respiratory system; headache, from nervous exhaustion, or from excessive study, neuralgia, epilepsy, hysteria, impotence, paralysis, typhoid fever, pneumonia, croup, bronchitis, and rheumatism.

In the higher attenuation, it becomes sedative and alterative; and is adapted to gastro-intestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhœa, gastritis, gastralgia, jaundice, sexual excitation, and diseases of the bones, as necrosis, caries, or rachitis.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Great lowness of spirits.* Anxious and irritable when alone. Fearfulness as if something were creeping out of every corner.* Great tendency to start. Spasmodic laughing and weeping. Great indifference to every thing. Absence of shame. Indisposed to work. Fanciful delirium. Somnambulism. Clairvoyance. Vehemence from which he suffers afterwards.

Brain and Nervous System.—Violent vertigo. Nervous vertigo; vertigo; from abuse of narcotics, on raising up, or with fainting. Congestive, nervous, hysterical headaches.* Headaches from grief, anger, chagrin, abuse of spirits, or excessive

study.* Dull stupefying headache. Pain as if the head would burst. Hemicrania, the forehead or occiput is swollen; touching the swollen part causes most excruciating pain. Chronic congestion of the brain, burning stinging pain and pulsations. Sensation of coldness in the cerebellum, and of stiffness in the brain. Softening of the brain, with persistent headache; slow answering questions, vertigo, dragging of the feet, formication and numbness of the limbs.* Headache every other day. Impending paralysis of the brain and collapse; burning pain in the brain. Anæmia of the brain.* Nervous exhaustion, from mental overwork. Hysterical paralysis.* Neuralgia, with nervous debility.* Paralysis, from degenerative changes in the brain and spinal cord.* Paralysis agitans.* Sciatica.*

Eyes and Ears.—Inflammation and redness of the eyes, with burning and itching. Agglutination of the eyelids in the morning and secretion of gum through the day. Frequent attacks of sudden blindness in the day time and sensation as if a gray cover were hanging over the eyes. Black spots passing before the eyes. Amaurosis from debility or old age.* Burning in the eyes, and flow of tears in the wind. Loud whizzing before the ears. Difficult hearing, especially of the human voice.

Face.—Pale sickly complexion. Sunken countenance, with deep hollow eyes, with blue margins. Circumscribed redness of the face. Puffiness and swelling around the eyes. Tearing pains in the facial bones as if the parts would be torn out.

Digestive System.—Toothache with swelling of the cheek. Toothache at night in bed. Toothache from the least cold. Toothache of washerwomen. Gums ulcerated, easily bleeding. Tongue dry, coated with white mucus. Gum boils. Nursing sore mouth. Burning in the œsophagus. Thirst for very cold drinks. Hunger soon after eating. Sour taste after eating. Great weakness of digestion. Sour eructation after eating. Sour regurgitation of the ingesta. Hunger at night, causing faintness. Sour, bilious or bloody vomiting. As soon as the water drank becomes warm in the stomach it is thrown up. Painfulness of the region of the stomach when touched, or when walking. Violent pain in the stomach, extending gradu-

ally over the whole abdomen. Cramps of the stomach. Inflammation of the stomach, with burning extending to the throat and bowels. Violent pain and sensitiveness in the region of the liver. Acute atrophy of the liver. Hepatitis. Chronic jaundice. Acidity of the stomach during pregnancy. Cancer of the stomach. Soreness and inflammatory pain in the abdomen. Feeling of coldness, and of heaviness in the abdomen. Sharp, cutting pains in the bowels. Relaxed feeling of the abdomen. Constipation, stools long, narrow, hard, like a dog's; difficult to expel. Alternate constipation and diarrhœa in old people.* Paralysis of the intestinal canal.* Diarrhœa, poured out like water from a hydrant, often with a weak empty gone feeling in the abdomen. Painless, debilitating diarrhœa, worse in the morning. Slimy, bloody, watery, exhausting diarrhœa of phthisicky persons. Undigested stool, with little white flakes or lumps like sago. Blood with stool. Mucous stool from wide open anus. Chronic diarrhœa. Hæmorrhage from the rectum. Violent burning, gnawing or itching of the anus. Ulcers in the rectum. Chronic inflammation of the rectum with or without ulceration.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Involuntary emission of urine. Urine with white flocculent, or brick dust sediment. Irresistible desire for an embrace. Spermatorrhœa, with physical and mental weakness.* Impotence.* Stitches through the pelvis from the vagina to the uterus. Menses too early and too scanty. Amenorrhœa, in delicate constitutions, tendency to chest disease. Menses delaying, but profuse, much debility, in nursing women.* Profuse, acrid, corroding leucorrhœa. Erysipelatous inflammation of the mammæ. Hard, painful nodositæ of the mammæ. Abscesses of the breasts.

Respiratory System.—Frequent bleeding of the nose, particularly in the morning. Obstruction of the nose. Thick, tough, green or yellow mucus from the nose, without coryza. Easily bleeding polypus in the nose. Constant dryness in the pharynx and fauces. Hawking up of mucus in the morning. Roughness of the larynx and trachea, with hacking. Violent catarrh with hoarseness. Complete loss of voice.* Cannot talk, the larynx is so painful. Cough from tickling in the throat;

worse from cold air, talking, laughing, eating and drinking. Cough, with pale red, rust-colored, or bloody frothy expectoration. Dry cough from draught of air. Hollow, hacking cough, worse before midnight. Moist cough, brown sputa. Croup, with hoarseness, shortness of breath, debility. Hoarseness after croup, with tendency to relapse. Acute bronchitis, extending to the lungs, stringy, tough mucus.* Broncho-pneumonia, whooping cough, with pulmonary congestion. Pleuro-pneumonia, much prostration.* Pneumonia, catarrhal form, and in children.* Sharp stitches in the chest, rust-colored sputa, quick anxious breathing.* Typhoid pneumonia. Heaviness and fullness of the chest. Hæmoptysis, inflammatory symptoms supervening. Phthisis pulmonalis, dyspnœa especially when lying down, rapid emaciation.*

Fibrous and Osseous Tissues.—Pain in the back as if broken, preventing motion. Stiffness in the nape of the neck. Rheumatic pain in the shoulder. Numbness and insensibility of the fingers. Cramp in the hands. Trembling from every exertion. Rheumatic pains in the arms and legs. Arthritic stiffness of the joints. Tearing pain in the feet of pregnant women. Exostoses, especially of the skull, with nightly pain.

Skin and Glands.—Formication and itching of paralysed parts. General itching of the body. Round herpetic spots over the whole body. Blotches and blotch like spots, brownish and bluish red on the body. Yellow or brown spots on the skin. Sore, excoriated spots, with stinging and burning. Painful hard blisters on the skin, they seem full to bursting. Affections of glands, after contusions. Acne, obstinate cases.* Purpura hæmorrhagica. Small punched out ulcers, chronic, with debility.

Fever.—Coldness, not relieved by external heat. Absence of thirst and aversion to being uncovered. Febrile heat and sweat at night. Small, hard, quick pulse. Hectic fever, dry heat toward evening. Typhoid fever; soporous condition, dry, black lips and tongue, open mouth. Night sweats.

Sleep.—Great drowsiness in the day time, particularly after dinner, wakeful at night. Frequent waking in the night from feeling too hot or too chilly. Feels in the morning as if he had

not slept enough. Feels as bruised and paralysed in the morning after rising.

Generalities.—Adapted to lean, slender persons, particularly those with blonde or red hair, fair skin, sanguine temperament. Young persons who grow too fast. Persons with a phthisical constitution. Catarrhal affections. Rheumatism and attacks of gout of years standing. Heaviness of mind and body. General sudden excessive weakness. Sick and paralytic feeling in the body, as if paralysed, mentally and bodily. Weakness from loss of animal fluids, onanism. Sensitiveness to cool weather. Small wounds bleed much. Wounds heal and break out again. Burning pains. Increased secretions from mucous membranes. Hæmorrhages from internal organs. Necrosis of the jaw. Bad effects from eating too much salt. Fatty degeneration, bones, heart, arteries, etc. Hæmorrhagic diathesis. Emaciation. Dandruff copious, falls out in clouds, roots of hair get gray and hair falls out in bunches.

PHYTOLACCA.

This medicine displays its best curative effects in the medium and lower attenuations. The lower proving the most efficacious in diseases of fibrous tissues, rheumatism, periostitis, affections of the eyes, diseases of the glands, particularly the mammary.

In the medium potencies, to gastro-intestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhœa, cramps, ulcerated sore throat, tonsillitis, diphtheria, catarrhal pharyngitis, and diseases of the skin.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Entire indifference. Indisposition to mental exertion. Disgust for the business of the day on waking in the morning.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo with dimness of vision. Sensation of soreness deep in the brain. Lateral ache above the eyes, with sickness at the stomach. Sore pain over the head; worse on the right side and in damp weather; as if an attack of sick headache were coming on.

Eyes.—Pressure in the eyes as from sand.* Granular con-

conjunctivitis.* Soreness on closing the eyelids.* Bluish swelling of the eyelids.* Shooting pain in the right ear.

Face.—Paleness of the face. Heat and redness of the face, sensation of fullness about the head, and coldness of the feet.

Digestive System.—Tenderness and heat in the roof of the mouth and on the tongue. Irresistible inclination to bite the teeth together. Vesicles on the tongue. Pain at root of the tongue on swallowing. Increased appetite. Vomiting of mucus; bile; ingesta; worms or blood. Cutting in the pit of the stomach and abdomen. Soreness and pain in right hypochondrium. Neuralgic pain in the abdomen. Constipation, stool hard with mucus and straining.* Constant urging to stool. Diarrhoea with sickly feeling in the bowels. Copious discharge of bile. Fissure of the anus. Hæmorrhoids.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Urging to urination. Pain in the region of the bladder, during and before urination. Dark red urine, leaving a stain on the vessel. Albuminous urine. Deposit from the urine like chalk. Menstruation too copious and too frequent. Violent pain in the abdomen during menstruation. Inflammation, swelling and suppuration of the mammæ.* Cracked and excoriated nipples.

Respiratory System.—Flow of mucus from one nostril and stoppage of the other. Roughness and rawness in the throat. Great dryness of the throat. Soreness of the throat, and swelling of the soft palate, with thick white and yellow mucus about the fauces. Complete or partial loss of voice. Diphtheria, simple cases, high general fever, severe aching in back, neck and limbs. Fauces, tonsils, and pharynx, covered with dark colored pseudo membrane. Great prostration, is unable to stand.

Fibrous and Osseous Tissues.—Great muscular debility; lassitude and desire to lie down. Myalgia and rheumatic pains, especially of a chronic character.* Periosteal rheumatism. Rheumatism of fibrous tissues, sheaths of nerves.* Constant dull, heavy pains in the lumbar and sacral region, worse from motion and in damp weather.

Skin.—Tendency to painful boils, especially on the back and behind the ears. Cancer of the breast. Eczema. Herpes zoster, burning pains, ulcerous conditions, also in old persons.

Generalities.—Phytolacca acts better in the mother tincture and the 1x to 3x dilution. Pains are of a pressing, shooting character. Syphilitic or mercurial rheumatism. Fungous growths. Sudden changes of internal pains to the extremities.

PODOPHYLLUM.

In the lower attenuation, Podophyllum is cathartic, acting directly upon the liver, and is curative in torpidity and irregular action of the liver, and in diseases dependent upon or connected with such condition, as in constipation, diarrhœa alternating with constipation, bilious headaches, etc.

In the higher attenuations it is adapted to acute irritation of the liver, and to diseases caused by, or connected with such condition, as diarrhœa, dysentery. It is also indicated in prolapsus ani, or uteri.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Depression of spirits, imagines he is going to die or be very ill.*

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo. Heaviness and stupid feeling in the head. Bilious and rheumatic headaches, based upon torpidity of the liver.* Headache alternating with diarrhœa. Morning headache, with flushed face. Headache with disgust for life.* Stunning headache through the temples, better from pressure. Rolling of the head from side to side (in children).

Eyes and Ears.—Ophthalmia. with morning aggravation. Scrofulous ophthalmia, perforating ulcer on the cornea.

Digestive System.—Grinding of the teeth at night, especially with children during dentition. Dryness of the mouth and tongue in the morning. Tongue furred white. Offensive odor from the mouth. Foul taste in the mouth. Regurgitation of the food. Vomiting of food, with putrid taste and odor. Vomiting of food an hour after a meal, with craving appetite immediately afterwards. Lingering and death like nausea. Colic with retraction of the abdominal muscles. Pain in the liver. Catarrhal and malarial duodenitis. Inflammation of the bowels, particularly of the small intestines, stools of

changeable appearance. Functional derangement of the liver, with excess of bile. Hepatic torpor, polycholia, pronounced bilious symptoms.* Enormous swelling of the abdomen. Chronic diarrhœa in the morning. Extreme weakness and cutting pain in the intestines after stool. Diarrhœa immediately after eating or drinking. Fæces yellow or dark green. Frequent chalk like stools in children, which are very offensive, with gagging and excessive thirst.* Painful diarrhœa with screaming and grinding of the teeth in children. Food passes the bowels in an undigested state. Profuse watery stool. Stool of dark yellow mucus, smelling like carrion. Prolapsus ani with diarrhœa, (and in children). Cholera-infantum. Sudden exhausting offensive discharges, retching without vomiting. Asiatic cholera. Constipation with flatulency and headache.* Hard and dry stools voided with difficulty. White, slimy mucous stools.* Dysentery in children.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Involuntary discharge of urine during sleep. Frequent nocturnal urination during pregnancy. Suppressed and diminished secretion of urine. Suppression of the menses. Leucorrhœa, thick, transparent mucous, with constipation and bearing down in the genital organs.* Prolapsus uteri. Pain in the region of the ovaries. Ability to lie comfortably only on the stomach, in the earlier months of pregnancy. Violent after pains.

Respiratory System.—Dryness of the throat. Sore throat, beginning on the right side and going to the left. Loose, hacking cough. Whooping cough, with costiveness and loss of appetite. Bleeding of the nose in place of the menses.

Fever.—Palpitation of the heart from physical or mental exertion. Sticking pain about the heart. Chill, with pressing pain in region of the liver. Heat, with thirst, delirium and pain in the head.

Skin.—Softness of the flesh, with debility in children. Moistness of the skin with preternatural warmth. Sallowiness of the skin in children.

Sleep.—Restless sleep of children, drowsy and difficult to wake in the morning. Moaning during sleep, with half closed eyes.

Generalities—Adapted to bilious temperaments. Sudden shocks of jerking pain. Rheumatic pains with numbness of the limbs. Aggravation of the symptoms in the morning. Painless cholera morbus. Violent cramps in the feet, calves and thighs, with painless watery stools. Enteric, gastric, intermittent, remittent, bilious and infantile fevers.

PULSATILLA.

The best effects of pulsatilla appear in the lower and medium attenuations. It is indicated in the lower attenuation in amenorrhœa, dysmenorrhœa, paralysis, rheumatism, conjunctivitis, ophthalmia, otorrhœa, otitis, acute catarrh and ozæna.

In the higher attenuations it is adapted to the symptoms induced by gastro-intestinal irritation; pains in the stomach and bowels, nausea, vomiting, diarrhœa, increased urination.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Gloomy and melancholy. Melancholy with weeping, sadness and apprehension of dying. Solicitous about his health. Anguish in the region of the heart, even to a desire for suicide. He is disgusted with every thing. Delirium, frightful visions.

Brain and Nervous System.—Confusion of the head with pain, as after intoxication. Giddy staggering when walking. Vertigo, as if intoxicated. When rising, vertigo, with chilliness. Sensation of emptiness in the head with great indifference. Cannot hold the head upright, cannot raise it, it seems too heavy. Hemicrania as if the brain would burst. Headache, better from pressure. Headache from overloading the stomach, or after eating fat food. Headache, worse in the evening after lying down, better in the open air. Tearing pain in one side of the head, and in the ear and teeth. Sick headache, from suppression of the menses or from menstrual or gastric disorder. Neuralgia, cases of long standing, pains of jerking type. Chlorosis, uncomplicated cases, scanty or absent menses.

Eyes and Ears.—Pressure in the eyes as from sand. Inflammation of the margin of the lids, with swelling. Obscuration

of the sight, wipes the eyes continually. Agglutination of the eye lids at night. Eyes full of mucus. Styes, particularly on the upper lid. Amaurosis, with suppressed menses. Conjunctivitis, evening exacerbations, neuralgic pains in eye ball. Ophthalmia neonatorum, and strumous ophthalmia, when discharge profuse and bland, and not photophobia.* Quivering lids with dazzling of sight.* Otagia, with darting, tearing pains, especially in children.* Hardness of hearing as if the ears were stopped up. Pus flows from the ears, especially after measles, chicken pox, etc.* Humming and tingling in the ears. Eustachian deafness, recent from catarrh.* Black wax in the ears. Deafness, from cold, having the hair cut, from suppressed measles.

Face.—Pale face, sunken eyes. Alternate redness and paleness of the face. Yellowish color of the face, feels hot with constant chilliness. Erysipelas of the face with stinging and subsequent peeling off of the skin.

Digestive System.—Toothache from cold, usually with earache, and chilliness. Toothache comes on after eating or taking anything warm in the mouth, relieved momentarily by cold water. The gums are painful as if sore. Bad smell from the mouth. Bad taste in the mouth in the morning. The tongue is covered with a tenacious mucus as with a kind of fur. Sensation in the middle of the tongue as if it were burnt and insensible. Taste as of putrid meat in the mouth, with inclination to vomit. Every kind of nourishment tastes bitter. Eructations taste of the food or bitter, bilious. Nausea and inclination to vomit. Absence of thirst. Vomiting after a meal. Morning sickness. Vomiting of greenish mucus, bilious or bloody substance. Stomach disordered from eating rich, fat food. Aching, drawing pain in the pit of the stomach after eating. Perceptible pulsations in the pit of the stomach. Distention of the abdomen after every meal. Painful sensitiveness of the abdominal walls. Acidity of the stomach, food tastes bitter.* Bilious dyspepsia from indigestible food, vomiting of bile and mucus. Gastralgia from indigestion, frequent loose evacuations. Heartburn, with diarrhoea and acidity.* Flatulent colic in hysteric females. Abdominal spasms, particularly

in pregnant women. Enteritis. Colic, with chilliness and rumbling of wind in the abdomen, especially in the evening. Constipation, hard, large stool, with painful pressing and pain in the back. Frequent loose stool of fæces and mucus, pure mucus, or mixed with blood, preceded by colic or pain in the back. Nightly diarrhœa, stools green, slimy, or watery. Diarrhœa after measles. Dysenteric stools of clear red, yellow, or green mucus, with or without severe aching pains and tenesmus. Soft acid stools toward morning. Very changeable character of the stools, no two alike. Dyspeptic diarrhœa, mucous discharges.*

Urinary and Sexual System.—Retention of urine. Tenesmus of the bladder, difficult emission of the urine drop by drop. Catarrh of the bladder. Frequent desire to urinate, with drawing in the abdomen, particularly in pregnant women. Incontinence of urine. Colorless, watery urine, with jelly-like sediment. Hæmaturia, with purulent sediment and pains in the kidneys. Gonorrhœal discharge resembling semen, with burning after urination. Purulent urine with nauseous smell and gastric disturbance. Inflammation and swelling of the testicles after a contusion or gonorrhœa.* Excessive sexual desire. Frequent erections. Emissions after onanism. Menses too late, too scanty, and too short, with pains in the abdomen.* Amenorrhœa, especially from cold.* Delayed and difficult first menstruation.* Uterine spasms, resembling labor pains. Suppression of the menses, with nausea. Menstrual blood thick and dark.* Dysmenorrhœa, pains so violent she tosses in every direction, with cries and tears; blood thick and dark.* Irregular labor pains. Malposition of the fœtus. Thin, acrid, or painless milky leucorrhœa, or with wandering pains, flatulence.* Suppression of the lochia. Ailments from weaning. Swelling of the breasts. Deficient secretion of milk.*

Respiratory System.—Ulceration of the wing of the nose. Hæmorrhage from the nose, with dry coryza. Green, fœtid discharge from the nose.* Coryza, with loss of taste and smell.* Sore throat, with sensation on swallowing as if the back part of the throat were too narrow, or closed by swelling. Throat painful as if raw. Ozæna.* Hoarseness and aphonia.

Dry night cough, going off when sitting up in bed. Continuous cough in the evening after lying down. Cough, with expectoration of yellow mucus, easier in the morning. Expectoration of dark, coagulated blood, or of greenish yellow, bitter, salty, or offensive mucus. Dry cough in the evening, better in the morning and in the air.* Dry hard cough, with retching. Whooping cough. Rattling breathing. Dyspnœa, when lying on the back at night. Spasmodic asthma.* Asthma at night as from vapors of sulphur. Constriction across the chest. Stitches in the side and chest. Acute suppuration of the lungs. Paroxysms of burning in the chest.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Aching pain in the back. Sticking pain in the nape of the neck. Drawing, tearing pains from the shoulders to the fingers.* Painful stiffness in the elbow and wrist joints as if sprained.* Hot, red swelling of the feet, with tensive burning pain. Erratic pains, rapidly shifting from one part to another, also with redness and swelling of the joint.* Pain as if bruised or ulcerated on touching the foot. Painful feeling of lameness in the ligaments. Heaviness of the whole body. Rheumatism, sub-acute cases, slight fever, shifting pains.* Myalgia, pains increased at night or at evening in bed.* Excessive debility and bruised feeling of the limbs.

Skin.—Burning itching here and there. Eruption, like chicken pox, from eating pork and fat things. Eruption like measles. Measles and secondary ailments. Erysipelas, with swelling, hardness, burning heat, stinging when touched or moving the parts. Cracking of the skin on wetting it. Suppurating wounds, pus thick, too profuse. Ulcers, bleeding easily. Chaffing of the skin in infants. Acne simplex. Chilblains, blue red, pricking pain, worse toward evening.

Fever.—Chilliness and trembling. Coldness predominates. Chilliness with the pains. Intermittent fever; long chill, little heat, thirst only during heat. Ague, with much gastric and bilious disturbance. One side of the body hot, the other cold. Dry heat at night in bed, with anguish, headache, sweat on face, chilliness when uncovering. Sweat during sleep, ceases on awaking. Pulse quick and small. Measles, for the catarrhal

condition, nasal and intestinal, and the ophthalmia.* Parotitis, with metastasis to testicles or mammæ.*

Sleep.—Yawning, drowsiness in the daytime. Sleeplessness, with restlessness at night. Sleep prevented by ideas crowding upon the mind. Wakeful all the early part of the night. Sleep full of dreams. Lies with the arms crossed over the abdomen or over the head, feet drawn up.

Generalities.—Adapted to ailments of women, or to individuals of a gentle, good naturedly mischievous disposition, who cry or laugh easily, phlegmatic temper, pale face, blue eyes, blonde hair. Disposition to catarrh, leucorrhœa, etc.* Ailments from eating pork or rich fat food, or from taking cold by exposure to wet. Bad effects from fright or mortification. Attacks of pain or other ailments, with chilliness, asthma, paleness of the face. Fainting, with cadaverous paleness of the face. Inflammation of internal organs, with tendency to suppuration. Hysterical complaints. Sub-acute inflammations of the eyes and ears, veins, synovial membranes, sexual organs, and digestive canal.

RHUS TOXICODENDRON.

The lower attenuations of rhus will be found to be indicated in rheumatism, paralysis, diseases of the eyes.

In the higher potencies it is adapted to eruptions and diseases of the skin, diarrhœa, dysentery.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Great restlessness, must change position often. Great anxiety towards evening, fears that he will die. Dread of the future, with want of confidence in himself. Desire to commit suicide. Inclined to weep and be alone. Mental derangement. Illusions of the fancy and visions. Delirium, with stupefaction of the mind. Impatient and vexed at every trifle, does not want to be talked to.

Brain and Nervous System.—Dullness of the head as if intoxicated while sitting, on rising dizziness as if one would fall. Vertigo, in the aged, worse when lying down, rising, turning, or stooping. When stooping, sensation as if a weight fell

forward in the forehead. When walking, sensation as if the brain were loose. Tearing, stitching pain, extending to the ears, root of the nose and jaw, with painfulness of the teeth and gums. Stupefying headache, with buzzing, formication and throbbing; face glistening and red. Convulsions, from bathing in cold water. Chorea. Sciatica, pain increased by repose, or lying on the painful side.*

Eyes and Ears.—Inflammation of the eyelids, with agglutination in the morning.* Swelling of the eyelids and adjacent parts of an erysipelatous character. Incipient amaurosis. Styes on the lower lid. Purulent ophthalmia.* Otagia, with painful beating in the ears at night. Discharge of bloody pus, with hardness of hearing. Swelling of the ears.

Face.—Pale, sunken face, blue rings around the eyes, pointed nose. Erysipelatous inflammation of the face. Vesicular erysipelas of the face, with burning, tingling, and stinging, the vesicles filled with yellow water. Eruptions on the face. Crusta lactea. Dry and parched lips, covered with reddish brown crusts. Pain about the articulation of the jaw.

Digestive System.—Tearing, stinging pain in the teeth, worse at night and in the open air. Dry mouth with much thirst. Tongue dry, red, and cracked. Tongue, with red tip, in the shape of a red triangle. Bitter taste in the mouth. Complete loss of appetite for any kind of food. Difficulty of swallowing solid food, as if the pharynx were contracted. Food tastes bitter, especially bread. Desire for oysters. Sudden vomiting while eating. Pressure in the pit of the stomach as if swollen. Violent throbbing in the stomach. Pain in the stomach, with nausea, from drinking ice water. Colic, compelling one to walk bent. Cramp-like contraction above the navel. Painful distention of the abdomen. Colic relieved by stool. Constant tenesmus, with nausea and tearing pains. Thin, red, or yellow mucous stools. Jelly-like mucous, or bloody stools. Dysentery, with nausea and colic. Diarrhœa, with colic at night, relieved by stool. Involuntary stool at night.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Dysuria, with discharge of drops of bloody urine, with tenesmus. Urine with snow white sediment. Incontinence of urine. Scanty urine, with much thirst.

Swelling of glans and prepuce. Humid eruption on scrotum. Derangement of the uterine functions from exposure to wet. Prolapsus uteri, and abortion from straining or over lifting. Metrorrhagia, with discharge of coagulated blood and labor like pains. The lochia is altered and diminished, with shootings upward in the vagina, and bursting feeling in the head. Flow of blood during pregnancy.

Respiratory System.—Bleeding from the nose, at night. Stoppage of the nose. Discharge of green fœtid mucus from the nose. Throat sore, as from internal swelling, with stinging on swallowing. Roughness of the throat, causing a short hacking cough. Short, dry, tickling cough, in the evening, before midnight. Violent cough, which seems as if it would tear something out of the chest. Putting the hand out of bed brings on a cough. Cough with expectoration of bright red blood. Cough, with expectoration of blood, acrid pus or grayish mucus. Coldness in the larynx when inhaling. Stitches in the chest and side, worse at rest. Dyspnœa, from pressure in the stomach.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Pain in the small of the back as if bruised, relieved by lying on something hard or on motion.* Pain between the shoulders when swallowing.* Stiffness of the neck.* Curvature of dorsal vertebræ. Tearing, burning in the shoulder, with numbness and lameness of the arm.* Paralysis of the arm, with coldness and insensibility.* Tearing in all the joints of the fingers. Coxalgia, pain as if sprained in the joints. Sprained feeling in the joints. Rheumatism, with drawing, tearing pains, with or without swelling, and redness, worse in damp weather and when at rest.* Bruised pain in different parts, as if the flesh had been detached by blows.* Bad consequences from straining or spraining parts.* Twitching of the limbs and muscles. Rheumatism, adynamic fever, great restlessness, tendons implicated.* Lumbago, from getting wet.* Chronic rheumatism, stiffness rather than tenderness.* Creeping numbness in left arm and leg.*

Skin and Glandular System.—Small burning vesicles with redness of the skin, over the body. Burning, itching eruptions, with swelling of the parts, and small yellow vesicles,

which run together and become moist. Confluent pustules, containing a milky or watery fluid. Herpetic eruptions alternating with pains in the chest, and dysenteric stools. Nettle rash, with burning itching. Eruptions appearing every winter. Eruptions, burning after scratching. Warts, disfiguring the whole skin. Eczema. Zona. Erysipelas, with more burning than itching, and exudation of serous fluid forming blisters. Tinea capitis, every year. Tinea capitis, eating away the hair, with nightly itching and pus, sometimes of a greenish color or with crusts. Acne rosacea around the mouth and skin. Crusta lactea, with thick crusts, and secretion of a fœtid bloody ichor. Extensive, but superficial burns. Erythema nodosum. Parotitis, after scarlet fever. Inflammation, swelling, induration and supuration of glands.

Fever.—Sticking pain about the heart, with painful lameness and numbness of the left arm. Violent palpitation of the heart, while at rest. Extreme coldness of the hands and feet. Very sensitive to the cold, open air. Chilliness, as from cold water being poured over one, or as if the blood were running cold in the veins. Chilliness, with paroxysms of pain, and other symptoms, mostly in the evening. Fever in the evening, with diarrhœa. Heat, as from hot water being poured over one, or as if from hot water running through the veins. Pulse slow and irregular. Intermittent fever, paroxysms come on about 7 P. M. Sweat during the pains. Sweat when sitting, frequently with trembling. Typhoid fever; tongue dry and brown, sordes on the teeth, great weakness; powerlessness of the lower limbs, can hardly draw them up, great restlessness after midnight, moves often to get relief.* Scarlatina, with typhoid symptoms.* Varicella, the principal remedy.

Sleep.—Violent and spasmodic yawning. Sleeplessness, especially before midnight. Lies on his back.

Generalities.—Affections of the ligaments, tendons and synovial membranes. Rheumatic or arthritic affections.* Ailments from cold bathing, exposure to wet, straining or over lifting.* Nervous inflammation of internal organs. Sensation in internal organs as if something were being torn off. Paralysis.* Languor, with constant disposition to be sitting or lying.* Sudden par-

oxysms of fainting. Pain in the bones as if scraped with a knife.* Aggravation from rest, in damp weather, from atmospheric changes.* Strumous glandular affections.*

Ruta Graveolens.

In the lower attenuations ruta is stimulant, narcotic, anti-spasmodic and emmenagogue, and is curative in flatulent colic, especially in children, infantile convulsions, hysteria, epilepsy, diseases of the eye.

In the higher potencies it is alterative, and adapted to gastro-enteric irritation with nausea, vomiting, colic, fever, delirium; and to diseases of the skin.

Specific Indications.

Mental Symptoms.—Peevish and out of humor. Melancholy, delirium, revelry, stupor. Frequent absence of thought. Dullness of the head.

Brain and Nervous System.—Violent vertigo. Stitching, drawing pain, extending from the frontal to the temporal bone. Headache, as from a nail driven into the brain. Headache, after excessive use of intoxicating liquors. Head externally painful, as if bruised or beaten. Epilepsy.*

Eyes and Ears.—Pains in the eyes from exerting them too much.* Spasms of the eyelids.* Weakness of the eyes, from straining them, over reading, fine sewing.* Incipient amaurosis, from exerting the eyes too much, with mistiness of sight, and complete darkness at a distance.* Red or green circle around the light.* Dimness of vision from functional disturbance.* Bruised pain in the cartilages of the eyes.

Face.—Gnawing pains in the bones of the face. Erysipelas in the forehead.

Digestive System.—Pain in the lower teeth. Gums painful, bleed easily. Inflammation and swelling of the tongue. Spasm of the tongue, with difficulty of speech. Thirst, chiefly in the afternoon. Sudden nausea, while eating, with vomiting. Frequent hiccough. Cardialgia, after eating bread or raw and indigestible food. Eructations of hysteric females. Foul eructations after meat. Flatulent colic, in children.* Gnaw-

ing pain in the stomach. Aching gnawing in the region of the liver. Painful swelling of the spleen. Gnawing about the umbilicus. Scanty hard stool, almost like sheep's dung. Difficult expulsion of stool. Mucous diarrhœa, alternating with constipation. Prolapsus ani after every stool, hard or soft.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Frequent urging to urinate with scanty emission, urine green.* Constant pressure on the bladder. Involuntary discharge of urine at night, or during the day while walking. Constant pressure on the bladder. Menses too early and too copious. Amenorrhœa, from functional inactivity.* Corrosive leucorrhœa after the menses.

Respiratory System.—Bleeding from the nose. Expectoration of thick yellow mucus, with feeling of weakness in the chest. Dyspnœa from oppressive fullness of the chest. Stitches in the chest which arrest the breathing. Painful spot on the sternum when touched.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Bruised pain in the back, with paralytic weakness. Stitches in the small of the back when walking or stooping. Intense pain, as if sprained in the shoulder joint. Pains in the bones of the wrist and hands, as if bruised. Pain in the bones of the hips as from a bruise or fall. Tendon of the knee feels as if shortened. Periosteum of the head, from temple to occiput pains as if bruised.* Bone pains burning and gnawing in the periosteum. Contusions of bones.* Bruises of the skin covering bones.* Pain extending from the coccyx to the sacrum, as if caused by a blow.

Skin.—Chafing of the skin, in children, or from riding. Warts, with sore pains. Inflammation of the skin, with peeling off of the epidermis.

Fever.—Coldness descending along the spinal column. Chill with heat in the face and intense thirst. Frequent flushes of heat. Great debility with stupor, pulse feeble, small and slow, coldness of the skin.

Sleep.—Yawning, excessive drowsiness after a meal.

Generalities.—Mechanical injuries of bones and periosteum. Lameness after sprains, particularly of wrists and ankles.* Pains are worst during rest, and in damp cold weather.

SABINA.

In the lower attenuation sabina is stimulant, with specific action on the uterus. It stimulates strongly not only the arterial and venous systems, but also the absorbents, the serous, the fibrous, and mucous membrane and the skin. In the lower potency it is adapted to passive conditions of the uterus, with hæmorrhage, atony of the uterus, amenorrhœa, sterility and in chronic rheumatism.

In the higher potency it is curative in menorrhagia, from uterine congestion, metrorrhagia, abortion, post partum hæmorrhage, dysuria.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Hypochondriacal. Lowness of spirits. Irritability of temper. Hysteria. Music is intolerable.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo, especially in the morning, fears she will fall, every thing turns black before the eyes. Pressure and dullness in the head, especially the forehead. Frontal headache, pushing down into the eyes, as if they would be pushed out, worse in the morning on rising, better in the open air. Headache in the right temple, appearing suddenly, disappearing slowly.

Eyes and Ears.—Tensive pain in the eyes. Pain in the eyes, and discharge of smarting water.

Face.—Pale face with blue margins around the eyes. Black pores in face and nose. Paralytic pain in the region of the malar bone.

Digestive System.—Drawing pain in the teeth, when chewing. Violent toothache at night in bed. Swelling of the gums. Bitter taste in the mouth. Desire for acids and lemonade. Nausea, vomiting of bile or of undigested food. Severe stitches from the stomach through to the back. Writhing and pinching pain about the umbilicus. Bloating of the abdomen. Labor like pains in the abdomen. Soreness of abdominal muscles. Diarrhœa, with emission of much flatulence. Frequent liquid and slimy stools, or of bloody mucus. Bleeding hæmorrhoidal tumor, especially painful in the morning.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Violent urging with scanty uri-

nation. Retention of urine with burning and emission drop by drop. Painful inflammation of the urethra with purulent discharge. Cartilaginous swelling of the penis. Increased sexual desire. Menses too early and too profuse, menstrual blood, partly fluid and partly clotted. Menorrhagia, enlarged, relaxed and passively congested uterus.* Amenorrhœa from atony of the uterus.* Acute inflammation of the womb, especially with rectal and vesical irritation. Menses very profuse and debilitating.* Arterial congestion, tendency to hæmorrhage. Post partum hæmorrhage, plethoric cases, with habitual menorrhagia. Thick, yellowish, ichorous fœtid leucorrhœa.* Pains running from sacrum to pubes. Stitches deep in the vagina.

Respiratory System.—Dryness of the throat, with sensation of swelling. Tickling and crawling in the larynx, exciting a cough. Dry and hacking cough with blood streaked mucus. Tensive pain and pressure in the sternum.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Paralytic pain in the small of the back.* Stiffness and swelling of wrist joint.* Lancinating in all the joints.* Drawing pain through long bones.*

Sleep.—Wakeful after midnight, with heat and sweat.

Fever.—Frequent shuddering. Pulse unequal or quick, strong and hard. Chilliness with obscuration of sight and sleepiness. Violent burning heat of the whole body, with restlessness.

Generalities.—Chronic ailments of women. Red, shining swelling of affected parts. Symptoms all relieved in open air. Abortion about the third month. Twitching pulsation in the blood vessels.

SANGUINARIA CANADENSIS.

In the lower attenuation, sanguinaria is expectorant, sudorific, antiseptic, tonic, and stimulant and is curative in incipient phthisis, bronchitis, pneumonia, asthma, croup, diphtheria, putrid sore throat, dyspnœa, jaundice, dysentery, amenorrhœa, rheumatism and rheumatic gout.

In the higher potencies it is indicated in hectic fever, headache, acute and chronic coryza, catarrhal ophthalmia, granular lids, gastritis, dyspepsia.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Extreme moroseness. Irritability.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo, with long continued nausea, debility and headache. Vertigo with nausea and headache, followed by spasmodic vomiting. Congestion to the head, with distention of the temporal veins. Headache as if the forehead would split, with chill and burning in the stomach. Headache begins in the occiput, spreads upwards and settles over the right eye, with nausea and vomiting, has to be in the dark and lie perfectly still. Soreness in spots, especially in the temporal regions. Pain like a flash of lightning on the back part of the head. The attacks occur paroxysmally, one week or longer apart. The pains begin in the morning, increase during the day and last till evening, ending in vomiting or sleep. Bilious sick headache from derangement of the stomach.* Headaches, occurring during the climacteric. Neuralgia in and over the right eye. Hysteria, from chronic hepatitis. Paralysis of the right side.*

Eyes and Ears.—Glimmering before the eyes. Catarrhal ophthalmia. Dimness of the eyes, with feeling of hairs in them. Senile cataract. Burning of the ears with redness of the cheeks. Pains in the ears with headache.

Face.—Circumscribed red spots on the cheeks.

Digestive System.—Stiffness in the jaws. Toothache in hollow teeth. Salivation and looseness of the teeth. Toothache from picking. Stiffness of the jaws. Dryness of the lips. Tongue feels as if burned, or sore, pains like a boil. White coated tongue, with loss of appetite. Indefinite craving for some kind of food. Constant nausea. Heartburn and nausea. Nausea, with pyalism, and constant spitting. Violent eructations. Loss of appetite and periodic nausea. Nausea with headache, chill, fever. Vomiting, preceded by anxiety. Vomiting of bitter water, of bile, of worms, with craving for food. Bitter vomiting with headache. Soreness in the stomach, worse from eating. Burning in the stomach. Inflammation of the stomach. Severe and continual pain in the hypochondria, vertigo and debility. Torpor and atony of the liver.* Hot streaming from the breast to the abdomen, followed by

diarrhœa. Paroxysmal pain in the abdomen. Flatulent distention of the abdomen. Indurations in the abdomen, Colic, with torpor of the liver.* Inflammation of the liver.* Ineffectual urging to stool, thin vomiting. Diarrhœac stool with much flatulence. With the diarrhœa, termination of the coryza, catarrh, or pains in the chest. Undigested stools. Dysentery.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Frequent and copious urination at night. Menses too early, blood is black. Abortion, uterine hæmorrhage. Amenorrhœa.* Escape of flatus from the uterus, with dilated os. Flashes of heat at the climacteric. Stitches in the mammæ.

Respiratory System.—Nasal polypus. Loss of smell. Fluid coryza, with frequent sneezing. Influenza. Coryza, rawness in the throat, pain in the breast, cough and finally diarrhœa. Chronic nasal catarrh, with stinging tickling sensation, irritative swelling with or without free discharge.* Ozæna.* Ulcerated sore throat.* Heat in the throat relieved by breathing cold air. Constriction in the throat on swallowing. Chronic dryness of the throat, with sensation as if swollen and expectoration of thick mucus. Aphonia with swelling in the throat. Continual severe cough, without expectoration, with pain in the breast and circumscribed redness of the cheeks. Tormenting cough, with expectoration. Cough, waking from sleep, ceasing on sitting erect and passing flatus up and down. Severe dry cough, tickling in the throat, pain beneath the sternum, myalgic pains in the chest. Chronic bronchial or laryngeal dry coughs, with diarrhœa. Membranous croup, prevents extension, recurrence, and predisposition.* Diphtheria.* Whooping cough. Asthma. Pulmonary consumption, expectoration and breath very offensive.. Typhoid pneumonia, with very difficult respiration, cheeks and hands livid, pulse full, soft and vibrating, and easily compressed. Pain in the chest, periodic cough. Pneumonia (3rd stage), extreme dyspnœa, difficult speech, tenacious rusty sputa, pulse quick and small.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Pain in the back from lifting. Rheumatic pain in right arm and shoulder, worse at night in bed, or from motion.* Stiffness of finger joints. Stiffness of

the knees. Burning in the palms of the hands and soles of the feet, at night. Acute inflammatory and articular rheumatism.* Paralysis of the right side. Convulsive rigidity of the limbs. Rheumatic pain in places least covered with flesh. Pain flies from one place to another on touch.

Skin.—Heat and dryness of the skin. Itching and nettle rash before the nausea. Old indolent ulcers. Ill conditioned ulcers, with callous borders and ichorous discharge. Fungous excrescences.

Fever.—Chill and nausea. Sensation as if hot water were poured from the breast to the abdomen. Fever and delirium. Quickened circulation with vomiting. Hectic fever.

Sleep.—Wakes from sleep in a fright as if he would fall. Sleeplessness.

Generalities.—Great debility and weakness. Debility with vertigo, and pains in the hypochondrium. Hæmoptysis. Inter-mittent, marsh, or nervous fevers. Inflammation of the respiratory organs and bowels.

SECALE CORNUTUM.

In the lower potencies ergot is tonic and stimulant with specific power over the uterus, and is adapted to atonic conditions of the system, particularly of the uterus. Its principal use being to promote contraction of the uterus, and assist in parturition, in the expulsion of the placenta, sanguineous clots and polypi; to restrain uterine hæmorrhage, and in the suppression of leucorrhœa, and hæmorrhages from various organs.

In the higher attenuation ergot is alterative, sedative, anti-spasmodic and antiseptic and is adapted to chorea, tetanus, convulsions, mania, stupor, gangrene, diarrhœa.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Melancholy. Great and oppressive anxiety. Dread of death. Inclination for suicide. Mania, with inclination to bite. Stupor. Stupid, half sleepy state.

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo and stupefaction. Reeling and inability to stand erect. Dullness of the head, with cloudiness of hearing and sight. Hemicrania on the left side.

Feeling of lightness in the head, most in the occiput. Twitching of the head. Tingling of the limbs and head, followed by unconsciousness and deep sleep. Myelitis, muscular twitchings commencing in the face and extending over the body. Neuralgia of the stomach and viscera.* Paralysis of the bladder, with sensation as of but partial emptying. Spasmodic affections, numbness, tingling and formications, especially in nursing and pregnant women. Spinal irritation. Chorea, tetanus. Spasms and convulsions of the extremities.

Eyes and Ears.—Wild, staring look. Frightful contortion of the eyes, the pupils being contracted and sometimes entirely closed. Obscuration of the sight. Double vision. Mistiness and spots before the eyes. Amaurosis. Eyes lie deep in their sockets. Hardness of hearing, with humming and roaring in the ears.

Face.—Pale face, yellow complexion; sunken eyes, surrounded with blue circles. Redness of the face, with slight delirium. Spasmodic distortion of the face.

Digestive System.—Distortion of the mouth. Painful tingling of the tongue. Convulsions of the tongue. Bloody foam at the mouth. Grinding of the teeth. Paralysis of the tongue.* Yellowish, white, dry, viscid coating on the tongue. Blackish or brown coating on the tongue in fevers. Difficult, stuttering speech. Bitter, spoiled taste. Aversion to food. Violent thirst, canine hunger. Desire for acids. Continuous nausea. Vomiting of bile, or of black, pitchy slimy substance. Constant nausea and pressure in the pit of the stomach. Chronic vomiting of sour mucus, with offensive eructations. Gangrene of the stomach, lungs, and liver, preceded by inflammation. Violent colic, with convulsions, or with pain in the small of the back and thighs. Sensation of coldness in the abdomen. Burning in the abdomen, particularly in the region of the spleen and loins, a seated pain. Distention of the abdomen, with hardness, tension, and pain on touching the parts. Constipation, with frequent ineffectual urging. Painful diarrhœa, with great prostration. Fœtid, colliquative diarrhœa. Involuntary diarrhœa. Watery, mucous, brown, badly colored stools. Diarrhœa, after the cholera, par-

ticularly in children. Cholera like paroxysms. Sudden change of features, with deep sunken eyes, constant nausea and vomiting after taking the least food, frequent watery slimy evacuations, hoarse hollow voice, suppression of urine, cramp in the calves, paralysis of the upper extremities, scarcely perceptible pulse, unquenchable thirst. Offensive watery diarrhœa in child bed. Chronic dysentery.*

Urinary and Sexual System.—Suppression of the urine. Difficult urination, with constant urging in the bladder. Hæmorrhage from the urethra. Incontinence of urine from paralysis of the sphincter.* Paralysis of the bladder from over distention, sensation of the bladder being only imperfectly emptied.* Suppression of the menses when chlorotic and anæmic. Menses too profuse and too long.* Congestion of blood to the uterus. Discharge of blood during pregnancy. Hæmorrhage from the uterus, worse from the least motion.* Labor pains cease and instead twitching and convulsions. Abortion in the third month. Excessive uterine contractions so that the uterus seems as if it would burst. Inflammation of the uterus. Painful and protracted after pains. Suppression of the lochia.* Lochia lasts too long. Affections of pregnant and parturient females. Threatened abortion, severe spasmodic irregular pains. Cancer of the uterus. False uterine pains.* Hæmorrhage from uterine inertia.*

Respiratory System.—Bleeding of the nose, during fevers, weakness, blueness of the skin, cold sweat. Burning in the fauces. Violent tingling in the throat. Anxious moaning breath. Spitting of blood. Spasms of the pleura, with suffocative catarrh.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Tingling in the back, with numbness, extending to the tips of the fingers. Drawing and tearing pains in the limbs and joints. Burning in the hands and feet. Trembling of the limbs with pains. Numbness, insensibility and coldness of the limbs. Rigidity of the limbs. Paralysis. Gangrenous deadness and falling off of the limbs. Senile gangrene. Violent cramps in the calves.

Skin.—Dry and brittle skin. Lead colored appearance of the skin, the parts look dry and shrivelled. Formication.

Petechia. Bloody blisters on the extremities, becoming gangrenous. Black suppurating blisters as if burnt.

Fever.—Violent palpitation of the heart, with contracted and frequently intermittent pulse. Violent chilliness, with shaking, afterwards burning heat, with unquenchable thirst. Slow, small and intermittent pulse. Cold, clammy sweat, most on the upper part of the body.

Sleep.—Painful twitching. Stupor. Somnolence, with delirium and starting.

Generalities.—Desquamation of the skin. Aneurism.* Suited to irritable, plethoric subjects, or to feeble, thin, scrawny cachectic women. Very old decrepit persons.

STRAMONIUM.

In the lower attenuation stramonium is anodyne and antispasmodic, and adapted to mania, delirium, particularly nymphomania, epilepsy, convulsions, neuralgia and entrodynia.

In the higher potencies it is indicated in paralytic conditions, vertigo, stupefaction, hydrocephalus, gastro-enteric derangement, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea, suppression of the secretions.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Indomitable rage. Great desire to bite. Alternations of convulsions and rage. Very changeable disposition. Loud laughing, alternating with vexed mood, and moaning. Desire for light and company. Loquacious delirium, disposed to talk continually. Imagines all sorts of things, that she is double, lying crosswise, etc. Does not notice objects around him. Stupefaction of the senses, and insensibility to external impressions. Insane, dances, gesticulates, breaks into laughter, sings. Religious mania. Talks with ghosts. Frightful fancies, his features show fright and terror, he imagines he is quite alone in a wilderness, abandoned, is afraid. Timid mania, in childbirth. Desire for light and company. Delirium tremens, with maniacal delirium, complete insomnia.* Acute mania, with furious rage, especially puerperal, and in nymphomania.* Puerperal mania, furious delirium, but intermittent, tendency to suicide or to destroy the child.*

Brain and Nervous System.—Staggering vertigo. Stupor of the head, with dimness of sight, loss of hearing and loss of consciousness. Vertigo, when walking in the dark, day or night, staggering and falling down on attempting to walk. Congestion of blood to the head, with pulsation in the vertex, with dark, red, turgid face. Congestive headache in morning, worse toward noon, gradually decreasing toward evening, pains terrible, fears going mad, would run or press the head against a wall. Jerking of the head up from the pillow and letting it fall back. Hydrocephalus, with convulsive motions of the head. Spasmodic drawing only in the head and eyes, with grinding of the teeth. Disagreeable sensation of lightness in the head. Epilepsy, recent from fright.* Hydrophobia, general nervous irritability and extreme delirium.* Convulsions, from fright, with tossing of the limbs, and involuntary evacuations of fæces and urine, awakens with a shrinking look, as if afraid of the first object seen. Spasms renewed from touch, light, or the sight of bright objects. St. Vitus' dance.* Epileptic attacks, with consciousness. Extreme degree of nervous erethism.

Eyes and Ears.—Dilated pupils. Staring, somnolent eyes. Sparkling, glistening eyes.* Burning in the eyes, with dimness of vision. Periodical blindness. Intolerance of the sun's light. Black spots before the eyes. Objects appear blue. Sense of wind rushing out of the ears. Deafness. Illusion of hearing.

Face.—Distorted face. Red, swollen face. Circumscribed redness of the cheeks.

Digestive System.—Grinding of the teeth. Yellow stripe in the red part of the lip. Dryness of the mouth, with thirst for large quantities. Fear of water, and aversion to all fluids. Bloody froth at the mouth. Tenacious ptialism. Paralysis of the tongue. Constant bitterness in the mouth. All food tastes like straw. Violent hiccough. Vomiting of green bile or sour mucus. Bilious vomiting, after least motion, even setting up in bed. Anxiety about the pit of the stomach. Hard, bloated abdomen. Abdomen painful to touch. Colic, as if the navel were pulled out. Hysterical spasms in the abdomen.

Writhing pain in the bowels previous to every evacuation. A blackish, diarrhœac stool every hour. Discharge of coagulated blood from the uterus.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Suppression of the urine. Profuse involuntary emissions of urine. Diuresis, with shuddering and rumbling in the abdomen. Menses too profuse, blood, black and clotted. Metrorrhagia. Body smells offensive during the menses. Galactorrhœa. Increased sexual desire.

Respiratory System.—Spasmodic sneezing. Difficult swallowing from dryness of the throat. Spasmodic constriction of the œsophagus. Voice hoarse and rough, or high and shrill, without modulation. Stuttering. Paralysis of the organs of speech. Periodical attacks of painless barking, without expectoration. Sighing breathing. Spasms of the pectoral muscles, particularly in hysteric females. Oppression of the chest, with difficult breathing.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Drawing pains in the small of the back. Spasmodic rigidity of the lower limbs. Convulsive motions of the arms over the head. Falls over his own legs. Spasmodic movements of the limbs.

Skin.—Red rash on the chest and back, pale in the morning, redder and more extensive in the afternoon. Anasarca after scarlatina, with typhoid fever.

Fever.—Tremulous, weak, irregular pulse. Strong, full, frequent pulse. Chilliness over the whole body. Cold hands and feet, with hot face. Fever every day after noon. Gastric fever, with jerking of the arms and fingers. Typhus fever after scarlet or purple rash. Typhoid remittent fever. Intermittent fever. Sleep during hot stage, thirst on awaking. Greasy, oily, putrid smelling perspiration. Profuse sweat, with colic. Measles, with delirium. Scarlet fever, with nervous erethism, convulsions, etc.

Sleep.—Deep, stupefied sleep, with snoring. Lies on the back, with open, staring eyes. Awakens from sleep with a shrinking look as if afraid of the first object seen. Sleep interrupted by screams. Frightful visions during sleep.

Generalities.—Painlessness with most ailments. Suppression

of all secretions and excretions. Suppressed eruptions and consequences from it. Loss of voluntary motion and of the senses. Stiffness of the whole body. Paralyzed limbs, after apoplexy. Spasms of children. Suited to children or young plethoric persons.

VERATRUM ALBUM.

In the lower potencies veratrum promotes secretion from the mucous surfaces, the salivary glands, kidneys, uterus, and the skin. Its principal uses have been in affections of the nervous system, as melancholia, mania, and epilepsy.

In the higher attenuations it is tonic and stimulant, and is adapted to gastro-enteric irritation, with inflammation, violent nausea and vomiting, with great prostration, diarrhœa and conditions of great prostration, with coldness.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Melancholy. Troubles from imaginary evils. Ailments following injured pride or honor. Tired of life, but fear of death. Insanity, desire to cut things. Refusal to talk. Does not recognize his friends. Mania, with marked anguish of mind.*

Brain and Nervous System.—Vertigo, with cold sweat of the forehead; with loss of vision, sudden fainting, Dizziness, as if nothing in the head were firm. Sick headache, in which diuresis forms a crisis. Headache; nausea, vomiting, pale face, stiff neck, profuse urination. Sensation as if the brain were torn to pieces. Violent pains drive to despair, great prostration. Neuralgia in the head, with sunken features, indigestion. Icy coldness of the forehead. Nervous headache at each menstrual period. Coldness on the vertex. Paroxysms of pain in various parts of the brain, as if bruised.* Sciatica, pains like electric flashes, chiefly at night or early morning.* Infantile convulsions. Cataleptic fit, with lock jaw, loss of sensation and motion.

Eyes and Ears.—Fixed, watery, lustreless, sunken eyes. Paralysis of the eyelids. Hemeralopia, commencing at twilight. Blindness at night. Deafness.

Face.—Cold, disfigured face, as of a dead person, with

pointed nose and sunken cheeks, blue margin round the eyes. Dark, red, hot face. Copper red eruption on the face, around the mouth and chin. Dry, black, and parched lips. Spasms of the muscles of the face when eating.

Digestive System.—Lock jaw. Toothache, with headache and red, swollen face. Froth at the mouth, and discharge of mucus. Inflammation of the buccal cavity. Dry, blackish, and cracked tongue. Cold and withered tongue. Burning in the mouth and throat. Desire for fruit and acid things. Pappy, putrid taste. Voracious and canine hunger. Unquenchable thirst, particularly for cold drinks. Constant flow of saliva from the mouth, like water brash. Intense nausea before breakfast. Vomiting of food, of acid, bitter, foamy, white or yellow-green mucus. Vomiting of black bile and blood. Nausea and vomiting from least motion or drinking. Vomiting and diarrhœa after the least food. Vomiting, with diarrhœa and great prostration. Gastralgia, pain after food, cold hands and face. Cutting in the abdomen as from knives, or burning as from hot coals. Sensation as if the bowels were tied up in knots. Terrible colic, with cold sweat on forehead. Great sinking and empty feeling in the abdomen. Flatulent colic, with loud rumbling, affecting the bowels and whole abdomen. Constipation, owing to the hardness and size of the fæces. Chronic constipation from inactivity of the bowels, particularly of infants.* Greenish, watery, flocculent, or brownish, blackish, diarrhœa. Unnoticed stool on passing flatus. Asiatic cholera, with rice water discharges and violent vomiting, extreme thirst for large quantities of cold water, cramps in the calves. Involuntary stool after fright. Cholera infantum; watery discharges in gushes, vomiting and tenesmus.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Frequent, scanty emissions of dark red urine. Greenish urine. Suppression of the urine.* Bright's disease of the kidneys. Diuresis, with profuse coryza. Menses too early and too profuse. Dysmenorrhœa, with vomiting and purging, or exhausting diarrhœa, with cold sweat. Suppression of the lochia or milk, with delirium. Nymphomania of lying-in females. Puerperal fever, with thin, watery diarrhœa.

Respiratory System.—Icy coldness of the nose. Smell of smoke or manure before the nose in hysterical persons. Painful dryness of the nose. Frequent, violent sneezing. Stammering. Speechlessness. Burning in the throat. Spasmodic constriction of the throat. Paroxysms of constriction of the larynx, suffocative fits, with protruded eyes. Cough, with slight expectoration, from tickling in the lower part of the bronchial tubes. Spasmodic cough, with blue face, profuse expectoration, suffocation, and involuntary emissions of urine. Deep, hollow cough, as if coming from the abdomen, with yellow, tough, bitter, or salt expectoration only during the day. Whooping cough, child cries before it coughs. Cough every spring or fall. Stitches in the sides of the chest, especially when coughing.

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Weakness of the muscles of the neck, they are unable to support the head. Bruised pain in the back. Icy coldness, blueness of the hands and feet. Tingling in the hands, as if they had gone to sleep. Paralytic feeling in the hip joints, making walking difficult. Violent cramps in the calves. Paralytic pain in the limbs as after excessive fatigue.

Skin.—Cutaneous eruption, resembling itch, dry, with nightly itching. Skin discolored, cold. Loss of elasticity, skin shrivels up.

Fever.—Palpitation of the heart, with anxiety, and hurried, audible breathing. Violent, visible anxious palpitation of the heart. Pulse irregular, generally small and thread like, or imperceptible. Coldness predominates. Coldness of the whole body, with cold, clammy sweats. Great inequality in the division of animal heat. Blood runs cold through the veins. Intermittent fever, chill early in the morning, or in the forenoon, external coldness, nausea, heat, with delirium, red face; sweat, without thirst. Typhoid fever, with great prostration, cold sweating, coma, vomiting and watery diarrhœa. Cold, sour, or putrid sweats, often staining the linen yellow. Sweat, with deathly paleness of the face.

Sleep.—Coma vigil. Long uninterrupted sleep. Quiet sleep, with thirst and diuresis.

Generalities.—Adapted to lean, choleric, or melancholy persons; children. Young people and women of sanguine or sanguine nervous temperament; also people who are habitually cold and deficient in vital reaction. Sudden sinking of strength. Attacks of fainting from least exertion. Shocks in the limbs, as from electricity. Violent tonic spasms, palms of the hands and soles of the feet drawn inward. Attacks of pain causing delirium, mania. Rheumatic pain, worse from heat of the bed. Marked exhaustion from complaints, cough, stool, etc., with cold sweat on forehead.

VERATRUM VIRIDE.

In the lower attenuation veratrum viride is anti-pyretic and sedative, and is adapted to the cure of inflammatory states with high temperature and sthenic reaction, hard, full, quick, bounding pulse, acute inflammations of different organs and tissues, congestion of the brain, cerebro-spinal meningitis, first stage of pneumonia, convulsions, tonic spasms, chorea, congestive dysmenorrhœa, metritis, ovaritis, acute rheumatism, measles, scarlatina and variola.

In the higher attenuation it is a stimulant and cardiac tonic, and adapted to anæmic conditions with deficient action of the heart, hydrocephaloid condition, amaurosis from anæmia, cardiac failure, later stages of pneumonia, clonic spasms, with muscular weakness, weak pulse.

SPECIFIC INDICATIONS.

Mental Symptoms.—Depression of spirits. Acute mania, with full, hard pulse.* Mental confusion.

Brain and Nervous System.—Utter prostration of the function of the brain.* Intense cerebral congestion, feeling as though the head would burst open, with nausea and vomiting.* Great pain, with fullness of the head, face flushed, burning in the head, spots before the eyes.* Fullness of the head, throbbing arteries, increased sensitiveness to sound.* Cerebral congestions, from plethora, vascular irritation, sunstroke, alcoholic stimulants, irritation of teething, etc.* Chorea, with cerebral irritation.* Neuralgia, from cold. Puerperal convulsions.* Tonic spasms, tendency to opisthotonos, always with rigidity.

Clonic spasms, general or local, without rigidity, with muscular weakness, weak pulse.

Eyes.—Amaurosis, from anæmia. Dimness of sight.

Face.—Cold, bluish face, covered with cold perspiration. Convulsive twitchings of the facial muscles, mouth drawn down at one corner.

Digestive System.—Flat, bitter taste. Copious secretion of saliva. The tongue feels as if it had been scalded. Excessive gastric irritability. Burning and spasm of the œsophagus, with rising of frothy, bloody mucus in the mouth. Cardialgia and gastralgia. The stomach seems to press upon the spine when lying upon the back. Hiccough before and after vomiting. Vomiting of bile and blood. Violent, prolonged vomiting, and hiccough with globus hystericus; empty painful retching, with ejection of a little bloody, frothy mucus. Cutting, aching pains in the umbilical region, with rumbling in the bowels and desire for stool. Soft mushy stool.

Urinary and Sexual System.—Increased secretion of pale urine. Orchitis.* Ovaritis.* Acute puerperal metritis.* Puerperal peritonitis, with high fever.* Acute mastitis, with great tumefaction, high febrile action.* Congestive dysmenorrhœa. Scanty menses, in plethoric females.* Violent menstrual colic previous to the discharge.

Respiratory System.—Sensation as of a heavy load on the chest. Oppression of the chest. Constant burning distress in the cardiac region. First stage of pneumonia.* Later stages of pneumonia (high). Labored breathing, violent paroxysms of spasmodic asthma. Acute bronchitis, vomiting, dry, hard cough, diarrhœa. Pleurisy, in stage of irritative congestion, full, hard, bounding pulse.*

Fibrous and Osseous System.—Prostration of the muscular system and muscular rheumatism. Pain renewed by damp, cold weather. Rheumatic arthritis.* Acute rheumatism.*

Skin.—Vesicular erysipelas, with cerebral disturbance.*

Fever.—Cardiac debility, with diarrhœa, faintness and collapse. Feeble, irregular, scarcely perceptible pulse. Fluttering sensation in the heart. Hypertrophy of the heart, with dilatation.* Aneurism, to control arterial excitement and favor

deposition of fibrin.* Palpitation of the heart from debility. Chilliness, with nausea. Coldness of the whole body, with cold perspiration, especially upon the hands, feet and face. Pulse full, hard, bounding, incompressible.* Ephemeral, irritative, typhoid, or remittent fevers, tongue yellow at sides with red streaks, erethism of brain and spinal cord.* Febrile stage of measles, threatened inflammation of the lungs, or convulsions.* Puerperal fever, early stage, chill, with pain and tenderness.* Scarlatina, arterial excitement, cerebral congestion.* Variola, intense fever, excessive pain and restlessness.*

Sleep.—Sound sleep with frightful dreams. Dreams of being drowned.

Generalities.—Adapted to full blooded, plethoric persons. Congestion and perversion of function in all organs supplied by the pneumo-gastric nerve. Allays pain and hyperæsthesia. Walking brings on blindness and faintness. Faintness after rising from recumbent position. Weakness and inability to move the muscles. Congestion and inflammation of the brain.* Sudden spasms of children, with nausea and prostration.

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